

Creating a static library

This example creates a static library `libAddSub.a`, which is a static library that has two functions

- `int add(int, int)` – adds to integers and returns the result
- `int sub(int a, int b)` -- subtract returns the result of $(a - b)$

We will use these functions in our own program called `testAddandSub.c`

1. Create `add.c`
2. Compile

```
gcc -g -c add.c # this creates a object file add.o
```

3. Create `sub.c`
4. Compile

```
gcc -g -c sub.c # this creates a object file sub.o
```

5. Now create an archive (a static library) containing the two object modules

```
ar rcs libAddSub.a add.o sub.o # this creates are static library
```

6. Create a header file to place our function prototypes in
`addSub.h`

7. Now use our static library in our own program `testAddandSub.c`
 - Create `testAddandSub.c`

8. Now to create your executable compile and link your program `testAddandSub.c` with our library `libAddSub.a`

```
gcc -g testAddandSub.c -o testAddandSub -L./ -lAddSub
```

Note:

`-lAddSub` --- that's a lower case L