

GitHub Link: <https://github.com/SoeWunna29/-Machine-Learning---ChatGPT-Use-ChatGPT-to-create-customer-support-website.git>

web_based_interface.py file

```
from flask import Flask, render_template, request
import openai
import os

# Set up OpenAI API credentials
openai.api_key = os.environ["OPENAI_API_KEY"]

# Set up Flask app
app = Flask(__name__)

# Define route for home page
@app.route('/')
def home():
    return render_template('index.html')

# Define route for chat API
@app.route('/chat', methods=['POST'])
def chat():
    # Get user's message from POST request
    message = request.form['message']

    # Call OpenAI API to generate response
    response = openai.Completion.create(
        engine="davinci",
        prompt=message,
        max_tokens=60,
        n=1,
        stop=None,
        temperature=0.5
    )

    # Extract text from response and return it
    text = response.choices[0].text.strip()
    return text

if __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run(debug=True)
```

homepage_template.html file

```
<!doctype html>
<html>
  <head>
    <title>Chat with ChatGPT</title>
  </head>
  <body>
    <h1>Chat with ChatGPT</h1>
    <form id="chat-form">
      <input type="text" name="message" id="chat-input">
      <button type="submit">Send</button>
    </form>
    <div id="chat-output"></div>
    <script>
      const chatForm = document.getElementById('chat-
form');
      const chatInput = document.getElementById('chat-
input');
      const chatOutput = document.getElementById('chat-
output');

      chatForm.addEventListener('submit', async (event)
=> {
        event.preventDefault();
        const response = await fetch('/chat', {
          method: 'POST',
          headers: {
            'Content-Type': 'application/x-www-form-
urlencoded'
          },
          body: new URLSearchParams(new
FormData(chatForm))
        });
        const text = await response.text();
        chatInput.value = '';
        chatOutput.innerHTML += '<p>You: ' +
event.target.elements.message.value + '</p>';
        chatOutput.innerHTML += '<p>ChatGPT: ' + text +
'</p>';
      });
    </script>
```

```
</body>  
</html>
```

Jupyter Notebook File

```
# python -m venv env  
#  
# source env/bin/activate  
#  
# pip install -r requirements.txt  
  
def remove_newlines(serie):  
    serie = serie.str.replace('\n', ' ')  
    serie = serie.str.replace('\n', ' ')  
    serie = serie.str.replace(' ', ' ')  
    serie = serie.str.replace(' ', ' ')  
    return serie  
  
import pandas as pd  
  
# Create a list to store the text files  
texts=[]  
  
# Get all the text files in the text directory  
for file in os.listdir("text/" + domain + "/"):  
  
    # Open the file and read the text  
    with open("text/" + domain + "/" + file, "r",  
encoding="UTF-8") as f:  
        text = f.read()  
  
        # Omit the first 11 lines and the last 4 lines,  
        then replace -, _, and #update with spaces.  
        texts.append((file[11:-4].replace('-', '  
' ).replace('_', ' ').replace('#update', ''), text))  
  
# Create a dataframe from the list of texts  
df = pd.DataFrame(texts, columns = ['fname', 'text'])  
  
# Set the text column to be the raw text with the  
newlines removed
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df['text'] = df.fname + ". " + remove_newlines(df.text)
df.to_csv('processed/scraped.csv')
df.head()

import tiktoken

# Load the cl100k_base tokenizer which is designed to
work with the ada-002 model
tokenizer = tiktoken.get_encoding("cl100k_base")

df = pd.read_csv('processed/scraped.csv', index_col=0)
df.columns = ['title', 'text']

# Tokenize the text and save the number of tokens to a
new column
df['n_tokens'] = df.text.apply(lambda x:
len(tokenizer.encode(x)))

# Visualize the distribution of the number of tokens per
row using a histogram
df.n_tokens.hist()

max_tokens = 500

# Function to split the text into chunks of a maximum
number of tokens
def split_into_many(text, max_tokens=max_tokens):
    # Split the text into sentences
    sentences = text.split('. ')

    # Get the number of tokens for each sentence
    n_tokens = [len(tokenizer.encode(" " + sentence)) for
sentence in sentences]

    chunks = []
    tokens_so_far = 0
    chunk = []

    # Loop through the sentences and tokens joined
together in a tuple
    for sentence, token in zip(sentences, n_tokens):
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        # If the number of tokens so far plus the number
of tokens in the current sentence is greater
        # than the max number of tokens, then add the
chunk to the list of chunks and reset
        # the chunk and tokens so far
        if tokens_so_far + token > max_tokens:
            chunks.append(". ".join(chunk) + ".")
            chunk = []
            tokens_so_far = 0

        # If the number of tokens in the current sentence
is greater than the max number of
        # tokens, go to the next sentence
        if token > max_tokens:
            continue

        # Otherwise, add the sentence to the chunk and
add the number of tokens to the total
        chunk.append(sentence)
        tokens_so_far += token + 1

    return chunks

shortened = []

# Loop through the dataframe
for row in df.iterrows():

    # If the text is None, go to the next row
    if row[1]['text'] is None:
        continue

    # If the number of tokens is greater than the max
number of tokens, split the text into chunks
    if row[1]['n_tokens'] > max_tokens:
        shortened += split_into_many(row[1]['text'])

    # Otherwise, add the text to the list of shortened
texts
    else:
```

```
shortened.append(row[1]['text'])

df = pd.DataFrame(shortened, columns = ['text'])
df['n_tokens'] = df.text.apply(lambda x:
len(tokenizer.encode(x)))
df.n_tokens.hist()

import openai

df['embeddings'] = df.text.apply(lambda x:
openai.Embedding.create(input=x, engine='text-embedding-
ada-002')['data'][0]['embedding'])

df.to_csv('processed/embeddings.csv')
df.head()

import numpy as np
from openai.embeddings_utils import
distances_from_embeddings

df=pd.read_csv('processed/embeddings.csv', index_col=0)
df['embeddings'] =
df['embeddings'].apply(eval).apply(np.array)

df.head()

def create_context(
    question, df, max_len=1800, size="ada"
):
    """
    Create a context for a question by finding the most
    similar context from the dataframe
    """

    # Get the embeddings for the question
    q_embeddings =
openai.Embedding.create(input=question, engine='text-
embedding-ada-002')['data'][0]['embedding']

    # Get the distances from the embeddings
    df['distances'] =
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distances_from_embeddings(q_embeddings,
df['embeddings'].values, distance_metric='cosine')

    returns = []
    cur_len = 0

    # Sort by distance and add the text to the context
    until the context is too long
    for i, row in df.sort_values('distances',
ascending=True).iterrows():

        # Add the length of the text to the current
length
        cur_len += row['n_tokens'] + 4

        # If the context is too long, break
        if cur_len > max_len:
            break

        # Else add it to the text that is being returned
        returns.append(row["text"])

    # Return the context
    return "\n\n###\n\n".join(returns)

def answer_question(
    df,
    model="text-davinci-003",
    question="Am I allowed to publish model outputs to
Twitter, without a human review?",
    max_len=1800,
    size="ada",
    debug=False,
    max_tokens=150,
    stop_sequence=None
):
    """
    Answer a question based on the most similar context
    from the dataframe texts
    """
    context = create_context(
        question,
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        df,
        max_len=max_len,
        size=size,
    )
    # If debug, print the raw model response
    if debug:
        print("Context:\n" + context)
        print("\n\n")

    try:
        # Create a completions using the question and
context
        response = openai.Completion.create(
            prompt=f"Answer the question based on the
context below, and if the question can't be answered
based on the context, say \"I don't know\"\n\nContext:
{context}\n\n--\n\nQuestion: {question}\nAnswer:",
            temperature=0,
            max_tokens=max_tokens,
            top_p=1,
            frequency_penalty=0,
            presence_penalty=0,
            stop=stop_sequence,
            model=model,
        )
        return response["choices"][0]["text"].strip()
    except Exception as e:
        print(e)
        return ""

answer_question(df, question="What day is it?",
debug=False)

answer_question(df, question="What is our newest
embeddings model?")

answer_question(df, question="What is ChatGPT?")

"I don't know."

'The newest embeddings model is text-embedding-ada-002.'
```



```
'ChatGPT is a model trained to interact in a  
conversational way. It is able to answer followup  
questions, admit its mistakes, challenge incorrect  
premises, and reject inappropriate requests.'
```