

## CIT Assignment 3 – Network

This assignment concerns the development of a network service using the CJTP – CIT JSON Transport Protocol. The protocol is defined below. The task is to create a network service that provides the functionality defined by the CJTP. There are some similarities between the service to implement and a web server providing a web service; the primary difference is the protocol used to define requests and responses.

### How and when to hand in

Submit a 1-2 page document that includes the following information:

- List the members of your group.
- Provide the URL to a GitHub repository where the source code can be found.
- Include a table or a screenshot from your testing environment showing the status of running all tests in the test suite attached to this assignment.
- Please upload the document to Moodle under "Assignment 3" no later than October 7 at 23:55.

### Important

Submit one submission from your group, preferably from one of the members, but ensure that you include ALL NAMES of participants in your group at the top of the file (as mentioned above).

## Assignment Overview

This assignment consists of two main parts:

### 1. Tool Setup

Prepare and configure all necessary tools and components required for the project.

### 2. Web Server Development

Build a lightweight web server capable of handling HTTP requests and responding according to a defined specification.

The goal is to implement a functional server that interprets incoming requests, validates them, and returns appropriate responses based on the protocol rules.

### Testing the Assignment

The assignment is accompanied by two test suites, each corresponding to one part of the project:

- Part I – Unit Tests

These tests verify the correctness of all classes and functionalities developed in the first part, including data handling, request validation, and path parsing.

- Part II – Integration Tests

These tests evaluate the behavior of the web service by sending HTTP requests and checking the responses.

Important: You must start your server before running these tests.

If the number of tests feels overwhelming or if some tests cover functionality you haven't implemented yet, you can temporarily disable them using comments or conditional compilation (#if, #endif). This allows you to enable and run tests incrementally without encountering compile-time errors.

## CJTP – CIT JSON Transport Protocol

CJTP is a JSON-based protocol used for communication between clients and servers. It is a simplified protocol designed for educational purposes. It mimics the structure of HTTP-based APIs but uses custom formatting to help students focus on core concepts like request validation, routing, and response handling. CJTP operates through structured request and response objects, both formatted in JSON. The server must validate incoming requests and respond accordingly—either with error details if the request is invalid, or with the requested data if the request is valid.

### Request Object Structure

```
{  
    method: <METHOD>,  
    path: <PATH>,  
    date: <DATE>,  
    body: <BODY>  
}
```

- ◆ method (required)

Specifies the operation to perform. Valid values are:

- "create"
- "read"
- "update"

- "delete"
- "echo"

The first four are standard CRUD operations. The "echo" method is used for testing, allowing simple text to be sent to the server.

◆ path (required)

Defines the resource to operate on, similar to a URL path (e.g., "/api/categories"). Combined with the method, it determines the action. For example:

```
{
  "method": "read",
  "path": "/api/categories"
}
```

This would request all categories from the service.

◆ date (required)

A Unix timestamp (64-bit integer) representing the number of seconds since January 1, 1970. It must be a valid long data type. Optionally, it can be validated to fall within a specific time range.

◆ body (optional)

Contains the data needed for the operation. The `body` field is required only for certain methods:

- For "create" and "update", it must be a valid JSON object representing the data to be stored or modified.
- For "echo", it must be plain text, which will be returned as-is in the response.

Note: All JSON keys and string values must be enclosed in double quotes ("), as per standard JSON syntax.

## Request Validation

Before processing, the server must validate the request:

- Ensure all required fields (method, path, date) are present and correctly formatted.
- Confirm that method is one of the allowed values.
- Validate that date is a valid Unix timestamp.

- Check that body is present and correctly structured when required.

If validation fails, the server should return a response detailing the errors. If successful, it should interpret the request and return the appropriate response.

#### Examples of Valid Requests

```
{  
    "method": "read",  
    "path": "/api/categories",  
    "date": 1633036800  
}  
  
{  
    "method": "create",  
    "path": "/api/products",  
    "date": 1633036800,  
    "body": {  
        "name": "New Product",  
        "price": 19.99  
    }  
}  
  
{  
    "method": "echo",  
    "path": "/test",  
    "date": 1633036800,  
    "body": "Hello, server!"  
}
```

#### Response Format

Responses from the server follow this JSON structure:

```
{  
    "status": <STATUS>,  
    "body": <BODY>  
}
```

- ◆ **status (required)**

The `status` field indicates the outcome of the request. It consists of a **status code** and a **reason phrase**, chosen from the following:

Status Code	Reason phrase
1	Ok
2	Created
3	Updated
4	Bad Request
5	Not found
6	Error

- ◆ Error Reporting for Bad Requests

For status code 4 (Bad Request), the response must include a reason describing the validation issues. The format is:

4 missing <element>, illegal <element>, ...

Where <element> refers to the name of the protocol field (e.g., method, date, path).

Examples:

- Single issue:  
"4 missing date"
- Multiple issues:  
"4 missing date, illegal method, missing body"

The order of the listed reasons is not important.

## Part 1 – Supporting Classes for the Web Service

In this part of the assignment, you will implement several foundational classes that support the development of a web service.

### Data Service: Category Management

You are provided with a simple in-memory database containing categories:

category	
cid	name
1	Beverages
2	Condiments
3	Confections

Each Category object has two attributes:

- cid (integer)
- name (string)

You must implement a **CategoryService** class that provides full CRUD functionality through the following interface:

```
public List<Category> GetCategories();
public Category? GetCategory(int cid);
public bool UpdateCategory(int id, string newName);
public bool DeleteCategory(int id);
public bool CreateCategory(int id, string name);
```

### Request Validation Service

Create a **RequestValidator** class responsible for validating incoming request objects. It should implement the following method:

```
public Response ValidateRequest(Request request);
```

This method checks whether the request meets all protocol requirements. It returns a Response object with a status indicating either:

- "1 Ok" if the request is valid
- Or an appropriate error code and reason(s) if the request is invalid

### URL Parsing Utility

Implement aUrlParser class that can parse and interpret the path string from a request. This class helps interpret the structure of the request path and extract any embedded identifiers (e.g., /api/categories/3 → ID = 3). This is essential for routing requests to the correct data operations. The class should expose the following properties:

```
public bool HasId { get; set; }  
public string Id { get; set; }  
public string Path { get; set; }
```

And the following method:

```
public bool ParseUrl(string url);
```

This method takes a URL-like path string and validates it. If the path is valid, it returns true; otherwise, false.

When valid, the properties should be populated as follows:

- HasId is true if the path includes an ID
- Id contains the extracted ID
- Path contains the base path without the ID

#### Example:

Input: "api/categories/1"

Output:

- Path = "api/categories"
- HasId = true
- Id = “1”

By completing Part I, you will have built the core components needed to support a structured web service, including data management, request validation, and path parsing.