# Лабораторная работы №1

Введение в Mininet

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Информация

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### Цель работы

Основной целью работы является развёртывание в системе виртуализации(например, в VirtualBox) mininet, знакомство с основными командами для работы с Mininet через командную строку и через графический интерфейс.

Выполнение лабораторной работы

# Репозиторий Mininet



Рис. 1: Импорт конфигураций



Рис. 2: Параметры импорта

# Образ виртуальной машины



Рис. 3: Настройка сети



Рис. 4: Настройка сети



Рис. 5: Настройка сети

```
Мininet-VM [Работает] - Oracle VirtualВох
 Файл Машина Вид Ввод Устройства Справка
 ommand 'ipconfig' not found, did you mean:
 command 'iconfig' from deb inmiutil (3.1.5-1)
 command 'iwconfig' from deb wireless-tools (30"pre9-13ubuntu1)
 command 'ifconfig' from deb net-tools (1.60-git20100626.aebd86e-lubuntul)
fry: sudo apt install (deb name>
       mininet-we: "$
 ininet@mininet-um:"$ inconfig
Command 'ipconfig' not found, did you mean:
 command 'iuconfig' from deb wireless-tools (30"pre9-13ubuntu1)
 command 'iconfig' from deb ipmiutil (3.1.5-1)
 command 'ifconfig' from deb net-tools (1.60*git20180626.aebd88e-1ubuntu1)
 ry: sudo apt install (deb name)
minimet@minimet-um:"$ ifconfig
eth0: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
       inet 192.168.56.113 metmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.56.255
       ether 08:00:27:63:48:41 txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
       RX packets Z bytes 1180 (1.1 KB)
      RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
       TX packets 2 butes 684 (684.0 B)
       TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
lo: flags=73 dJP.LDDPBACK.RUNNING> - mtu 65536
       inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0
       loop txqueuelen 1000 (Local Loopback)
       RX packets 56 butes 4312 (4.3 KB)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
       TX packets 56 butes 4312 (4.3 KB)
       TX errors 0 dropped 0 overrups 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
```

Рис. 6: Запуск mininet

### Подключимся к виртуальной машине

```
I sub-copy-id minnet032,168.16.113
/marphi/ssb-copy-id: NHO: Source of key(s) to be installed: "/home/zamba/,ssh/id_rsa.pub"
/marphi/ssb-copy-id: NHO: attempting to log in with the new key(s), to filter out any that are alr
/marphi/ssb-copy-id: NHO: attempting to log in with the new key(s), to filter out any that are alr
/marphi/ssb-copy-id: NHO: 1 key(s) remain to be installed -- if you are prompted now it is to inst
all the new keys
withinstallog.168.56.113's password:
Permission denied, please try again,
withinstallog.168.56.113's password:
wamber of key(s) added: 1
west try logging into the machine, with: "ssh 'minimet0912.168.56.113'"
and check to make sure that only the key(s) you wanted were added.
```

Рис. 7: Подключение к mininet через SSH

```
$ ssh -v mininet0192,108,36,113
welcome to Ubuntu 20,04,1,115 (DNU)/Linux 5.4.0-42-generic x86,64)

**Bocumental to Inthis://Pulp_ubuntu.com

**Management: https://buntus.com

**Mininetoric to Mininetoric to Mitigs://buntuu.com/advantage

Failed to connect to https://changelogs.ubuntu.com/advantage

Failed to connect to https://changelogs.ubuntu.com/advantage

Failed to connect to https://changelogs.ubuntu.com/advantage

Failed to connect to https://changelogs.ubuntu.com/aeta-release-lts. Check your Internet connection or proxy Settings

Last login: Sat Sep 6 06:20:29 2025 from 192,168,56,1
```

Рис. 8: Подключение к mininet через SSH

```
ininet@mininet-vm:~$ sudo dhclient ethl
 ininet@mininet-vm:~\ ifconfig
eth0: flags-4163<UP RECADEAST RUNNING MULTICAST> mtu 1500
       inet 192,168,56,113 netmask 255,255,255,0 broadcast 192,168,56,255
       ether 08:00:27:63:d8:41 txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
       RX packets 928 bytes 111199 (111.1 KB)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
       TX packets 294 bytes 47359 (47.3 KB)
       TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
eth1: flags=4163<UP.RROADCAST.RUNNING.MULTICAST> mtu 1500
       inet 10.0.2.15 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 10.0.2.255
       ether 08:00:27:b1:0e:5d txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
       RX packets 2 bytes 1180 (1.1 KB)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
       TX packets 2 bytes 684 (684.0 B)
       TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
 o: flags=73<UP.LOOPRACK.RUNNING> mtu 65536
       inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0
       loop txqueuelen 1000 (Local Loopback)
       RX packets 1840 bytes 141000 (141.0 KB)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
TX packets 1840 bytes 141000 (141.0 kB)
       TX errors 0 dropped 0 overrups 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
```

Рис. 9: Просмотр ІР-адресов машины

```
/etc/netplan/01-netcfg.yaml [-M--] 16 L:[ 1+ 9 10/ 11] *(219 / 220b)
# This file describes the network interfaces available on your system
# For more information, see netplan(5).
network:
  version: 2
  renderer: networkd
  ethernets:
    eth0:
     dhcp4: yes
    eth1:
     dhcp4: yes|
```

Рис. 10: Файл /etc/netplan/01-netcfg.yaml

#### Новая версия Mininet

```
ininet@mininet-vm:"$ cd '
mininet@mininet-um:"S git clone https://github.com/mininet/mininet.git
Cloning into 'mininet' ...
remote: Enumerating objects: 10388, done,
remote: Counting objects: 100% (128/128), done.
renote: Compressing objects: 100% (59/59), done
renote: Total 10388 (delta 102), reused 69 (delta 69), pack-reused 10260 (from 3)
Receiving objects: 100% (10388/10388), 3.36 MiB | 2.91 MiB/s, done
Resolving deltas: 100% (6906/6906), done.
ininet@mininet-vm:"$ cd "/mininet
mininet@mininet-um:"/mininet$ sudo make install
 c -Hall -Hextra >
-DUERSION-N" PYTHONPATH -. puthon -B bin/mn --version 2>81 N" mnexec.c -o mnexec
install -D mnexec /usr/hin/mnexec
PYTHOMPATH=. help2man -N -n "create a Mininet network." >
 -no-discard-stderr "nuthon -B bin/mn" -o mn.1
weln2man -N -n "execution utility for Mininet." >
-h "-h" -v "-v" --no-discard-stderr ./mnexec -o mnexec.1
install -D -t /usr/share/man/man1 mn.1 mnexec.1
puthon -m pip uninstall -u mininet II true
 ound existing installation; mininet 2.3.0
Uninstalling mininet-2.3.0:
 Successfully uninstalled mininet-2.3.0
puthon -n pip install
"ISProcessing /home/mininet/mininet
ISRequirement already satisfied: setuptools in /usr/lib/python3/dist-packages (from mininet==2.3.1)
Building wheels for collected packages: mininet
 Building wheel for mininet (setup.pu) ... done
 Created wheel for minimet: filename=minimet-2.3.1b4-pu3-none-anu.whl size=160942 sha256=274a120e36
 eh0b2e204b1a8bb2aa262f8228cb429499489fc5f4b260ae20423
 Stored in directory: /tmp/pip-ephen-wheel-cache-1987q0b_/wheels/cd/7d/a7/aafe1b3eaff31efd6ba4eZeaf
 9690a212b4f2394b6cfe8445
Successfully built miningt
Installing collected packages: mininet
Successfully installed mininet-2.3.1b4
mininet@mininet-vm:"/mininet$
```

Рис. 11: Обновление Mininet

# Номер установленной версии mininet

```
nininet@nininet-vn:~/mininet$ mn --version
2.3.1b4
nininet@nininet-vn:~/mininet$
```

Рис. 12: Номер установленной версии mininet

```
nininet@mininet-vm:~S xauth list SDISPLAY
mininet-vm/unix:12 MIT-MAGIC-COOKIE-1 4cbb57874d9b6a08ee805a5258a8c2f8
mininet@mininet-vm:~$ sudo -i
root@mininet-vm:~# xauth list
mininet-vm/unix:10 MIT-MAGIC-COOKIE-1 cfd80afdc298ef84233473ad48a3e0bd
root@mininet-vm:
Φ≡: command not found
oot@mininet-vm:~# xauth add mininet-vm/unix:12 MIT-MAGIC-COOKIE-1 4cbb57874d9b
a08ee805a5258a8c2f8
root@mininet-vm:~xauth list SDISPLAY
mininet-vm/unix:12 MIT-MAGIC-COOKIE-1 4cbb57874d9b6a08ee805a5258a8c2f8
root@mininet-vm:~# logout
mininet@mininet-vm:~$ sudo ~/mininet/mininet/examples/miniedit.py
ono=none
```

Рис. 13: Настройка соединения Х11 для суперпользователя

### Запуск минимальной топологии

```
* Creating network
 * Adding bosts:
   Adding switches:
** Adding links:
h1, s1) (h2, s1)
 ocumented commands (type help <topic>):
    gterm iperfudo nodes pingpair py switch xterm
help link noecho pingpairfull quit time
intfs links pingall ports sh walt
iperf net pingallfull px source x
pctl help link noecho
xit iperf net
ou may also send a command to a node using:
<node> command (args)
 or node names when a node is the first arg, so commands
iome character-oriented interactive commands require
owever, starting up an xterm/gterm is generally better:
vailable nodes are
ininets net
  lo: s1-eth1:h1-eth0 s1-eth2:h2-eth0
```

Рис. 14: Работа с Mininet с помощью командной строки

```
ininet> h1 ifconfig
1-eth0: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
      inet 10.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0 broadcast 10.255.255.255
      ether ca:f4:8b:f1:5e:4d txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
      RX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
      RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
      TX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
      TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
o: flags=73<UP,LOOPBACK,RUNNING> mtu 65536
      inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0
      loop txqueuelen 1000 (Local Loopback)
      RX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
      RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
      TX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
      TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
```

**Рис. 15:** Работа с Mininet с помощью командной строки

#### Конфигурация всех узлов

```
Attender D. ) From Fig.

Vertice Playsian State Control of State Control o
```

Рис. 16: Работа с Mininet с помощью командной строки

```
A CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF T
```

**Рис. 17:** Работа с Mininet с помощью командной строки

```
PING 10.0.0.2 (10.0.0.2) 56(84) bytes of data.
i4 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=2.39 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.277 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.080 ms
4 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.077 ms
4 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp_seg=5 ttl=64 time=0.080 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp_seq=6 ttl=64 time=0.086 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp_seq=7 ttl=64 time=0.069 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.0.2; icmp_seq=8 ttl=64 time=0.068 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp_seq=9 ttl=64 time=0.074 ms
AC64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp_seq=10 ttl=64 time=0.122 ms
 - 10.0.0.2 ping statistics ---
O packets transmitted, 10 received, 0% packet loss, time 9175ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.068/0.332/2.394/0.689 ms
rininet> exit
** Stopping 1 controllers
** Stopping 2 links
** Stopping 1 switches
** Stopping 2 hosts
ompleted in 281,211 seconds
```

Рис. 18: Проверка связности хостов

#### Экземпляр Mininet.

```
oot@mininet-vm:-# sudo mn -c
 ** Removing excess controllers/ofprotocols/ofdatapaths/pings/noxes
cillall controller ofprotocol ofdatapath ping nox_core lt-nox_core ovs-openflowd ovs-control
 r ovs-testcontroller udpbwtest mnexec ivs ryu-manager 2> /dev/null
cillall -9 controller ofprotocol ofdatapath ping nox_core lt-nox_core ovs-openflowd ovs-contr
oller ovs-testcontroller udpbwtest mnexec ivs rvu-manager 2> /dev/null
okill -9 -f "sudo mnexec"
 ** Removing junk from /tmp
om -f /tmp/vconn* /tmp/vlogs* /tmp/*.out /tmp/*.log
 ** Removing old X11 tunnels
 ** Removing excess kernel datapaths
  ax | egrep -o 'dp[0-9]+' | sed 's/dp/n1:/'
 ** Removing OVS datapaths
ovs-vsctl --timeout=1 list-br
 ** Removing all links of the pattern foo-ethX
 p link show | egrep -o '([-_.[:alnum:]]+-eth[[:digit:]]+)'
 ** Killing stale mininet node processes
kill -9 -f mininet:
 ** Shutting down stale tunnels
okill -9 -f Tunnel-Ethernet
kill -9 -f .ssh/mn
```

**Рис. 19:** Очистка предыдущего экземпляра Mininet

```
Set a border for the menus to make them simpler to distinguish against the
  ut100 widget:
 SimpleMenu*borderWidth: 2
 The "faceSize" resource controls the size of the latter. However, it was
 sizes. Unconnent this line to use the same size as "fixed"
*charClass: 33:48.35:48.37-38:48.43-47:48.58:48.61:48.63-64:48.95:48.126:48
  UT100s and similar terminals recognize escape sequences and control
  characters to which they reply to the host with other escape sequences.
  to provide information. The "resize" program uses this feature.
 In addition, xterm recognizes several escape sequences which can be used to
 unconnenting one or more of the resource settings below:
 t=allowFontOns: false
t=allowTcapOps: false
teallowTitleOps: false
t=allouWindowOps: false
xternefaceName: Monospace
xterm*faceSize: 12
Help Ziave Stark Replac Scoru Stove Zearch Shelete Pullby 190uit
```

**Рис. 20:** Настройка параметров XTerm

# Запуск Xserver

Configuration is complete. Click Finish to start V	/cXsrv.		
You may also save the configuration for later us	se.		
Save configuration			
	< Назад	Готово	Отмена

**Рис. 21:** Запуск и настройка Xserver

# Запуск putty



Рис. 22: Запуск и настройка Xserver



Рис. 23: Запуск putty и добавление опции перенаправления X11

#### MiniEdit



Рис. 24: Добавление двух хостов и одного коммутатора

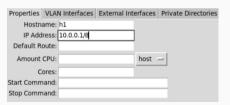


Рис. 25: Настройка IP-адреса на хостах

```
h1-eth0: flags=4163<UP, BROADCAST, RUNNING, MULTICAST> mtu 1500 inet 10.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0 broadcast 10.255.255.255 ether 4e:3f:5a:e7:d3:15 txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet) RX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B) RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0 TX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B) TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
```

Рис. 26: Проверка назначенных ІР-адресов для h2 и проверка соединения между хостами

```
lo: flags=73-UP,LOOPBACK,RUNNING> mtu 65536
    inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0
    loop txqueuelen 1000 (Local Loopback)
    RX packets 909 bytes 235384 (235.3 KB)
    RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
    TX packets 909 bytes 235384 (235.3 KB)
    TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
    root@mininet-vm:/home/mininet# ping 10.0.0.2
    PING 10.0.0.2 (10.0.0.2) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: imp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.411 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: imp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.411 ms
64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: imp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.17 ms
```

Рис. 27: Проверка назначенных ІР-адресов для h2 и проверка соединения междухостами

## Mininet для автоматического назначения IP-адресов

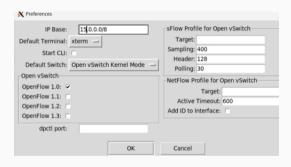


Рис. 28: Проверка автоматического назначения адресов

```
| root@mi.inet-vm:/home/sininet# ifconfig
| hl-eth: flag=rd-63-UP, BROADST, RUMNINGAT, BULTICAST> mtu 1500
| inet 15.0.0.1 | netmask 255.0.0 | broadcast 15.255.255.255
| ether 76:19:85:eseic22b txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
| RX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 8)
| RX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 8)
| RX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 8)
| TX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 8)
| TX packets 0 bytes 0 (verruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
```

#### Рис. 29: Отображение IP-адреса, назначенного хосту h1

```
lo: flags=73-UP_LOOPBACK,RUNNING> ntu 65536
inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0
ioop txqueuelen loglo (Local Loopback)
RX packets 807 bytes 226356 (226.3 KB)
RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
TX packets 807 bytes 226356 (226.3 KB)
TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 or carrier 0 collisions 0
```

Рис. 30: Отображение IP-адреса, назначенного хосту h1

# Каталог для работы с проектами mininet

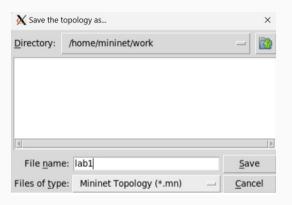


Рис. 31: Сохранение топологии

## Права доступа к файлам в каталоге проекта

```
mininet@mininet-vm:~$ ls -Al ~/work
total 4
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 1655 Sep 7 05:32 lab1.mn
mininet@mininet-vm:~$ sudo chown -R mininet ~/work/
```

Рис. 32: Изменение прав доступа к файлам в каталоге проекта



#### Вывод

В результате выполнения данной лабораторной работы я развёрнула mininet в системе виртуализации VirtualBox, а также ознакомилась с основными командами для работы с Mininet через командную строку и через графический интерфейс.

Спасибо за внимание!