# **Graphs**

- Nonlinear collection consisting of nodes and links
- Node is referred to as vertex, link (connecting 2 vertices) is called edge
- Even less "order" than a tree because there's no root, etc.
- Undirected graph: each edge connects 2 vertices with no direction
- **Directed graph**: each edge connects a source vertex to a target vertex
- Loop: edge that connects a vertex to itself
- Path: sequence of vertices such that each adjacent pair of vertices are connected by an edge (length of path is # edges)
- Cycle: path that begins and ends with same vertex
- Simple graph: no loops, no multiple edges
- Degree of vertex: in <u>undirected</u> graph it is # edges it is part of; in <u>directed</u> graph it is # edges coming into it (in-degree), or # edges going out of it (out-degree)

## **Implementations**

## Adjacency Matrix

bool A[n][n] where n = # vertices

A[i][i] = true if there is an edge from vertex i to vertex j; otherwise, false

### Adjacency List (a.k.a. Edge Lists)

NODE\* A[n] where n = # vertices

A[ i ] is linked list of all vertices with which vertex i has an edge

#### Which implementation is better to use depends on how often you'll be:

- Adding or removing edges
- Checking whether a particular edge is present
- Processing each edge for a particular source vertex

# **Traversals**

# **Depth-First Search (DFS)**

```
initialize visited[n] to false;
for each vertex v do
   if (visted[ v ] == false)
        DFS(v);

void DFS(vertex v) {
   visited[ v ] = true;
   for each neighbor w of v do
        if (visited[ w ] == false)
        DFS(w);
}
```

### **Breadth-First Search (BFS)**

```
initialize visited[n] to false;

for each vertex v do
    if (visted[ v ] == false)
        BFS(v);

void BFS(vertex v) {

    visited[ v ] = true;
    enqueue vertex v into rear of queue;
    while (queue is not empty) {
        dequeue vertex u from front of queue;
        for each neighbor w of u do
            if (visited[ w ] == false) {
                  visited[ w ] = true;
                  enqueue w into rear of queue;
            }
        }
     }
}
```