

# Features

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## 1 Features

This page provides a detailed overview of the features available in `code_agent`.

### 1.1 Core Features

`code_agent` is built around a few core concepts that make it a powerful and flexible tool for local development.

#### 1.1.1 1. Project Scaffolding

Start new Python projects in seconds with the `scaffold` command. `code_agent` generates a complete, modern project structure, so you can start coding right away.

The generated scaffold includes: - A `src` directory for your package source code. - A `tests` directory with a sample smoke test. - A `docs` directory ready for Quarto documentation. - A pre-configured `.github/workflows/ci.yml` for continuous integration. - Standard configuration files like `requirements.txt` and `README.qmd`.

### 1.1.2 2. File Generation and Manipulation

`code_agent` provides a rich set of utilities for programmatic file I/O, accessible via the Python API or the interactive agent. - **Create and Write Files:** Easily create new files or overwrite existing ones. - **Append Content:** Add content to the end of existing files. - **Template-Based Generation:** Create files from templates with variable substitution. - **Python to Notebook Conversion:** The `py2ipynb` CLI command converts Python scripts with `%%` cell markers into Jupyter notebooks.

### 1.1.3 3. LLM-Powered Interactive Agent

The heart of `code_agent` is its intelligent agent, which uses a local LLM (via Ollama by default) to understand and respond to natural language commands. The agent can: - **Generate and Explain Code:** Create new functions, classes, or entire modules, and explain how they work. - **Automate Testing:** Generate `pytest` test files for your source code. - **Orchestrate Tools:** Combine its tools to perform complex, multistep tasks based on your requests. - **Maintain Context:** The agent remembers previous turns in the conversation, allowing for iterative development workflows.

### 1.1.4 4. Extensible Toolset

The agent's capabilities are defined by its tools. `code_agent` comes with a powerful set of built-in tools for file I/O, code formatting, and analysis. It's designed to be easily extended with your own custom tools. See the [Tools\\*\\*](#) page for a full list and instructions on how to create your own.

## 1.2 Architecture Overview

`code_agent` has a modular architecture built on top of LangChain and LangGraph.

```
graph TD;
    subgraph "User Interface"
        CLI[code_agent/cli.py]
        InteractiveLoop[code_agent/main.py]
    end

    subgraph "Agent Core"
        Graph[code_agent/graph.py]
        AgentFactory[code_agent/agents/base_agent.py]
        Tools[code_agent/tools/]
    end
```

```

end

subgraph "LLM & Memory"
    LLM[LLM Wrapper]
    VectorStore[ChromaDB]
end

subgraph "Core Utilities"
    FileOps[code_agent/file_generator.py]
    Scaffolding[code_agent/scaffold.py]
end

CLI --> InteractiveLoop;
InteractiveLoop --> AgentFactory;
AgentFactory --> Graph;
Graph --> Tools;
Graph --> LLM;
Graph --> VectorStore;
Tools --> FileOps;
CLI --> Scaffolding;

```

### Key Components:

- **User Interface:** Provides both a command-line interface (`cli.py`) for direct commands and an interactive chat loop (`main.py`).
- **Agent Core:** The central component that defines the agent's logic. `base_agent.py` creates the tools, and `graph.py` orchestrates the flow of control between the LLM and the tools.
- **LLM & Memory:** The agent uses an LLM (e.g., `ChatOllama`) for reasoning and a Chroma vector store to maintain conversational memory.
- **Core Utilities:** A set of modules that provide the fundamental building blocks, such as file I/O and project scaffolding.