$$1. \ \overline{x} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i}{n}$$

2.
$$Z_{cal} = \frac{\overline{x} - \mu}{\sigma / \sqrt{n}}$$

3.
$$Z_{cal} = \frac{\overline{x} - \mu}{S/\sqrt{n}}$$

$$4. S = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x - \overline{x})^2}{n}}$$

5.
$$S = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \{ \sum_{i=1}^{n} x^2 - \frac{(\sum_{i=1}^{n} x)^2}{n} \}}$$

6.
$$t_{cal} = \frac{\overline{x} - \mu}{s / \sqrt{n}}$$

7.
$$s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x - \overline{x})^2}{n-1}}$$

8.
$$s = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n(n-1)}} \{ n \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_{i}^{2} - (\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_{i})^{2} \}$$

9.
$$\overline{x} - z_{\alpha/2} \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} < \mu < \overline{x} + z_{\alpha/2} \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$\textbf{10.}\overline{x} - t_{_{(\alpha/2,n\text{-}1)}} \frac{s}{\sqrt{n}} \leq \mu \leq \overline{x} + t_{_{(\alpha/2,\,n\text{-}1)}} \frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$\textbf{11.} \boldsymbol{\hat{p}} - \boldsymbol{z}_{_{\boldsymbol{\alpha}\!/2}} \, \sqrt{\frac{\widehat{p} \boldsymbol{\widehat{q}}}{n}}$$

13.
$$s_d = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (d - \overline{d})^2}{n-1}}$$

$$26.Z_{cal} = \frac{(\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2) - (\mu_1 - \mu_2)}{\sqrt{\frac{\sigma_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{\sigma_2^2}{n_2}}}$$

$$\mathbf{27.Z_{cal}} = \frac{(\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2) - (\mu_1 - \mu_2)}{\sqrt{\frac{S_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{S_2^2}{n_2}}}$$

$$\mathbf{28.t_{cal}} = \frac{(\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2) - (\mu_1 - \mu_2)}{s_p \sqrt{1/n_1 + 1/n_2}}$$

29.
$$s_p^2 = \frac{(n_1 - 1)s_1^2 + (n_2 - 1)s_2^2}{n_1 + n_2 - 2}$$

$$\mathbf{30.t_{cal}} = \frac{(\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2) - (\mu_1 - \mu_2)}{\sqrt{\frac{s_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{s_2^2}{n_2}}}$$

31.
$$v = \frac{(s_1^2/n_1 + s_2^2/n_2)^2}{[(s_1^2/n_1)^2/(n_1 - 1) + (s_2^2/n_2)^2/(n_2 - 1)]}$$

32.
$$\hat{p} = \frac{x}{n}$$

$$33.Z_{cal} = \frac{\widehat{p} - p_0}{\sqrt{\frac{p_0 q_0}{n}}}$$

$$34.Z_{cal} = \frac{(\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_2) - (p_1 - p_2)}{\sqrt{P_c q_c (\frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_2})}}$$

35.
$$p_c = \frac{x_1 + x_2}{n_1 + n_2}$$
 and $q_c = 1 - p_c$

36.
$$P(\mu - k\sigma < X < \mu + k\sigma) \ge 1 - \frac{1}{k^2}$$
 Or
$$P(|x - \mu| \le k\sigma) \ge 1 - \frac{1}{k^2}$$
 Or

$$P(|x - \mu| > k\sigma) \le \frac{1}{k^2}$$

Roll no-----

14.sd =
$$\sqrt{\frac{1}{n(n-1)}} \{ n \sum_{i=1}^{n} d^{2}_{i} - (\sum_{i=1}^{n} d_{i})^{2} \}$$

15.
$$d_i = x_{1i} - x_{2i} OR d_i = x_{2i} - x_{1i}$$

$$\mathbf{16.\overline{d}} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} d_i}{n}$$

$$\mathbf{17.n} = \left(\frac{\sigma z_{\alpha_2}}{e}\right)^2$$

$$\textbf{18.n} = \frac{\widehat{p}\widehat{q} \ z^2_{\alpha/2}}{e^2}$$

$$19.n = \frac{0.25 z^2_{\alpha/2}}{e^2}$$

20.n =
$$\frac{z^2_{\alpha/2}}{4e^2}$$

21.C.I =
$$(\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2) \pm z_{\omega 2} \sqrt{\frac{\sigma_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{\sigma_2^2}{n_2}}$$

22.C.I =
$$(\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2) \pm z_{\omega/2} \sqrt{\frac{S_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{S_2^2}{n_2}}$$

23.C.I =
$$(\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2) \pm t_{(\alpha/2, n_1 + n_2 - 2)} s_p \sqrt{\frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_2}}$$

24.C.I =
$$(\bar{x}_1 - \bar{x}_2) \pm t_{(\alpha/2, v)} \sqrt{\frac{s_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{s_2^2}{n_2}}$$

25.C.I =
$$(\hat{p}_1 - \hat{p}_2) \pm z_{\omega/2} \sqrt{\frac{\hat{p}_1 \hat{q}_1}{n_1} + \frac{\hat{p}_2 \hat{q}_2}{n_2}}$$

37.
$$g(x; p) = p q^{x-1}, x = 1, 2, 3, \cdots$$

38.
$$b^*(x; k, p) = {}_{x-1}C_{k-1} p^k q^{x-k}$$
, $x = k, k+1, k+2, ...$

39.
$$P(B) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} (A_i \cap B) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} P(A_i) P(B | A_i)$$

40.
$$P(A_i | B) = \frac{P(A_i)P(B|A_i)}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} P(A_i)P(B|A_i)}$$