Big Data Infrastructures Fall 2018

Lab 01: SQL Review

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Exercice A

We use the following to create a new database:

```
CREATE DATABASE homework_1

WITH

OWNER = postgres

ENCODING = 'UTF8'

-- LC_COLLATE = 'French_Switzerland.1252'

-- LC_CTYPE = 'French_Switzerland.1252'

TABLESPACE = pg_default

CONNECTION LIMIT = -1;
```

Exercice B

We create the tables using the following queries:

Paper

```
CREATE TABLE Paper (
paperID integer primary key,
title char(255),
abstract text
);
```

Author

```
CREATE TABLE Author (
authorID integer primary key,
name char(255),
email char(255),
affiliation char(255)
);
```

Conference

```
CREATE TABLE Conference (

confID integer primary key,

name char(255),

ranking integer

);
```

Writes

```
CREATE TABLE Writes(
          authorID integer,
2
3
          paperID integer,
          PRIMARY KEY (authorID, paperID),
4
          {\tt CONSTRAINT\ fk\_writes\_author}
5
6
          REIGN KEY (authorID)
          FERENCES Author(authorID)
7
          DELETE CASCADE,
8
9
          CONSTRAINT fk_writes_paper
          REIGN KEY (paperID)
10
11
          FERENCES Paper(paperID)
          DELETE CASCADE
12
13
```

Submits

```
CREATE TABLE Submits(
1
          paperID integer,
2
3
          confID integer,
          isAccepted boolean,
4
5
          date date,
          PRIMARY KEY (paperID, confID),
6
          CONSTRAINT fk_submits_conf
7
          FOREIGN KEY (confID)
          REFERENCES Conference(confID)
9
          ON DELETE CASCADE,
10
11
          CONSTRAINT fk_submits_paper
          FOREIGN KEY (paperID)
12
13
          REFERENCES Paper(paperID)
14
          ON DELETE CASCADE
15
```

Cites

```
CREATE TABLE Cites(
1
          paperIDfrom integer,
2
3
          paperIDto integer,
          PRIMARY KEY (paperIDfrom, paperIDto),
4
          CONSTRAINT fk_cites_paperfrom
5
          FOREIGN KEY (paperIDfrom)
6
          REFERENCES Paper(paperID)
7
          ON DELETE CASCADE,
8
          CONSTRAINT fk_cites_paperto
          FOREIGN KEY (paperIDto)
10
11
          REFERENCES Paper(paperID)
12
          ON DELETE CASCADE
13
        );
```

Note: We put all of the foreign key to "ON DELETE CASCADE", because for example, for

the writes relation, if we delete a paper or an author, we have to delete also the writes row corresponding to this author.

Exercice C

In order to populate the database, we have written a Node.js application using knex. The following listings shows how we are doing it.

```
1
      // populate the paper table
      var faker = require('faker');
2
3
4
      let createRecord = (knex, id) => {
        return knex('paper').insert({
5
          paperid: id,
6
          title: faker.lorem.words(),
          abstract: faker.lorem.sentences(),
8
9
       })
10
11
12
      exports.seed = (knex, Promise) => {
        return knex('paper').del()
13
          .then(() => {
14
            let records = [];
15
16
17
            for (let i = 1; i < 40; i++) {
              records.push(createRecord(knex, i))
18
19
20
            return Promise.all(records);
21
          });
22
23
      };
```

```
// populate the author table
      var faker = require('faker');
2
3
      const AFFILATION = ['University of Fribourg', 'University of Bern', 'University of Neuchatel', 'EPFL',
4
      → 'HEIA', 'ETH'];
5
      let createRecord = (knex, id) => {
6
7
        return knex('author').insert({
          authorid: id,
8
          name: faker.name.firstName() + " " + faker.name.lastName(),
9
10
          email: faker.internet.email(),
11
          affiliation: AFFILATION[Math.floor(Math.random() * 6)],
12
      }
13
14
      exports.seed = (knex, Promise) => {
15
        return knex('author').del()
16
          .then(() => {
17
18
            let records = [];
19
            for (let i = 1; i < 15; i++) {
20
21
              records.push(createRecord(knex, i))
22
23
24
            return Promise.all(records);
          });
25
26
      };
```

```
1
      // populate the conference table
      var faker = require('faker');
2
3
      let createRecord = (knex, id) => {
4
5
       return knex('conference').insert({
6
          confid: id,
          name: faker.lorem.word().
7
          ranking: Math.floor(Math.random() * 11),
9
      }
10
11
      exports.seed = (knex, Promise) => {
12
        return knex('conference').del()
13
          .then(() => {
14
           let records = [];
15
16
            for (let i = 1; i < 15; i++) {
17
             records.push(createRecord(knex, i))
18
19
20
21
            return Promise.all(records);
22
          });
      };
23
```

```
var faker = require('faker');
1
2
      const primarykey_pair = [];
3
4
5
      let createRecord = (knex, id) => {
       const random = Math.floor(Math.random() * 14) + 1;
6
        primarykey_pair.push(random+","+id);
8
        return knex('writes').insert({
          authorid: random,
9
10
          paperid: id,
       })
11
      }
12
13
      let createRecordRandom = (knex, id) => {
14
15
        let authorid = Math.floor(Math.random() * 14) + 1;
        let paperid = Math.floor(Math.random() * 39) + 1;
16
        while (primarykey_pair.indexOf(authorid+","+paperid) > -1) {
17
18
          authorid = Math.floor(Math.random() * 14) + 1;
          paperid = Math.floor(Math.random() * 39) + 1;
19
        }
20
21
        primarykey_pair.push(authorid+","+paperid);
        return knex('writes').insert({
22
23
          authorid.
24
          paperid,
        })
25
      }
26
27
      exports.seed = (knex, Promise) => {
28
29
        return knex('writes').del()
          .then(() \Rightarrow {}
30
31
            let records = [];
32
            for (let i = 1; i < 40; i++) {
33
34
             records.push(createRecord(knex, i))
35
36
            for (let i = 1; i < 15; i++) {
37
              records.push(createRecordRandom(knex, i))
38
39
            return Promise.all(records);
40
          });
41
42
      };
```

```
1
      var faker = require('faker');
2
3
      const primarykey_pair = [];
4
      let createRecord = (knex, id) => {
5
        let paperid = Math.floor(Math.random() * 39) + 1;
6
        let confid = Math.floor(Math.random() * 14) + 1;
7
        while (primarykey_pair.indexOf(paperid+","+confid) > -1) {
9
          paperid = Math.floor(Math.random() * 39) + 1;
10
          confid = Math.floor(Math.random() * 14) + 1;
11
        {\tt primarykey\_pair.push(paperid+","+confid);}
12
13
        return knex('submits').insert({
14
          paperid,
          confid.
15
16
          isaccepted: faker.random.boolean(),
          date: faker.date.future(),
17
        })
18
      }
19
20
      exports.seed = (knex, Promise) => {
21
22
        return knex('submits').del()
          .then(() => {
23
24
            let records = [];
25
            for (let i = 1; i < 60; i++) {
26
27
              records.push(createRecord(knex, i))
28
29
            return Promise.all(records);
30
31
          });
32
      };
```

```
1
      var faker = require('faker');
2
      const primarykey_pair = [];
3
4
      let createRecord = (knex, id) => {
5
        let paperidfrom = Math.floor(Math.random() * 39) + 1;
6
        let paperidto = Math.floor(Math.random() * 39) + 1;
        while (primarykey_pair.indexOf(paperidfrom+","+paperidto) > -1) {
8
9
          paperidfrom = Math.floor(Math.random() * 39) + 1;
          paperidto = Math.floor(Math.random() * 39) + 1;
10
        }
11
12
        primarykey_pair.push(paperidfrom+","+paperidto);
        return knex('cites').insert({
13
14
          paperidfrom,
          paperidto,
15
        })
16
      }
17
18
      exports.seed = (knex, Promise) => {
19
20
        return knex('cites').del()
          .then(() \Rightarrow {}
21
22
            let records = [];
23
            for (let i = 1; i < 40; i++) {
24
25
              records.push(createRecord(knex, i))
26
27
28
            return Promise.all(records);
          });
29
      };
30
```

Exercice D

1)

```
select affiliation, count(*)
from author
group by affiliation;
```

2)

```
select p.abstract, a.authorId
from paper as p
inner join writes as w
on p.paperId = w.paperId
inner join author as a
on w.authorId = a.authorId
where a.authorId = 2;
```

3)

```
1
        create view PublishesIn1(authorID, confID) as
2
          select a.authorID, c.confID
            from author as a
3
4
            inner join writes as w
              on a.authorId = w.authorId
5
6
             inner join paper as p
              on w.paperId = p.paperId
7
             inner join submits as {\tt s}
8
              on p.paperId = s.paperId
             inner join conference as \ensuremath{\mathtt{c}}
10
              on s.confId = c.confId
11
             where s.isAccepted = true;
12
```

4)

```
select distinct(w.authorId)
from writes as w
inner join cites as c
on c.paperIdFrom = w.paperId
inner join writes as w2
on c.paperIdTo = w.paperId
where w.authorId = w2.authorId;
```

)

```
1
                select title
               from paper
where paperid in (
select paperId
from writes
where paperId in (
select paperid
from writes
where paperid
 2
 4
 5
 6
 7
 8
 9
                       where authorid = 2
10
                   group by paperId
having count(paperId) > 1
11
12
13
```