

Answer any one of the following questions:

- Consider the following two fuzzy sets, A and B, (written in standard Zadeh notation): Calculate the following: (10)  
Fuzzy sets: (i) NOT A (ii) A AND B (iii) Dilution (A) and (iv) Concentration (B)  
 $A = \{0.2, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.8, 0.7, 0.3\}$   
 $B = \{0.3, 0.7, 0.4, 0.2, 0.5, 0.8, 0.9\}$  OR
- A group of 5 students of CSE 401 have been found to be very good at problem solving with membership values  $\{0.3, 0.5, 0.3, 0.7, 0.8\}$  respectively. Estimate what would be membership values in order to represent them to be: (i) extremely good problem solver (ii) good problem solver and (iii) more or less good problem solver

Answer the question no-1

⊗ A and B without zadeh notation:

$$A = \{0.2, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.8, 0.7, 0.3\}$$

$$B = \{0.3, 0.7, 0.4, 0.2, 0.5, 0.8, 0.9\}$$

$$\text{(i) NOT } A = 1 - A$$

$$= \{0.8, 0.6, 0.5, 0.4, 0.2, 0.3, 0.7\}$$

$$(\text{NOT } A) \text{ AND } B = \min(\text{NOT } A, B)$$

$$= \{0.3, 0.6, 0.4, 0.2, 0.2, 0.3, 0.7\}$$

$$\text{(ii) } A \text{ OR } B = \max(A, B)$$

$$= \{0.3, 0.7, 0.5, 0.6, 0.8, 0.8, 0.9\}$$

$$\text{(iii) Dilution (A)} = A^{\frac{1}{n}} \quad [n = 7, A \text{ has 7 elements}]$$

$$= \{0.2^{\frac{1}{7}}, 0.4^{\frac{1}{7}}, 0.5^{\frac{1}{7}}, 0.6^{\frac{1}{7}}, 0.8^{\frac{1}{7}}, 0.7^{\frac{1}{7}}, 0.3^{\frac{1}{7}}\}$$

$$= \{0.8\}$$

$$= \{0.79, 0.87, 0.91, 0.93, 0.97, 0.95, 0.84\}$$

(iv) Concentration(B) =  $B^n$

$$= \{0.3^7, 0.7^7, 0.4^7, 0.2^7, 0.5^7, 0.8^7, 0.9^7\}$$

$$= \{0.0002187, 0.082354, 0.00164, 0.0000128, \\ 0.0078125, 0.2097, 0.4783\}$$

A.

Answer any one of the following questions:

- Consider the following two fuzzy sets, A and B, (written in standard Zadeh notation). Calculate the following [10]  
fuzzy sets: i) (NOT A) AND B ii) A OR B iii) Dilation (A) and iv) Concentration (B)  
 $A = \{0.2/1 + 0.4/2 + 0.5/3 + 0.6/4 + 0.8/5 + 0.7/6 + 0.3/7\}$   
 $B = \{0.3/1 + 0.7/2 + 0.4/3 + 0.2/4 + 0.5/5 + 0.8/6 + 0.9/7\}$  OR
- A group of 5 students of CSE 403 have been found to be very good at problem solving with membership [10]  
values: [0.3, 0.5, 0.3, 0.7, 0.8] respectively. Estimate what would be membership values in order to represent  
them to be: i) extremely good problem solver ii) good problem solver and iii) more or less good problem  
solver.

Ans to the Q.NO-2

Here, given,

$$\text{very good} = [0.3, 0.5, 0.3, 0.7, 0.8]$$

We know,

$$\text{good} = a$$

$$\text{very good} = a^2$$

$$\text{extremely good} = a^3$$

$$\text{more or less good} = a^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\text{Now, good} = \sqrt{\text{very good}}$$

$$= [\sqrt{0.3}, \sqrt{0.5}, \sqrt{0.3}, \sqrt{0.7}, \sqrt{0.8}]$$

$$= [0.5, 0.7, 0.5, 0.8, 0.9]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{i) Extremely good} &= (\text{good})^3 \\ &= [(0.5)^3, (0.7)^3, (0.5)^3, (0.8)^3, (0.9)^3] \\ &= [0.13, 0.34, 0.13, 0.51, 0.73] \end{aligned}$$

ii) From above we can see that,

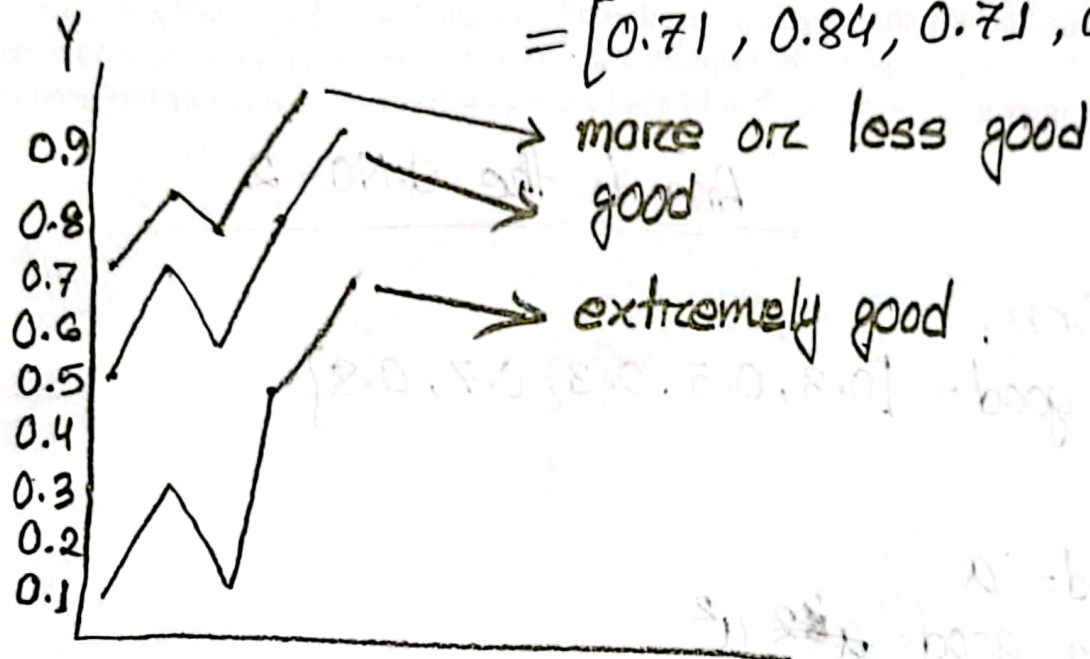
$$\text{good} = [0.5, 0.7, 0.5, 0.8, 0.9]$$

iii) more or less good  $= (\text{good})^{\frac{1}{2}}$

$$= [(0.5)^{\frac{1}{2}}, (0.7)^{\frac{1}{2}}, (0.5)^{\frac{1}{2}}, (0.8)^{\frac{1}{2}}, (0.9)^{\frac{1}{2}}]$$

$$= [\cancel{0.71}, \cancel{0.84}, \cancel{0.71}, \cancel{0.89}, \cancel{0.94}]$$

$$= [0.71, 0.84, 0.71, 0.89, 0.95]$$



From this graph, we can say,  $\times$   
 good to extremely good, it ~~be~~ decrease

$$[\text{Concentration}(\kappa^n) \Rightarrow a^3]$$

good to more or less good, it increase

$$[\text{Dilation}(\kappa^{\frac{1}{n}}) \Rightarrow a^{\frac{1}{2}}]$$



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fuzzy sets: i) (NOT A) AND B ii) A OR B iii) Dilation (A) and iv) Concentration (B)  
A = {0.2/1 + 0.4/2 + 0.5/3 + 0.6/4 + 0.8/5 + 0.7/6 + 0.3/7}  
B = {0.3/1 + 0.7/2 + 0.4/3 + 0.2/4 + 0.5/5 + 0.8/6 + 0.9/7} OR
- A group of 5 students of CSE 403 have been found to be very good at problem solving with membership values: [0.3, 0.5, 0.3, 0.7, 0.8] respectively. Estimate what would be membership values in order to represent them to be: i) extremely good problem solver ii) good problem solver and iii) more or less good problem solver.

Ans. To The Q. N-2.

given very good = [0.3, 0.5, 0.3, 0.7, 0.8]

Let,  
good = a  
very good =  $a^v$   
extremely good =  $a^3$   
more or less good =  $a^{1/2}$

$$\text{good}(a) = \sqrt{\text{very good}} \Rightarrow \sqrt{a^v}$$

$$\therefore \text{good}(a) = \left[ \sqrt{0.3} \quad \sqrt{0.5} \quad \sqrt{0.3} \quad \sqrt{0.7} \quad \sqrt{0.8} \right] \left[ \because \sqrt{a^v} = a \right]$$

$$\text{Extremely good } (a^3) = \left[ (0.3)^3 \quad (0.7)^3 \quad (0.5)^3 \quad (0.8)^3 \quad (0.9)^3 \right]$$

$$= \left[ 0.12 \quad 0.34 \quad 0.12 \quad 0.51 \quad 0.72 \right]$$

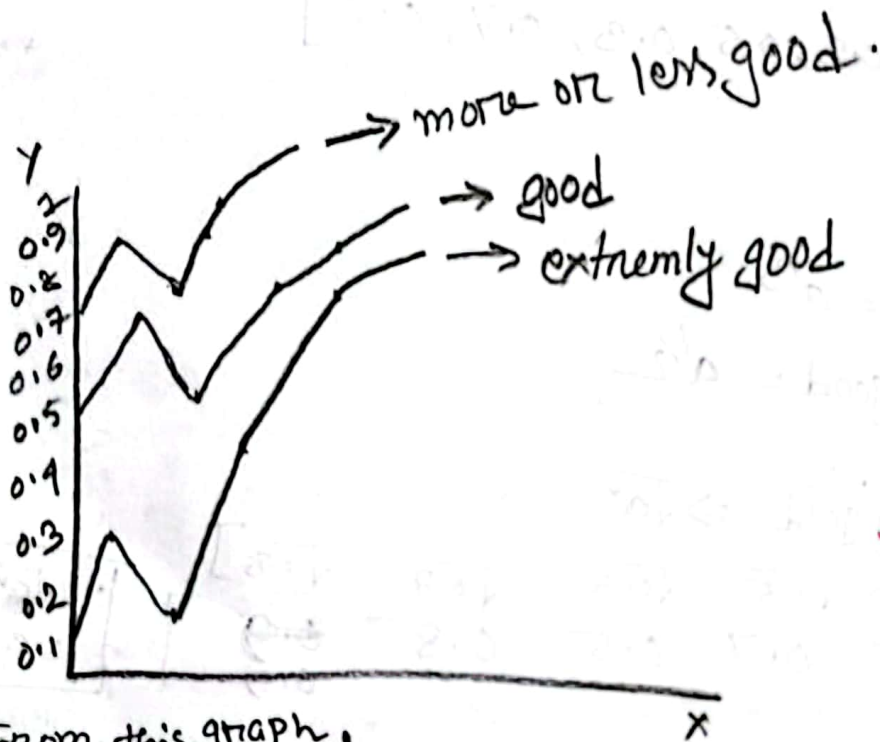
ii) good (a), from <sup>above</sup> ~~above~~ we found,

$$\text{good}(a) = [0.5 \quad 0.7 \quad 0.5 \quad 0.8 \quad 0.9]$$

iii) more or less good ( $a^{1/2}$ )

$$= [(0.5)^{1/2} \quad (0.7)^{1/2} \quad (0.5)^{1/2} \quad (0.8)^{1/2} \quad (0.9)^{1/2}]$$

$$= [0.70 \quad 0.83 \quad 0.70 \quad 0.89 \quad 0.94]$$



From this graph,

good to extremely good, it decrease. [concentration ( $x^n$ )  $\Rightarrow a^3$ ]

good to more or less good it increase [Dilution ( $x^{1/n}$ )  $\Rightarrow a^{1/2}$ ]