

## Sorting

### Heapsort

- **Build a heap containing the  $n$  items** to be sorted (requires  $O(n \log n)$ )
- Remember that any binary tree can also be implemented with an array
  - (1) Nodes in tree stored in partially filled array called *data*
  - (2) Root node is in *data[0]*
  - (3) For node in *data[i]*, its left child is in *data[2i + 1]* and its right child is in *data[2i + 2]*
  - (4) For node in *data[i]*, its parent is in *data[(i - 1)/2]*
  - (5) *Used* and *capacity* of array are maintained
- **Call deleteRoot  $n$  times** (requires  $O(n \log n)$ )
- Therefore, heapsort requires  **$O(n \log n)$**

***...What if array is already in sorted order???***

***...What if array is already in descending sorted order???***

## Suggestions for HW #9

### Copy Constructor

- Constructor that has 1 parameter that is of the same type as the class
- The one parameter is usually declared with **const &**
- Called when:
  1. a class object is declared and initialized by another object of same type
  2. when a function returns a value of the class type
  3. whenever an argument of the class type is passed by value
- Not called when you set one object equal to another with =

```
HEAP::HEAP(const HEAP &source) { ... }
```

```
void CEmergencyMedicalClinicDlg::OnBnClickedButtonlistpatients( )
{
    if (UpdateData(true))
    {
        treatmentListComboBox.ResetContent( );
        HEAP tempHeap(patientHeap); // use copy constructor for heap
        while (! tempHeap.isEmpty( ))
        {
            ...
            treatmentListComboBox.AddString(rootEntry);
            tempHeap.deleteMaxNode( );
        }
        treatmentListComboBox.SetCurSel(0);
    }
    UpdateData(false);
}
```