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Opening prediction model (opening prediction and tech tree updating)

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1 Goal

The goal of this model is two-fold: keep an estimation of the enemy tech tree updated, and be able to have a distribution over (predict) her opening strategy/tech (closely related considering the opening). See also:

- CR 15-07-2010 (preliminary work)
- CR 05-11-2010 (first tech tree estimator model)
- CR 09-12-2010 (stable tech tree estimator model)
- http://forum-fr.com/viewtopic.php?f=56&t=5088 (Appendix on openings)

2 Variables

- $X \in [\emptyset, building_1, building_2, techtrees, ...]$ All the possible tech trees (see Example).
- $O_{i \in [\![1...N]\!]} \in \{0,1\}$ Have seen (observed) the given building (it can have been destroyed, it will stay "seen").
- $Op \in [opening_1 \dots opening_M]$ Various opening values (depending on the race).
- $\lambda \in \{0,1\}$ Coherence variable (restraining X to possible values w.r.t to $O_{1:N}$)
- $T \in [1 \dots P]$ Time in the game (for the moment 1 second timesteps).

3 Decomposition

4 Parameters

$$P(\lambda = 1|x, o_{1:N})$$
= 1 if x can exist with $o_{1:N}$
= 0 else

P(T|X, Op) Bell shapes (μ, σ^2) that will be learned from the replays (occurrences in games).

P(X|Op) Histograms, learned from the replays.

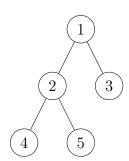
5 Questions

$$\begin{split} P(Searched|Known) &= \frac{\sum_{Free} P(Searched, Free, Known)}{P(Known)} \\ P(Op|T=t, O_{1:N} = o_{1:N}, \lambda = 1) \propto \frac{\sum_{X} P(Op).P(X|Op).P(o_{1:N}).P(\lambda|X, o_{1:N}).P(t|X, Op)}{P(o_{1:N}).P(\lambda).P(t)} \\ P(Op|T=t, O_{1:N} = o_{1:N}, \lambda = 1) \propto P(Op).P(o_{1:N}).\sum_{X} P(\lambda|X, o_{1:N}).P(X|Op).P(t|X, Op) \end{split}$$

A little less interesting (tech tree given observations, pondered with what we saw during the learning):

$$P(X|T = t, O_{1:N} = o_{1:N}, \lambda = 1)$$

6 Example of a tech tree



$$O_{1:5} \in \{T, F\}$$

 $X \in \{x1(\emptyset), x2(1), x3(1, 2), x4(1, 3), x5(1, 2, 3) \dots$

Bell shapes for P(T|X, Op)

With observation 5, only the tech trees containing 5 are possible, $P(\lambda = 1|X, o_5 = T) = 1$ for these X.