## Automata on Infinite Structure Fall 2018

## Exercice Sheet 7

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## Exercise 1

**Theorem.** PSPACE is closed under union, intersection and complement.

*Proof.* Assume  $L_1, L_2 \in \mathcal{PSPACE}$ , hence there exist TM  $M_1$  and  $M_2$  that are using polynomial space, such that  $M_1$  decides  $L_1$  in nondeterministic time  $O(n^k)$  and in polynomial space  $O(n^{k'})$ , and  $M_2$  decides  $L_2$  in nondeterministic time  $O(n^l)$  and in polynomial space  $O(n^{l'})$ . We show that

- 1. there exist a decider M in nondeterministic polynomial time and polynomial space such that  $L(M) = L_1 \cup L_2$ .
- 2. there exist a decider M in nondeterministic polynomial time and polynomial space such that  $L(M) = L_1 \cap L_2$ .

The constructions are standard ones.

- 1. Intersection: we run the word  $\omega$  on  $M_1$ , if  $M_1$  reject it, then M reject it too, else we run  $\omega$  on  $M_2$ , if  $M_2$  reject it, then M reject it too, else M accept  $\omega$ . Clearly, M is a poly-time nondeterministic decider and a poly-space decider for  $L_1 \cap L_2$ , for the input  $\omega$  of length n, the time complexity is  $O(n^{\max(k,l)})$  and the space complexity is  $O(n^{\max(k',l')})$ .
- 2. Union: we run the word  $\omega$  on  $M_1$ , if  $M_1$  accept it, then M accept it too, else we run  $\omega$  on  $M_2$ , if  $M_2$  accept it, then M accept it too, else M reject  $\omega$ . Clearly again, M is a poly-time nondeterministic decider and a poly-space decider for  $L_1 \cap L_2$ , for the input  $\omega$  of length n, the time complexity is  $O(n^{\max(k,l)})$  and the space complexity is  $O(n^{\max(k',l')})$ . We could also choose non-deterministically either  $M_1$  or  $M_2$  and use only the selected machine.

To prove that  $\mathcal{PSPACE}$  is closed under complement, we use the fact that every language  $L \in \mathcal{PSPACE}$  has a deterministic poly-space TM M, we can swap the accepting and non-accepting states in M in polynomial time and get a poly-space decider for  $\bar{L}$ , hence  $\bar{L} \in \mathcal{PSPACE}$ .

## Exercise 2

$$\begin{array}{c} w_1 \\ q_01010 \longrightarrow 1q_0010 \longrightarrow 10q_010 \longrightarrow 101q_00 \longrightarrow 1010q_0 \longrightarrow 101q_10 \longrightarrow 10q_111 \longrightarrow 101q_21 \\ \\ w_2 \\ q_00100 \longrightarrow 0q_0100 \longrightarrow 01q_000 \longrightarrow 010q_00 \longrightarrow 0100q_0 \longrightarrow 010q_10 \longrightarrow 01q_101 \longrightarrow 0q_1111 \longrightarrow 01q_211 \\ \end{array}$$