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## **Coursera Capstone**

IBM Applied Data Science Capstone

### **Opening a New Shopping Mall in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia**

Submitted by

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September 2019

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# Business Problem

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- Location of the shopping mall is one of the most important decisions that will determine whether the mall will be a success or a failure
- Objective : To analyse and select the best locations in the city of Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia to open a new shopping mall
- This project is timely as the city is currently suffering from oversupply of shopping malls
- Business question: In the city of Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia, if a property developer is looking to open a new shopping mall, where would you recommend that they open it?

# Data

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- Data required

- List of neighbourhoods in Kuala Lumpur
- Latitude and longitude coordinates of the neighbourhoods
- Venue data, particularly data related to shopping malls

- Sources of data

- Wikipedia page for neighbourhoods  
([https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Category:Suburbs\\_in\\_Kuala\\_Lumpur](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Category:Suburbs_in_Kuala_Lumpur))
- Geocoder package for latitude and longitude coordinates
- Foursquare API for venue data

# Methodology

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- Web scraping Wikipedia page for neighbourhoods list
- Get latitude and longitude coordinates using Geocoder
- Use Foursquare API to get venue data
- Group data by neighbourhood and taking the mean of the frequency of occurrence of each venue category
- Filter venue category by ShoppingMall
- Perform clustering on the data by using k-means clustering
- Visualize the clusters in a map using Folium

# Results

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The results from the k-means clustering show that we can categorize the neighbourhoods into 3 clusters based on the frequency of occurrence for “Shopping Mall”:

- Cluster 0: Neighbourhoods with moderate number of shopping malls
- Cluster 1: Neighbourhoods with high concentration of shopping malls
- Cluster 2: Neighbourhoods with low number to no existence of shopping malls

# Discussion

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Most of the shopping malls are concentrated in the central area of the city

- Highest number in cluster 1 and moderate number in cluster 0
- Cluster 2 has very low number to no shopping mall in the neighbourhoods
- Oversupply of shopping malls mostly happened in the central area of the city, with the suburb area still have very few shopping malls

# Recommendations

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- Open new shopping malls in neighbourhoods in cluster 2 with little to no competition
- Can also open in neighbourhoods in cluster 0 with moderate competition if have unique selling propositions to stand out from the competition
- Avoid neighbourhoods in cluster 1, already high concentration of shopping malls and intense competition

# Conclusion

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- Answer to business question: The neighbourhoods in cluster 2 are the most preferred locations to open a new shopping mall
- Findings of this project will help the relevant stakeholders to capitalize on the opportunities on high potential locations while avoiding overcrowded areas in their decisions to open a new shopping mall



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THANK YOU

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