Project Final Report by Snehitha Mamidi for Comp 851 Spring 2021

GitHub Link:

https://github.com/Snehitha98/COMP851-Final-Project.git

Project Topic:

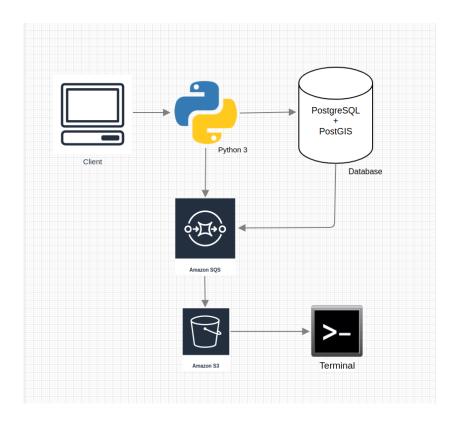
I have chosen the second part for the project.

Data Stream 2

The PTWC Widgets will be deployed into the field and communicate their GPS position. In order to prepare field operations, we will need to establish a database which can determine the proximity of Widgets to county and township locations where field operators may be stationed, or sent. In order to do this, we must deploy a GIS database, called PostGIS and ingest the city lat / long positions. In addition, we must notify and record the ingest of these positions in preparation for the location of the field operators and Widget positions. We must do so using the AWS SQS, and SNS/ SES interfaces in order to send the notifications and emails, and finally deposit log entries on s3.

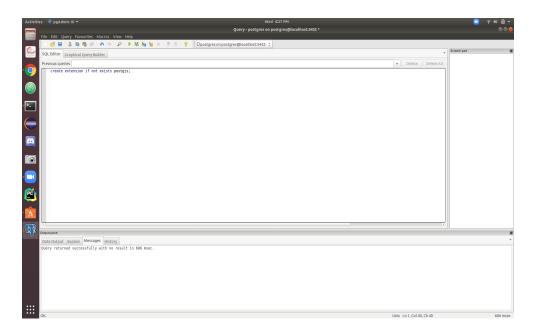
I implemented using Python, version 3.

Design of the solution using draw.io:



Implementation of the project using PostGres GUI:

Step 1: Create PostGIS Extension

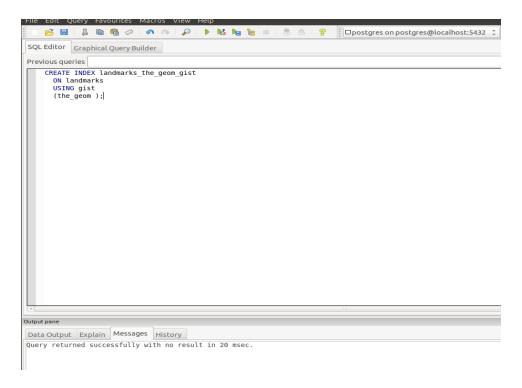


Step 2: Create the table in the database

```
CREATE TABLE landmarks

(in character varying(5) NOT NULL, name character varying(50), address character varying(10), landmark character varying(10), landmark
```

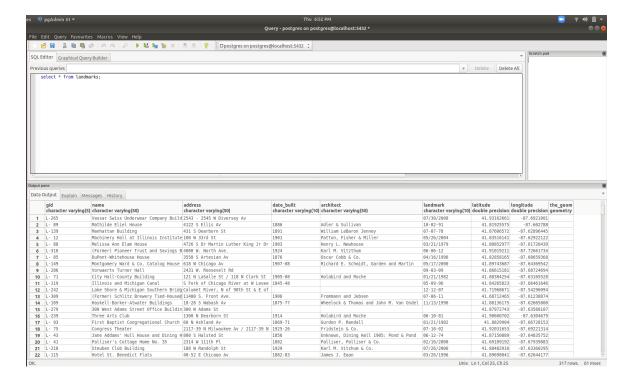
Step 3: Create Index



Step 4: Copy the CSV data into the database



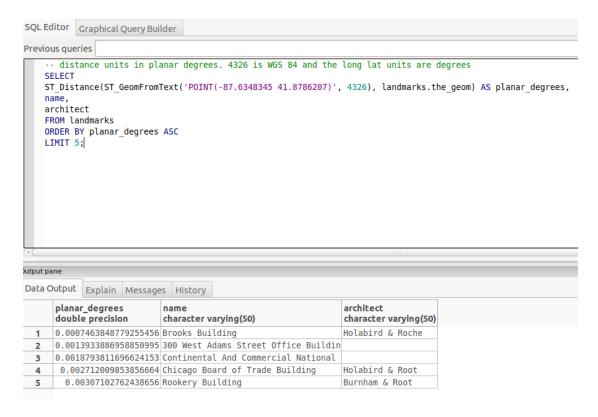
Below is the screenshot of the csv data imported:



Step 5: Translate latitude and longitude into PostGIS POINT geometry



Step 6: Write a PostGIS query to display the closest 5 landmarks for the given latitude and longitude



Implementation of the project using Python3:

```
# connecting to postgis
   connection = psycopg2.connect(user="postgres",
                                  password="CT13root",
                                  host="localhost")
  connection.set isolation level(ISOLATION LEVEL AUTOCOMMIT);
  cursor = connection.cursor()
  # create database
  cursor.execute("drop database if exists pwtc;")
  create database = """create database pwtc;"""
   cursor.execute(create database)
  connection.commit()
  # create extension postgis if not exists
  create extension query = """create extension if not exists
postgis;"""
   cursor.execute(create extension query)
  connection.commit()
  # Create the table landmarks in the database
  create tables landmarks = """ CREATE TABLE landmarks
 gid character varying(5) NOT NULL,
 name character varying(50),
 address character varying(50),
 date built character varying(10),
 architect character varying(50),
 landmark character varying(10),
 latitude double precision,
 longitude double precision,
 the geom geometry,
 CONSTRAINT landmarks pkey PRIMARY KEY (gid),
 CONSTRAINT enforce dims the geom CHECK (st ndims(the geom) = 2),
 CONSTRAINT enforce geotype geom CHECK (geometrytype(the geom) =
'POINT'::text OR the geom IS NULL),
 CONSTRAINT enforce srid the geom CHECK (st srid(the geom) = 4326)
);
```

```
cursor.execute(create tables landmarks)
   connection.commit()
   # create index
   create index landmarks = """ CREATE INDEX if not exists
landmarks_the_geom_gist ON landmarks USING gist (the geom )"""
   cursor.execute(create index landmarks)
   connection.commit()
   # Copy the CSV data into the database
   insert data = """ copy
landmarks(name,gid,address,date built,architect,landmark,latitude,lon
gitude) FROM '/home/administrator/Desktop/Individual Landmarks.csv'
DELIMITERS ',' CSV HEADER """
   cursor.execute(insert data)
   connection.commit()
   # sending insertion info to queue
   response =
queue.send message(MessageBody='Landmarks',MessageAttributes={
      'Insertion':{
         'StringValue':'Data Uploaded Successfully!!!',
         'DataType':'String'
         }})
   queue = sqs.get queue by name(QueueName='sm1552 pwtc')
   # Translate latitude and longitude into POINT geometry
   update table = """UPDATE landmarks SET the geom =
ST GeomFromText('POINT(' || longitude || ' ' || latitude || ')',4326)
   cursor.execute(update table)
   connection.commit()
   # This query returns the 5 closest landmarks to a given latitude
and longitude
   select_statement = """SELECT distinct
ST_Distance(ST_GeomFromText('POINT(-87.6348345 41.8786207)', 4326),
```

```
landmarks.the geom) AS planar degrees,
name,
architect, latitude, longitude
FROM landmarks
ORDER BY planar degrees ASC
LIMIT 5 """
   count = 1
   cursor.execute(select statement)
   connection.commit()
   location details=[]
   records = cursor.fetchall()
   print("\n")
   print(f'5 closest landmarks to the latitude -87.6348345 and
longitude 41.8786207')
   for row in records:
      print("\n")
      print("Location " + str(count))
       print("----")
       print("Planar Degrees : " + str(row[0]))
       print("Name : " + str(row[1]))
       print("Architect : " + str(row[2]))
       print("Latitude : "+ str(row[3]))
       print("Longitude : "+ str(row[4]))
       count +=1
       location details.append(str(row[0]))
       location details.append(str(row[1]))
       location details.append(str(row[2]))
       location details.append(str(row[3]))
       location details.append(str(row[4]))
   # sending location data to the queue
   response =
queue.send message(MessageBody='Landmarks', MessageAttributes={
      'Locations':{
         'StringValue':",".join(location details),
         'DataType':'String'
         }})
```

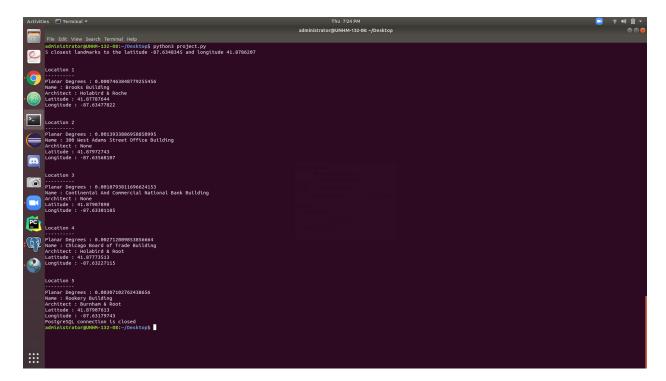
```
connection.commit()

except (Exception, psycopg2.Error) as error :
    if(connection):
        print(error)

finally:
    # closing database connection.
    if(connection):
        cursor.close()
        connection.close()
        print("\n")
        print("PostgreSQL connection is closed")
```

Output:

1. Displaying 5 closest landmarks to a given latitude and longitude



2. Processing messages from queues:

```
import boto3
sqs = boto3.resource('sqs')
# Get the queue
queue = sqs.get queue by name(QueueName='sm1552 pwtc')
for message in
queue.receive messages(MessageAttributeNames=['Insertion']):
    # Get the custom author message attribute if it was set
    author text = ''
    if message.message_attributes is not None:
        author name =
message.message_attributes.get('Insertion').get('StringValue')
        if author name:
            author text = '(\{\emptyset\})'.format(author name)
    # Print out the body and author (if set)
    print('{0}'.format(author text))
print("Nearest Five Locations are : \n")
# Process messages by printing out body and optional author name
for message in
queue.receive_messages(MessageAttributeNames=['Locations']):
    # Get the custom author message attribute if it was set
    author text = ''
    if message.message_attributes is not None:
        author name =
message.message_attributes.get('Locations').get('StringValue')
        if author name:
            author_text = ' ({0})'.format(author_name)
    # Print out the body and author (if set)
    print('{0}'.format(author text))
```

Output:

```
Indinistrator@UNHM-132-08:-/Desktop$ python3 conversion.py
(Data Uploaded Successfully!!)
(Data Uploaded Successfully!!)
(Bearest Five Locations are:

(Bearest Five Locations Building, None, 41.8778744, -87.63477822, Bearest Beare
```

Challenges:

After sending 5 locations to the queues, the locations are generated in a tuple and then I tried sending to the queue in list format. To achieve this I had issues, as we need to convert these lists into string to display as messages through queues.