



REST APIS

Part 1

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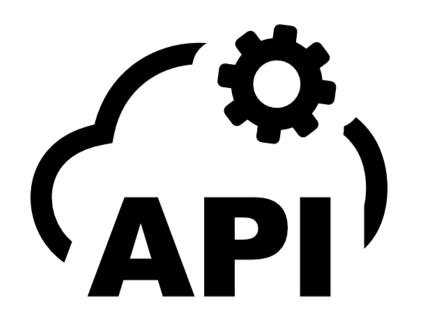








REST APIs



Application Programming Interface

REpresentational **S**tate **T**ransfer

REST APIs



Uniform Interface



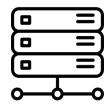
Cacheable



Client-Server



Layered System



Stateless



Code on-demand

HTTP Protocol

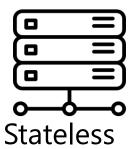
Hyper Text Transfer Protocol



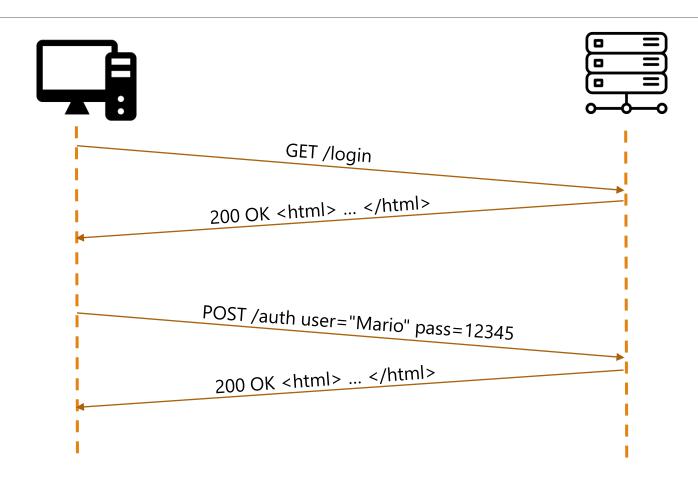




Client-Server



HTTP Interaction



HTTP Request

```
Path Version

Method POST /auth HTTP/1.1

Host: www.example.com
Accept: application/json
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Content-Length: 29

username=Mario&password=12345

Body
```

HTTP Methods

GET

Retrieve a resource from the server.

POST

Send a resource to the server.

PUT

Replaces the current representation of the target resource with the request payload.

DELETE

Delete a resource from the server.

HTTP Response

```
Protocol Version

HTTP /1.1 200 OK Status Message

Date: Thu, 11 Nov 2021 17:13:27 GMT

Content-Type: text/html

Content-Length: 16

Connection: keep-alive

<html> ... </html>

Body
```

1XX

Informational Responses

2XX

Succesful Responses **3XX**

Redirection Messages

4XX

Client Error

5XX

1XX

100 Continue101 Switching Protocols102 Processing

2XX

Succesful Responses **3XX**

Redirection Messages

4XX

Client Error

5XX

1XX

100 Continue101 Switching Protocols102 Processing

2XX

200 OK**201** Created

3XX

Redirection Messages

4XX

Client Error

5XX

1XX

100 Continue101 Switching Protocols102 Processing

2XX

200 OK**201** Created

3XX

301 Moved Permanently
303 Found

4XX

Client Error

5XX

1XX

100 Continue101 Switching Protocols102 Processing

2XX

200 OK**201** Created

3XX

301 Moved Permanently
303 Found

4XX

400 Bad Request404 Not Found405 Method Not Allowed

5XX

1XX

100 Continue101 Switching Protocols102 Processing

2XX

200 OK**201** Created

3XX

301 Moved Permanently
303 Found

4XX

400 Bad Request404 Not Found405 Method Not Allowed

5XX

500 Internal Server Error502 Bad Gateway

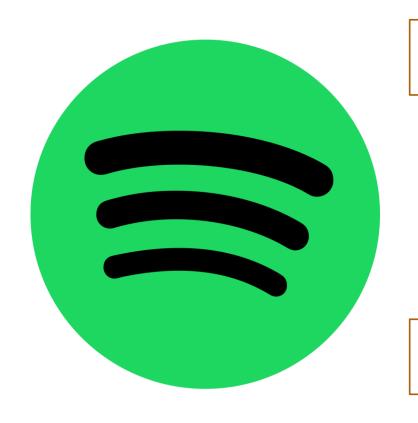
JSON

JavaScript Object Notation

- Text Format for storing and transporting data.
- **Easy to understand.**
- Self describing.
- An **object** is an unordered set of **name/value pairs**.

```
"firstName": "Mario",
   "lastName": "Rossi",
   "occupation": "Professor",
   "courses": [
        "Course1",
        "Course2"
]
```

A Real REST API



Get Album

Get Current User's Profile

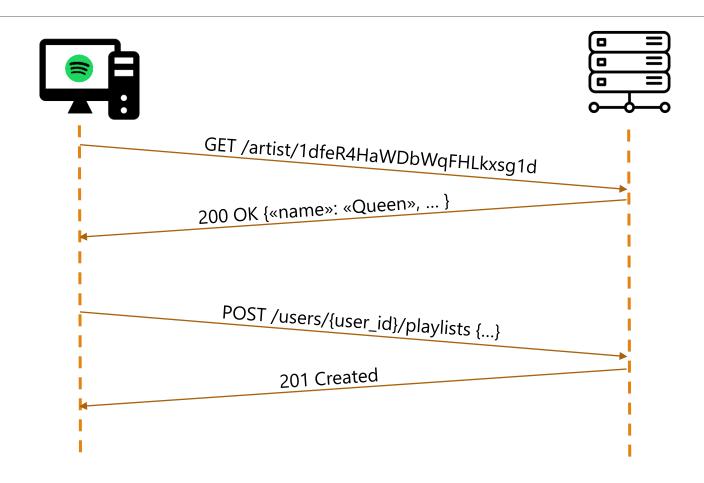
Get Artist

Follow/Unfollow Playlist

Get Playlist

Create Playlist

A Real Interaction



Some Real Operations

```
GET https://api.spotify.com/v1/artists/{id}

Method Protocol Server Path Parameters
```

```
POST https://api.spotify.com/v1/users/{user_id}/playlists

Method Protocol Server Path Parameters
```

The OpenAPI Specification

- Defines a **standard** interface to describe REST APIs.
- **JSON** or **YAML** format.
- Highly readable for both humans and computers.
- Describes available **endpoints**, accepted **parameters**, **response** formats.
- https://editor.swagger.io/



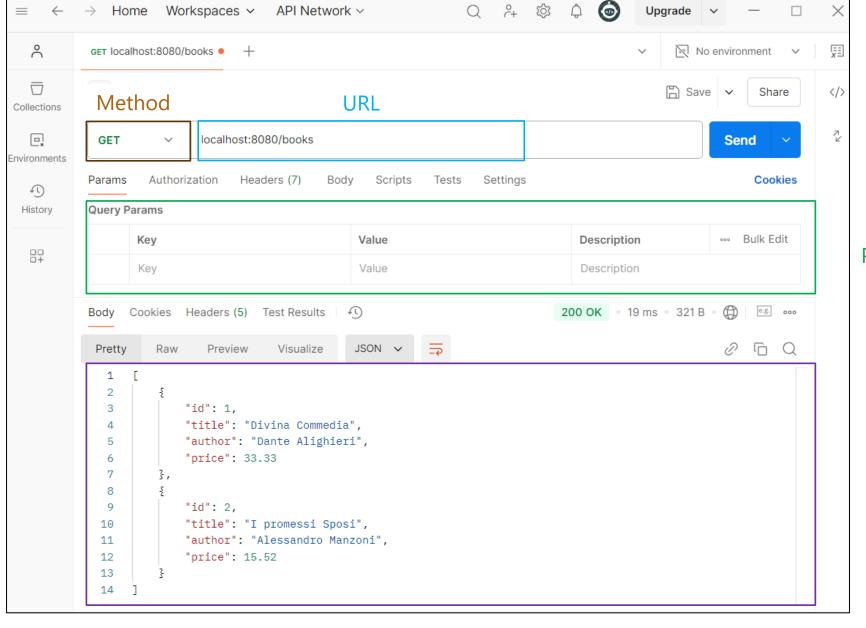
The OpenAPI Specification

```
"paths":
     "/book/{bookId}": { Path
Method
                                                         Parameters information (location,
               "operationId": "getBookById",
                                                         name, schema, mandatory or not)
               "parameters": [{
                    "name": "bookId",
                    "description": "The unique identifier of the book in the system.",
                    "in": "path",
                    "required": true,
                    "schema": { "type": "integer", "format": "int64"}
               "responses":
  Format of the
                    "200": {
    response
                         "content": {
                                "application/json": {
                                   "schema": {"$ref": "#/components/schemas/ReadBook"
```

Postman

- Allows the user to make requests, inspect responses.
- It enables **manual testing** of APIs.
- Available as **desktop** or **web** application.
- Download it at: https://www.postman.com/downloads/ or try the web version at: https://web.postman.co/home





Input Parameter

Response

The Bookstore

Get Books

Get a specific book

Delete a Book

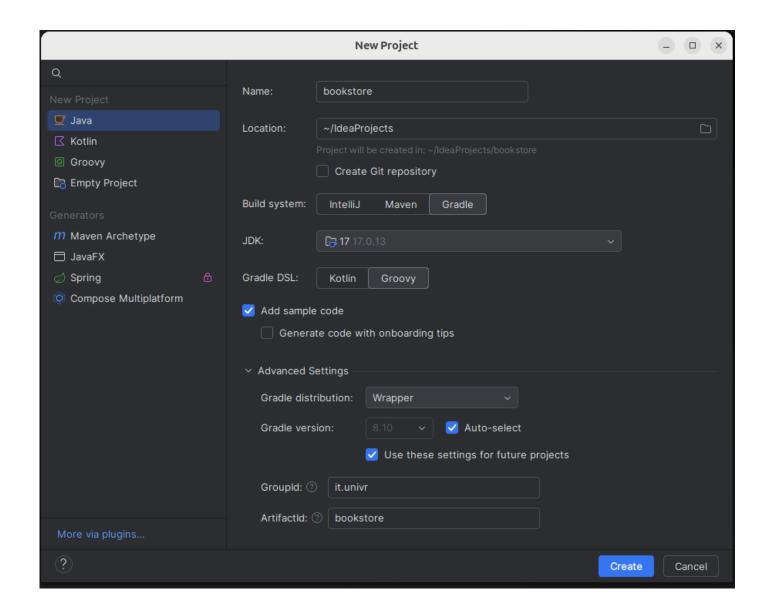
Create a Book

Update a book



Exercise

- 1) Look at the Bookstore OpenAPI Specification available at: https://github.com/SofiaMari/Progettazione-Validazione-Sistemi-Software-bookstore
- 2) Use Postman to interact with the Bookstore and do the following tasks (https://bookstore-rzkp.onrender.com):
 - Retrieve the list of all books present.
 - Add a new book with yourself as author.
 - Edit one of the existing books (id from 1 to 10): set yourself as the author and the price equals to 14.25.



Set up a new Gradle Project in IntelliJ.

Use **Java 17** and **Gradle Version 8.10**

```
plugins {
                                                                    build.gradle
   id 'java'
   id 'org.springframework.boot' version '3.4.0'
   id 'io.spring.dependency-management' version '1.1.3'
java {
    sourceCompatibility = JavaVersion.VERSION 17
   targetCompatibility = JavaVersion.VERSION 17
apply plugin: 'io.spring.dependency-management'
group = 'it.univr'
                                                      Add Spring plugins and
version = '1.0-SNAPSHOT'
                                                           dependencies.
repositories {
   mavenCentral()
dependencies
   implementation('org.springframework.boot:spring-boot-starter-web')
   implementation('org.springframework.boot:spring-boot-starter-data-jpa')
   runtimeOnly 'com.h2database:h2'
   testImplementation 'org.springframework.boot:spring-boot-starter-test'
test ·
   useJUnitPlatform()
```

- 1) Create the BookstoreApplication class that will be used as entrypoint.
- 2) The annotations tell Spring to set up the whole infrastructure.

```
package it.univr;
import org.springframework.boot.SpringApplication;
import org.springframework.boot.autoconfigure.SpringBootApplication;

@SpringBootApplication
public class BookstoreApplication {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        SpringApplication.run(BookstoreApplication.class, args);
    }
}
```

- 1) We need to define a **repository** interface.
- 2) We don't have to implement any methos: we will only use methods already available in the superclass.

```
package it.univr.bookstore;
import org.springframework.data.repository.CrudRepository;
public interface BookRepository extends CrudRepository<Book, Long> {
}
```

```
package it.univr;
import jakarta.persistence.Entity;
import jakarta.persistence.GeneratedValue;
import jakarta.persistence.Id;
import jakarta.persistence.GenerationType;
@Entity
public class Book {
    @Id @GeneratedValue(strategy=GenerationType.AUTO) private Long id;
   private String title;
   private String author;
   private Float price;
   public Book(String title, String author, Float price) {
        this.title = title;
        this.author = author;
        this.price = price;
```

Annotations tell Spring that this class is an **Entity** and which of the attributes is the **ID**.

```
package it.univr;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.*;
import java.util.Optional;
@RestController
public class BookController {
   @Autowired
   private BookRepository bookRepository;
   public Iterable < Book > getBooks() {
       return bookRepository.findAll();
                                 @PathVariable gets
                                     path parameters
   @GetMapping("/book/{bookId}")
   public Optional < Book > readBook (@PathVariable ("bookId") | Long id) {
       return bookRepository.findById(id);
```

The controller handles the requests that are coming in.

(1/2)

```
@RequestParam gets query parameters
@PostMapping("/book")
public Book createBook(@RequestParam("title") String title,
                       @RequestParam("author") String author,
                       @RequestParam("price") Float price) {
    Book book = new Book(title, author, price);
    bookRepository.save(book);
    return book;
                         @RequestBody gets object in the body
@PutMapping("/book")
public Book updateBook(@RequestBody Book book) {
    bookRepository.save (book);
    return book;
@DeleteMapping("/book")
public void deleteBook(@RequestParam("id") Long id) {
    bookRepository.deleteById(id);
```

The controller handles the requests that are coming in.

(2/2)

Exercise

- 1) Download the source code of the Book Store from https://github.com/SofiaMari/Progettazione-Validazione-Sistemi-Software-bookstore.
- 2) Implements 4 new operations in the Bookstore REST API:
 - Search books by title.
 - Search books by author name.
 - PRO: Search books by author name and title (simultaneously).
 - PRO: Search for books priced between a minimum and a maximum value.