
Operand Selective Logic Gate Neural Network

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Abstract

1 Deep neural networks often lack modularity, interpretability, and computational
2 sparsity—properties that are intrinsic to logical systems. Logic gate-based neural
3 networks offer a promising direction by enabling discrete, symbolic computation,
4 but suffer from a critical limitation: they rely on fixed or random operand connec-
5 tivity, which restricts their flexibility and generalization. In this paper, we propose
6 Operand Selective Logic Gated Neural Networks (OSLGN), a novel architecture
7 that learns to select both operands and logical operations for each unit in the
8 network. We introduce a fully discrete operand selection mechanism based on
9 argmax and straight-through estimation (STE), allowing the model to dynamically
10 route information between units while preserving symbolic structure. Operator
11 selection is likewise handled discretely to maintain consistency between training
12 and inference. Our approach eliminates the need for post-training quantization and
13 enables efficient, interpretable computation. Experiments on MNIST confirm that
14 OSLGN can be trained end-to-end with discrete gates, providing initial evidence
15 of its feasibility and interpretability. Further evaluation on more complex tasks
16 remains as future work.

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