

Lesson =+- Notes

These notes follow no particular order, since they follow the things as they come up in the lesson.

Numbers and calculations

_	yī	one
=	ér	two
Ξ	sān	three
四	sì	four
五	wŭ	five
六	liù	six
七	qī	seven
八	bā	eight
九	jiŭ	nine
+	shí	ten
百	băi	hundred
万	wàn	ten thousand
等于	děngyú	equals, to equal (to distinguish between $+$ and 是)
减	jiǎn	minus

加 jiā plus

乘 chéng times

七十减六十九等于二十一

qī shí jiǎn liù shí jiǔ děngyú ér shí yī

六乘七等于四十二

liù chéng qí děngyú sì shí ér

Where do you live?

You can ask this question in several ways of course, two of which are described below. The second is more commonplace.

你在那人住?

nǐ zài năr zhù?

你家在那人?

nǐ jiā zài năr?

家 can mean family, but also home.

Words

多 duō many

少 shǎo few

班 bān class

巧克力 qiǎokèlì chocolate

Sentences

我们家有只两口人。

wŏmen jiā yŏu zhĭ liǎng kŏu rén.

你有没有兄弟姐妹吗?

nǐ yǒu mèi yǒu xiōngdì jiěmèi ma?

你爸爸, 妈妈做什么工作?

nǐ bàba, māma zuò shénme gōngzuò?

我爸爸是医生, 妈妈是老师, 你爸爸妈妈呢?

wǒ bàba shì yīsheng, māma shì lǎoshī, nǐ bàba māma ma?

我爸爸是律师, 妈妈在找工作。

wǒ bàba shì lushī, māma zài zhǎo gōngzuò. (找, to search)

我们学院不太大。

wŏmen xuéyuàn bù tài dà.

我们学院有很多个系。

wŏmen xuéyuàn yŏu hěn duā ge xì.

我当然喜欢。

wŏ dāngrán xǐhuan.

你们系的外国老师多吗?

nĭmen xì de wàiguó lǎoshī duō ma?

Words from the extra text with lesson eight.

看书	kānshū	read books
念书	niànshū	study
天天	tiāntiān	every day
池	chí	pond
同学	tóngxué	classmate
听	tīng	listen
古	gŭ	old
经济	jīngjì	economics
玩人	wánr	to play, amusing

李 lǐ Surname Li

进来 jìnlái to come in

上海 Shànghǎi Shanghai

话 huà dialect

普通话 pǔtōnghuà Mandarin

意思 yìsi interesting

年前 niánqián ...years ago

历史 lìshǐ history

病 bìng sickness

看病 kān bìng see a doctor, see a patient (can be used both

ways)