

# Lecture 1: Getting started...

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AMT



Haute Ecole d'Ingénierie et de Gestion  
du Canton de Vaud

# Today's agenda

<b>13:15 - 13:30</b>	<b>15'</b>	<b>Intro: multi-tiered apps and Java EE</b>
13:30 - 14:15	45'	AMT-Discovery
14:15 - 14:30	15'	Guidelines for phase 1
14:30 - 15:30	60'	Individual work
15:30 - 15:40	10'	Wrap-up



# Introduction

# Multi-Tiered Applications



# Multi-Tiered Applications



The application is structured in “tiers” (tranches)

# Multi-Tiered Applications

## Frameworks



## APIs



servlet

EJB

JDBC

JSP



JAX-RS



JAX-WS



Java EE

Application Server

## Tools



Jenkins



Selenium Webdriver

# Gamification



19.09.2016	Bootcamp	<b>Les applications multi-tiers et à Java EE</b> docker compose, serveurs d'application, IDE	As a guest, I can visit the platform home page.
26.09.2016		<b>Les tiers client, présentation et métier</b> Servlets, JSP, EJB, JMeter	As a guest, I can register and create an account. As a registered user, I can provide my credentials and log into the platform.
03.10.2016		<b>Les APIs REST</b> JAX-RS, SonarQube, supertest	As an admin, I have a REST API to do CRUD operations on user accounts
10.10.2016		<b>Le tiers d'accès aux données</b> JDBC	As a registered user, I can manage the list of applications I want to gamify with the platform.
17.10.2016		<b>Le tiers d'accès aux données</b> JPA	

Vendredi 21.10.2016 (23h59)  
Remise projet 1

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Lundi 7.11.2016	Itération 1	<b>La documentation et les tests d'API</b> RAML, Jersey client, supertest	As an app owner, I can define a list of badges via the /badges endpoint As an app owner, I can define a list of point scales via the /pointScales endpoint
07.11.2016			
14.11.2016	Itération 2	<b>Les micro-services</b> Spring Boot et Spring Data	migration à Spring Boot
21.11.2016			
28.11.2016	Itération 3	<b>Les architectures orientées événements</b>	As an app, I can send a stream of user events via the /events endpoint As an app owner, I can define a rule to award a badge when some conditions are met (via the /rules endpoint)
05.12.2016			
12.12.2016	Itération 4		As an app owner, I can define a rule to award points (via the /rules endpoint)
19.12.2016			

Vendredi 23.12.2016 (23h59)  
Remise projet 2

Lundi 16.01.2017	Itération 5	
16.01.2016		application de démo

Lundi 23.01 et mercredi 25.01  
Présentations & démos

23.01.2016

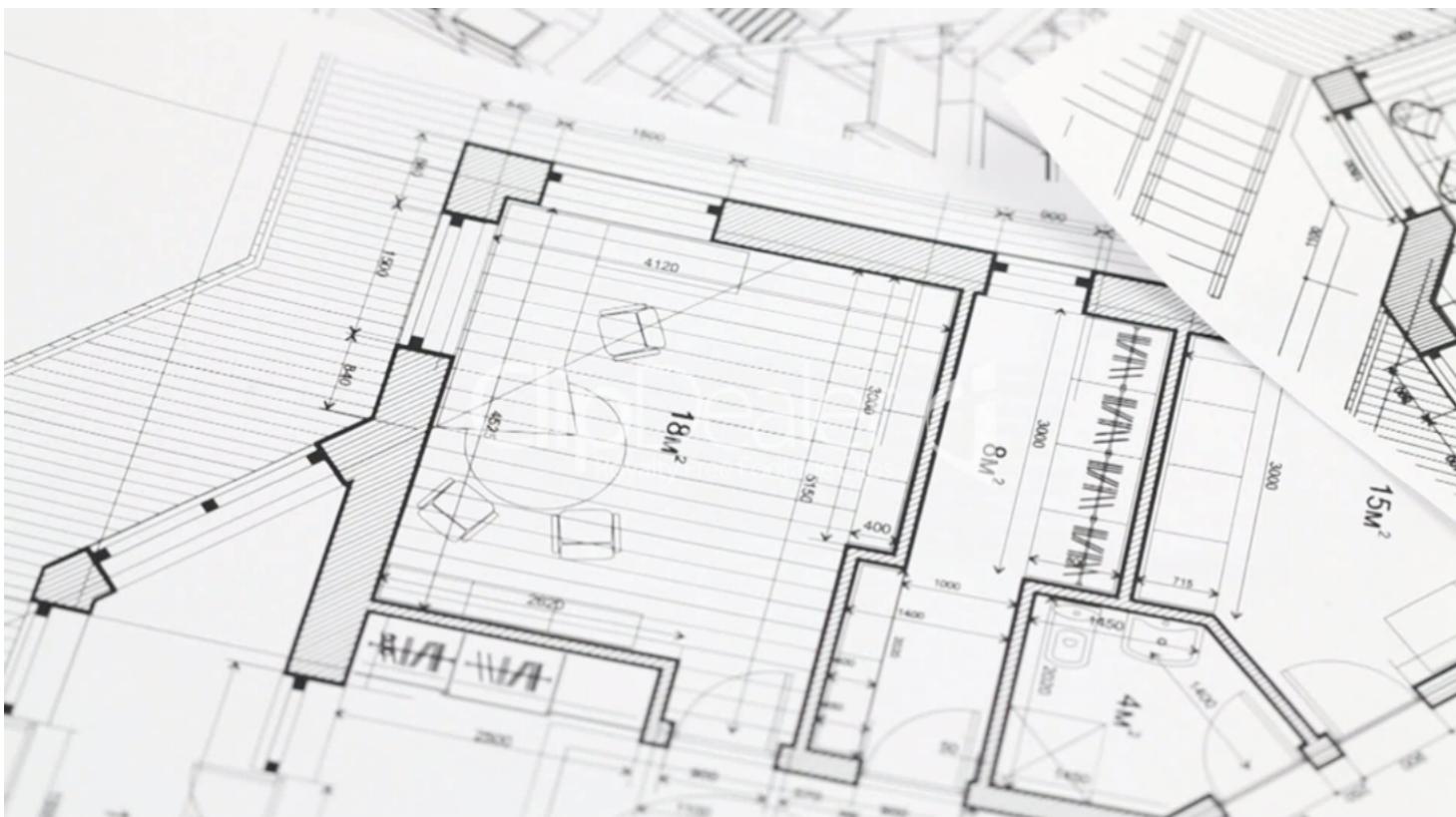
Wrap-up

Du 19.09.2016 au 07.11.2016	$n$ devoirs (question/QCM soumise via Moodle avec date limite stricte); chaque devoir est accepté ou refusé (pas de note individuelle)
07.11.2016	test en classe (note de 1 à 6)
	note travail écrit 1 = note test en classe - (nombre de devoirs refusés * 0.5)

Du 08.11.2016 au 30.01.2016	$m$ devoirs (question/QCM soumise via Moodle avec date limite stricte); chaque devoir est accepté ou refusé (pas de note individuelle)
16.01.2017	test en classe (note de 1 à 6)
	note travail écrit 2 = note test en classe - (nombre de devoirs refusés * 0.5)

2 travaux écrits + questionnaires réguliers (60%)  
3 notes de projets (40%)

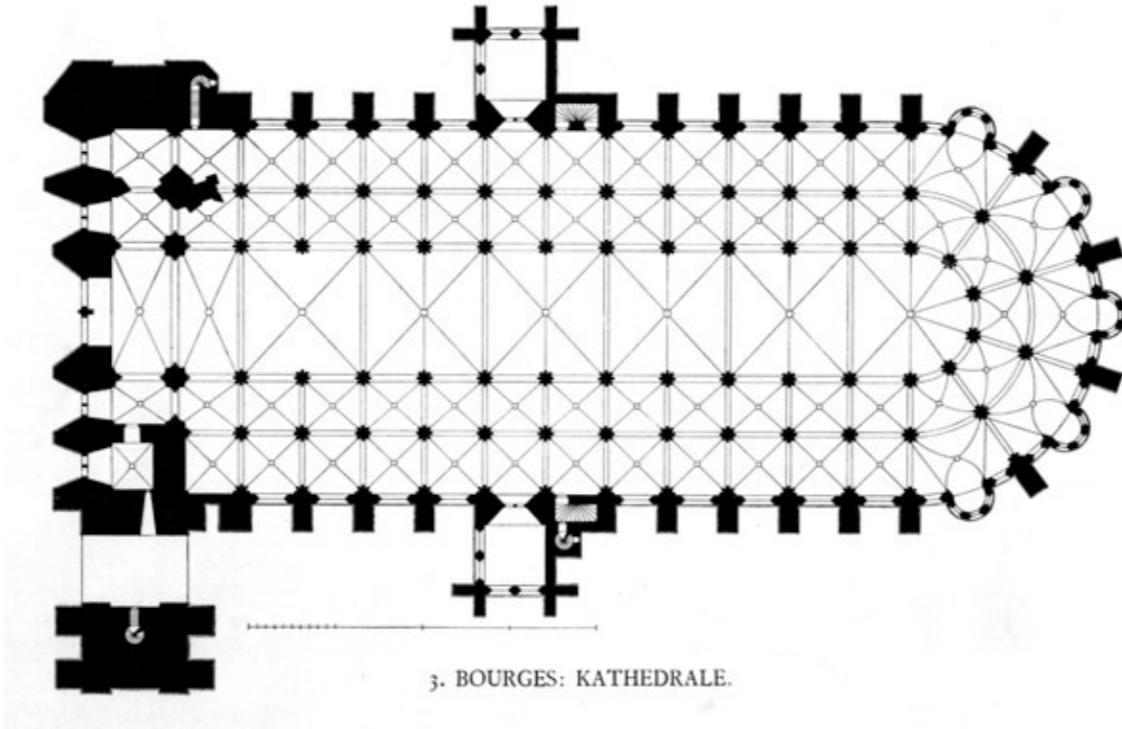
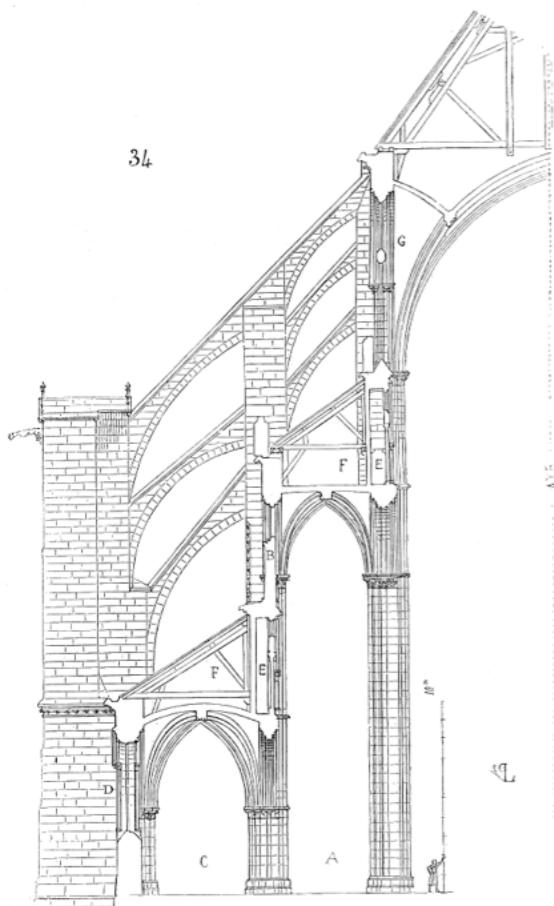


# Architecture

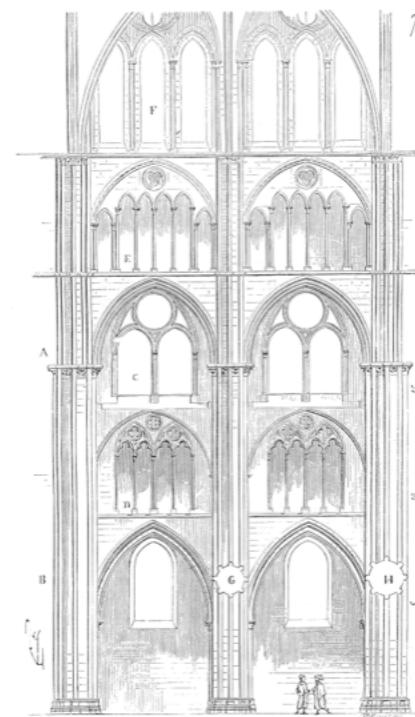


What do we mean by “**architecture**” “**architectural style**” in the context of software systems?

- There is **no single definition** for software architecture!
- The **architecture of a particular application** is a **description** of its **high-level structure** and **behavior**. It is a description of its **components**, how they **interact** with each other and with **external systems**.
- The **architecture of one particular application** is **documented** with a **collection of models** (**UML** diagrams are examples of such models).
- An **architectural style** is a **set of core principles and rules (architectural patterns)**, which are **common** to a large number of different applications.

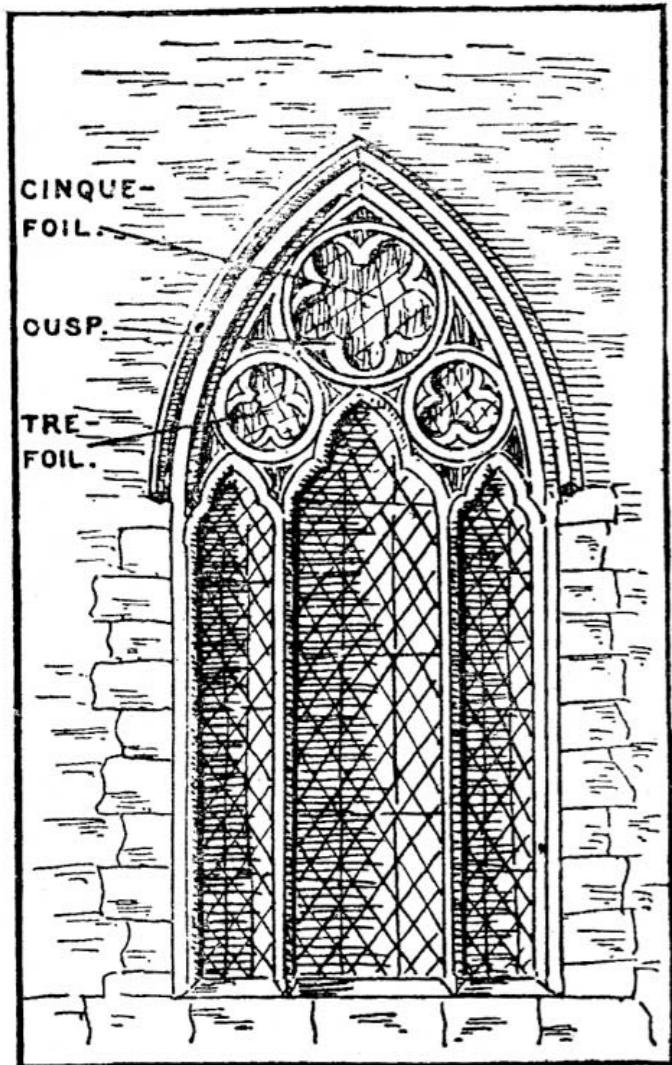
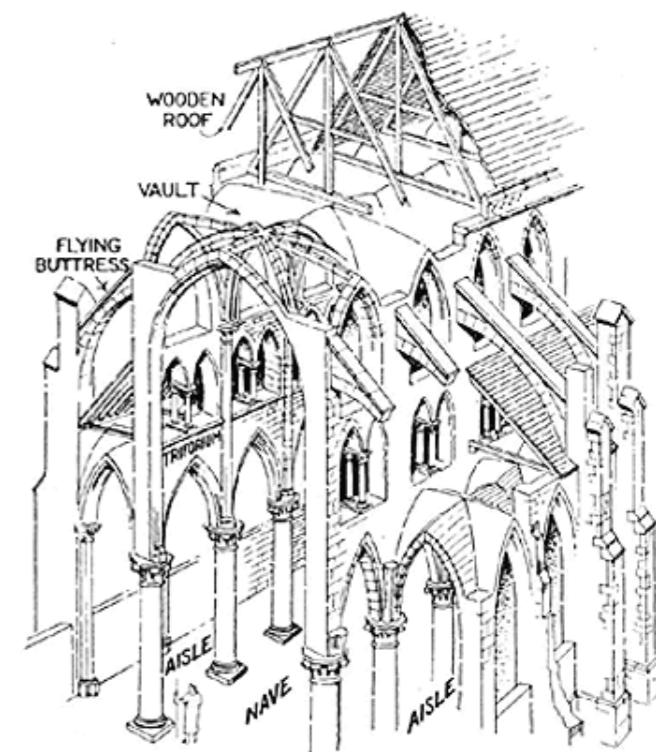
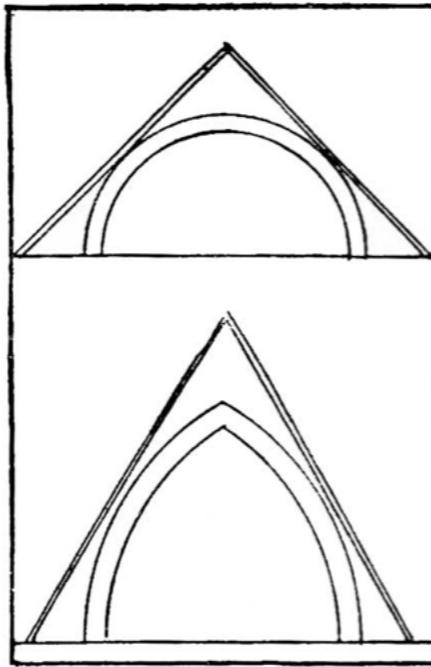
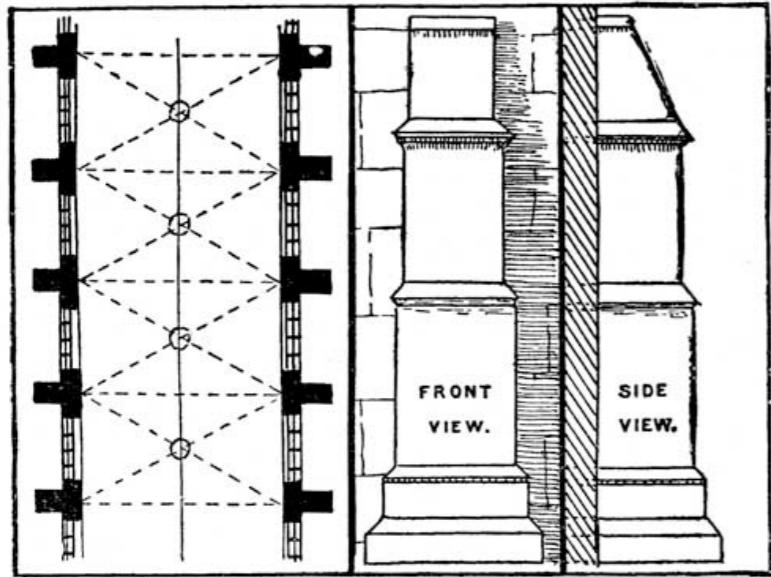


# The Architecture of Bourges Cathedral

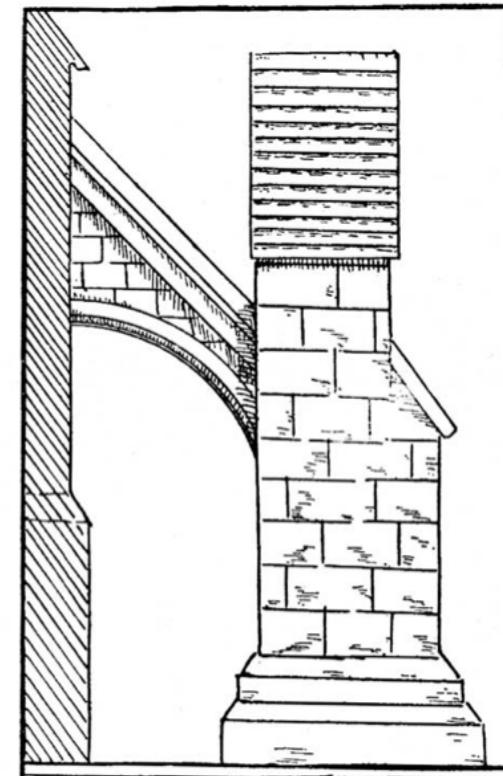


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# The Gothic Architectural Style





What are some of the well-known  
**architectural styles?**

- The client-server architectural style
- The 3-tiered architectural style
- **The multi-tiered architectural style**
- The RESTful architectural style
- The service oriented architectural style
- The event-driven architectural style
- The layered architectural style

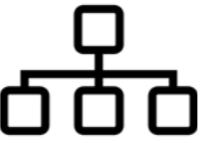
Architectural styles are **not mutually exclusive**. Many applications combine patterns from several styles!



3-tiers, multi-tiers... **how many tiers** does a multi-tiered application have, and which ones?



human-readable  
markup generation



Page navigation



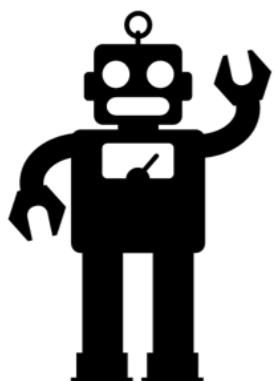
Data access



Shared business  
logic and rules



Message/  
event bus



machine-readable  
markup generation



User

Client

Presentation

Business

Integration

Resources



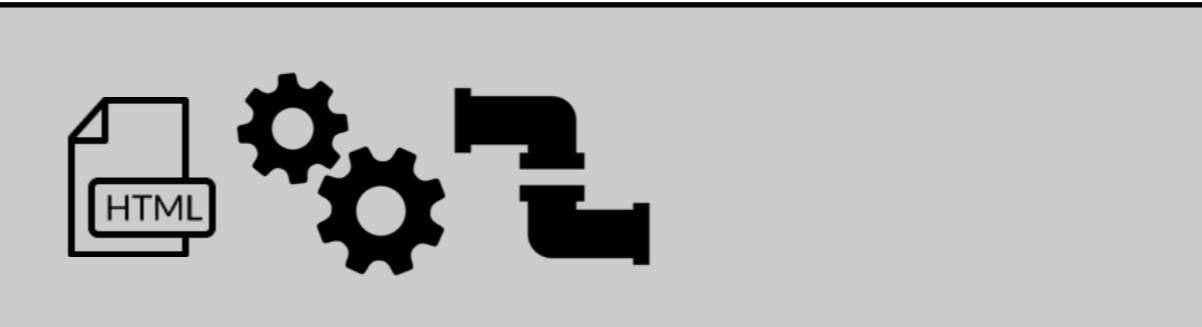
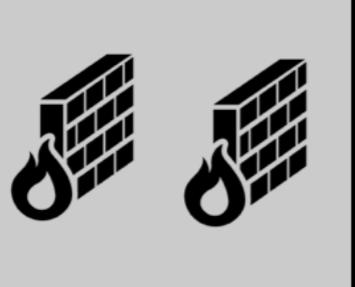
What is the mapping between tiers, **logical nodes** and **physical nodes**?



Dev environment



Minimal environment



Simple environment

User

Client

Presentation

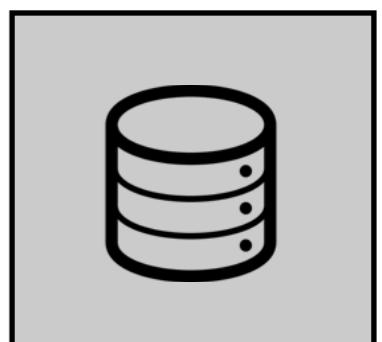
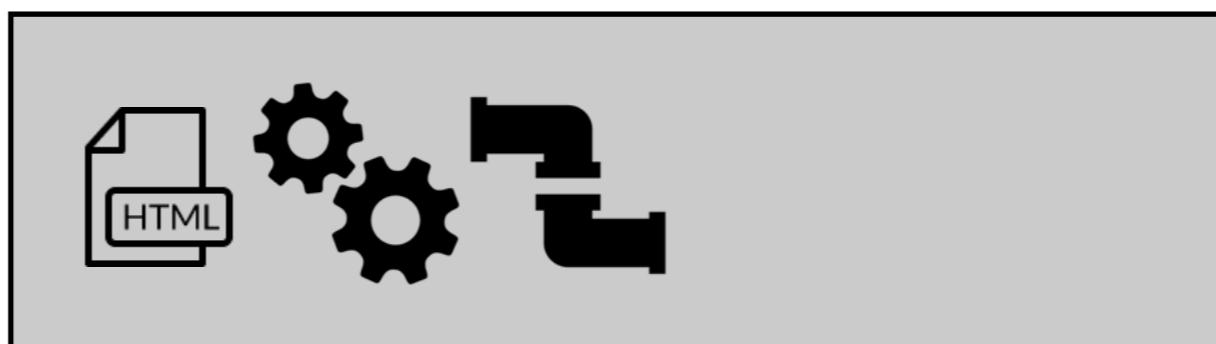
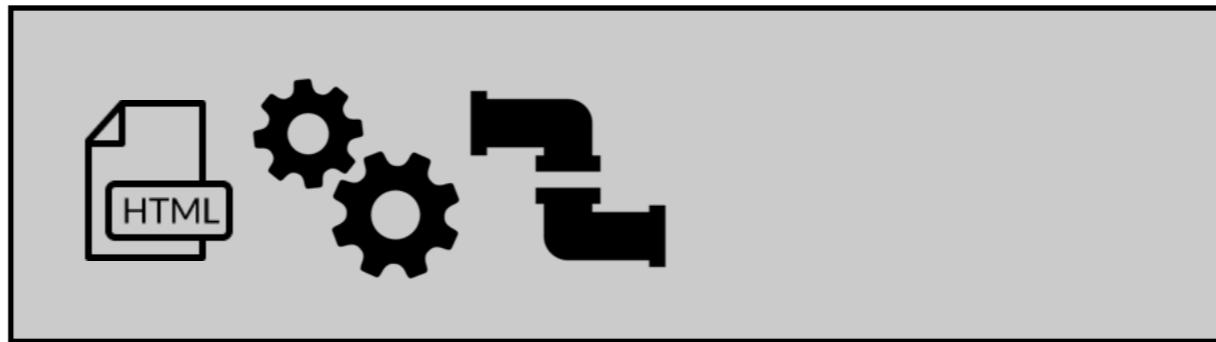
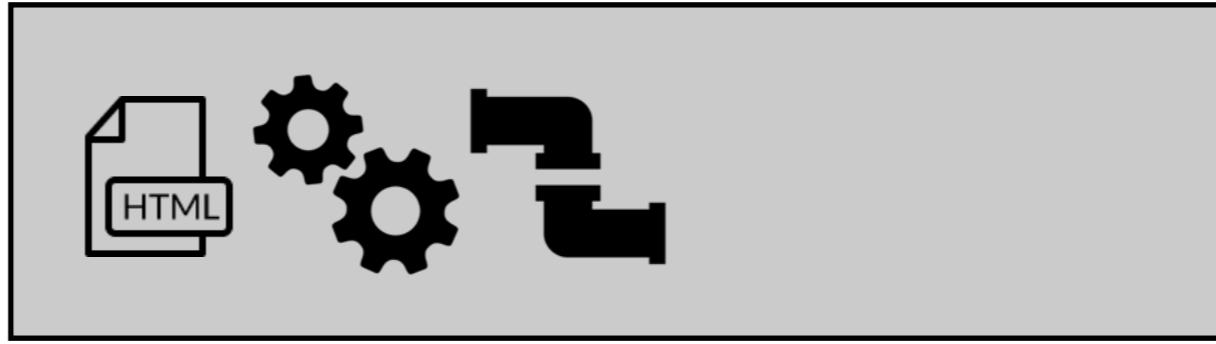
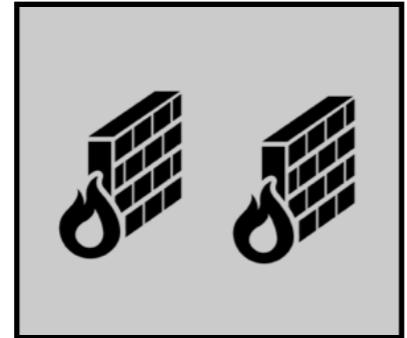
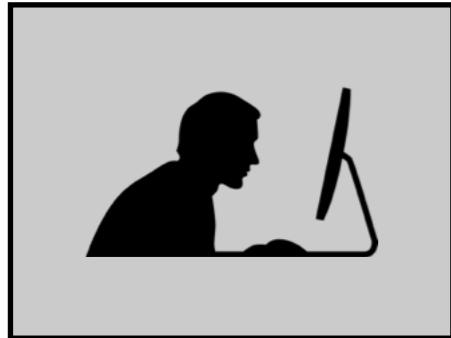
Business

Integration

Resources



What is the mapping between tiers, **logical nodes** and **physical nodes**?



Typical environment for scalability and availability

User

Client

Presentation

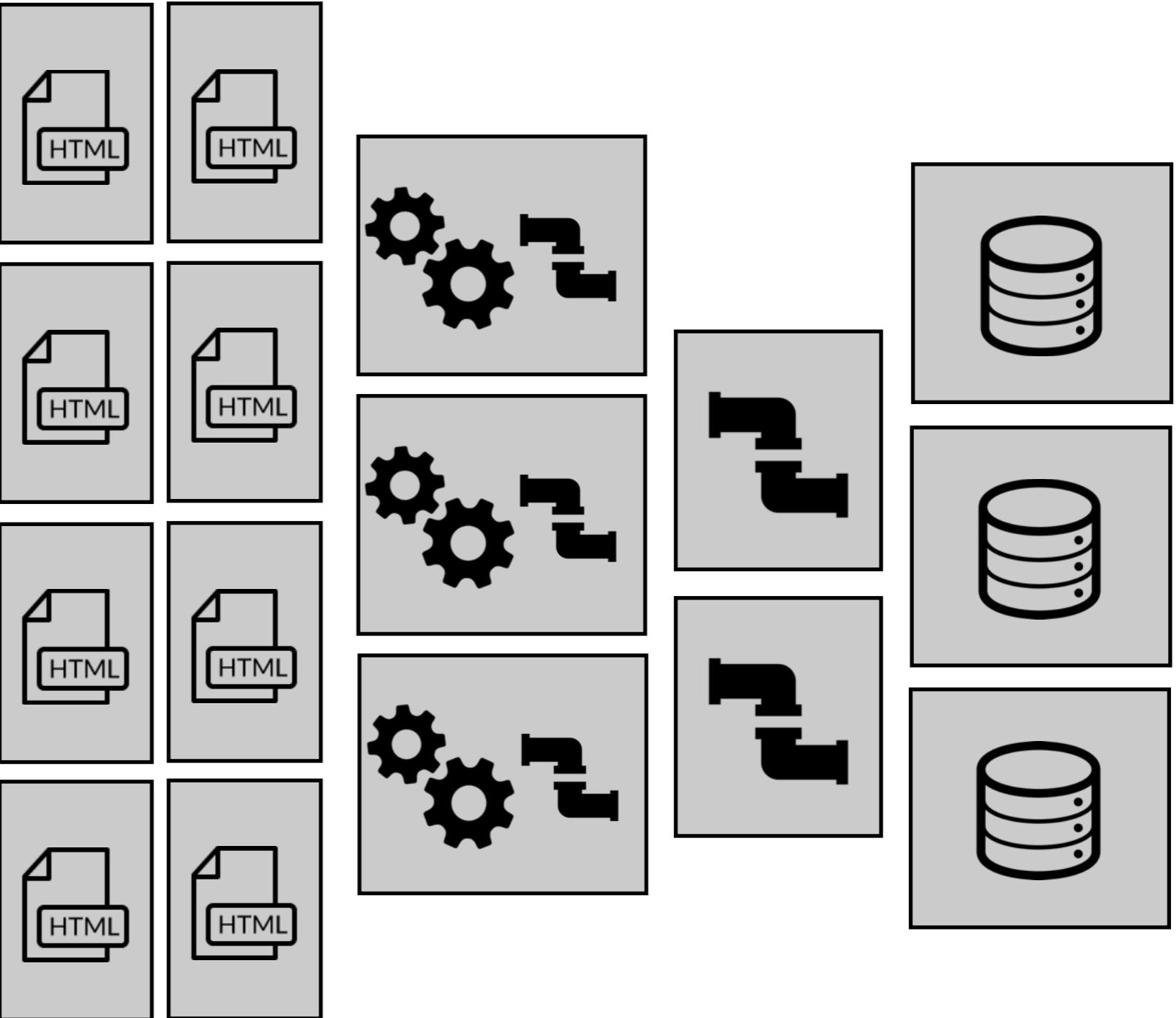
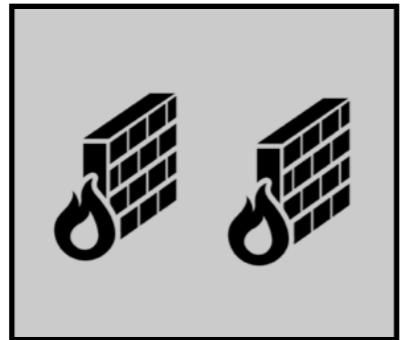
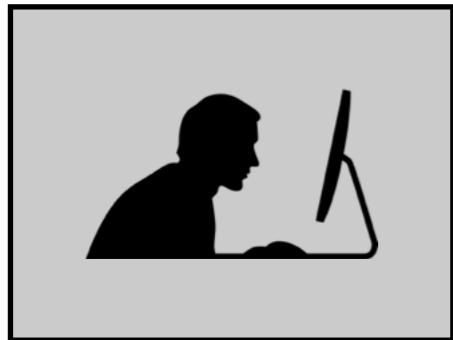
Business

Integration

Resources



What is the mapping between tiers, **logical nodes** and **physical nodes**?



Fully distributed environment

User

Client

Presentation

Business

Integration

Resources



What is the mapping between tiers, **logical nodes** and **physical nodes**?

- Just because it is **possible to physically separate the presentation and the business tier** does not mean that it is always a good idea!
- One reason to keep them in the same node is that **invoking a remote service is a lot slower than invoking a local service**.
- Introduce a **reverse proxy** as soon as possible. In simple environments (e.g. dev.), it does not require a physical node.
- **Database nodes** are often shared by several applications. Optimization techniques are fairly different for database and application nodes. They are often physically separated.

(Rapidly evolving) virtualization technologies gives us more options. Think about **Docker**, which allows you to “run a data center” on your laptop.

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Java Enterprise Edition

# What is Java Enterprise Edition?

- It is a **development platform**: it provides high-level APIs to develop software components.
- It is an **execution platform**: it provides an environment to deploy and bring these components “to live”.
- It is an **enterprise platform**: it provides support for distributed transactions, security, integration, etc.
- **Separation of concerns**: "The developer takes care of the business logic. Java EE takes care of the systemic qualities".



[http://flickr.com/photos/decade\\_null/427124229/sizes/m/#cc\\_license](http://flickr.com/photos/decade_null/427124229/sizes/m/#cc_license)

- **Java EE is a specification**
  - Defined through the JCP, it is a specification that software editors can decide to implement. Java EE 5 is defined in JSR 244.
- **Java EE is an “umbrella” specification**
  - Java EE builds upon other specifications (servlets, EJBs, JDBC, etc.) and specifies which specifications (and which versions) need to be implemented by a Java EE certified application server.
  - Java EE also defines a programming model and defines several roles (developer, assembler, deployer, etc.).

**Specification Lead**

 Bill Shannon Sun Microsystems, Inc.

**Expert Group**

Barreto, Charlton  
Capgemini  
Dudney, Bill  
Hewlett-Packard  
Kohen, Elika S.  
Oracle  
Pratap, Rama Murthy Amar  
Reinshagen, Dirk  
Shah, Suneet  
Tiwari, Ashish  
Umapathy, Sivasundaram

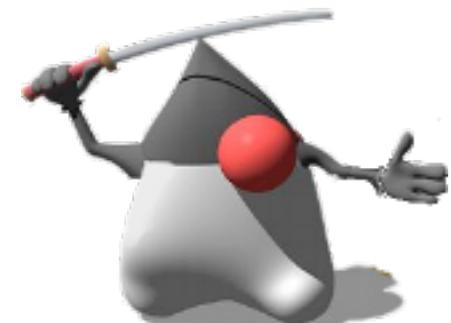
BEA Systems  
Chandrasekaran, Muralidharan  
E.piphany, Inc.  
IBM  
Leme, Felipe  
OW2  
Raible, Matt  
SAP AG  
Sun Microsystems, Inc.  
Tmax Soft, Inc.

Borland Software Corporation  
Crawford, Scott  
Genender, Jeff  
Ironflare AB  
Novell, Inc.  
Pramati Technologies  
Red Hat Middleware LLC  
SeeBeyond Technology Corp.  
Sybase  
Trifork



# J2EE or Java EE?

- Java Enterprise Edition is **not** a recent specification.
- The SDK 1.2 was published in 1999.
- The specification is managed through the JCP since version 1.3
- We used to talk about "Java 2 Enterprise Edition 1.3", or J2EE 1.3
- We then moved from J2EE 1.3 to J2EE 1.4 to... **Java EE 5**
- Today, we should speak of Java EE, but J2EE is still sometimes used...
- Java EE 7 has been adopted on May 28th, 2013
- Java EE 8 is underway...

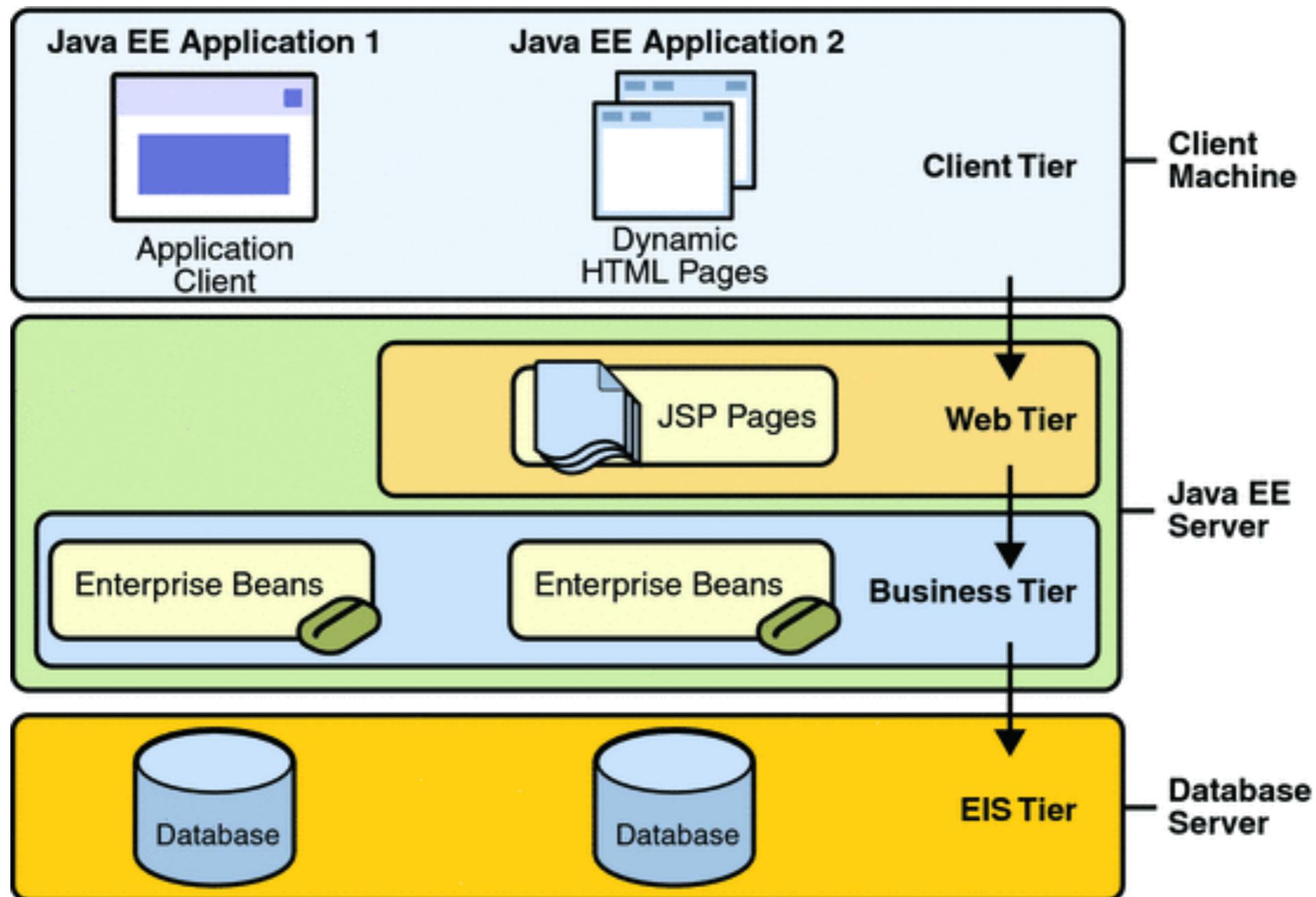


**Watch out!** Java EE (formerly known as J2EE)  
**has evolved a lot** over the years!

# Architecture

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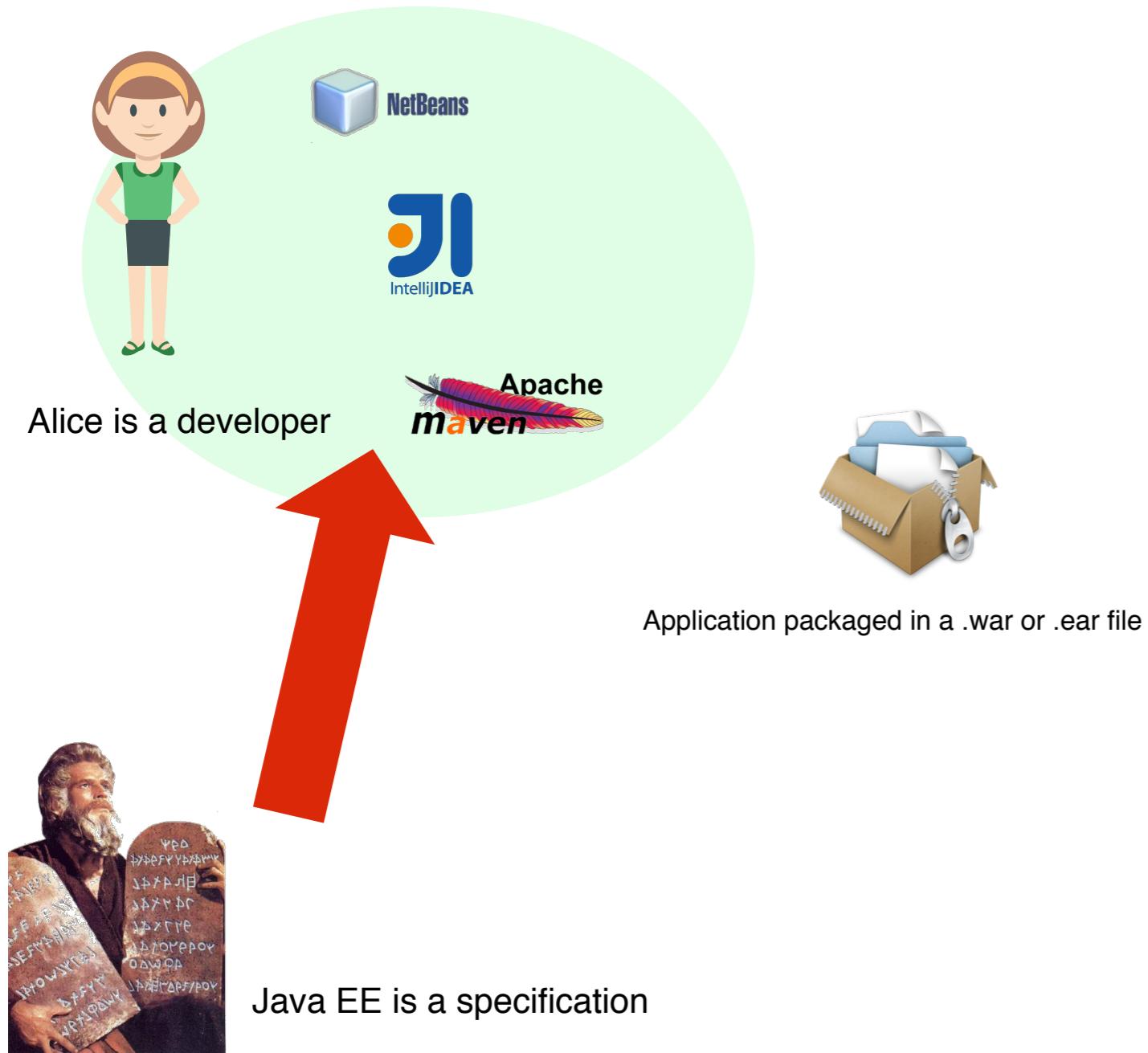
- The software that implements the Java EE specification is called an “**application server**”
  - There are **open source** and **proprietary** application servers.
  - Glassfish, JBoss, WebSphere, BEA WebLogic are examples of application servers.
  - Editors compete on aspects that are not defined the specification (clustering, administration, etc.).
- Key notion in the Java EE architecture: the **containers**
  - a container is an **environment** in which we deploy components;
  - a container **provides services** (transactions, security, etc.) through APIs;
  - there are different containers in Java EE: the "**web**" container, the "**ejb**" container and even a "**client**" container that can be used for rich clients.



# Today's agenda

13:15 - 13:30	15'	Intro: multi-tiered apps and Java EE
<b>13:30 - 14:15</b>	<b>45'</b>	<b>AMT-Discovery</b>
14:15 - 14:30	15'	Guidelines for phase 1
14:30 - 15:30	60'	Individual work
15:30 - 15:40	10'	Wrap-up

# AMT-Discovery



## The Java EE development cycle



Carol is a end-user



# AMT-Discovery

The screenshot shows a code editor interface with two main panes. The left pane displays the `docker-compose.yml` configuration file, and the right pane shows the project's directory structure.

**docker-compose.yml Content:**

```
version: '2'
services:
  glassfish:
    build: ./images/glassfish
    ports:
      - "8080:8080"
      - "4848:4848"
  wildfly:
    build: ./images/wildfly
    ports:
      - "9090:8080"
      - "9990:9990"
  tomcat:
    build: ./images/tomcat
    ports:
      - "7070:8080"
```

**Project Directory Structure:**

- Teaching-HEIGVD-AMT-Discovery
  - apps-dist
    - LandingPageApp-1.0-SNAPSHOT.war
    - LandingPageMVCApp-1.0-SNAPSHOT.war
  - images
    - glassfish
      - Dockerfile
      - drivers
    - mysql
    - tomcat
    - wildfly
      - Dockerfile
  - LICENSE
  - README.md
  - src
    - LandingPageApp
      - nb-configuration.xml
      - pom.xml
      - src
      - target
        - classes
        - endorsed
        - LandingPageApp-1.0-SNAPSHOT
        - LandingPageApp-1.0-SNAPSHOT.war
        - maven-archiver
        - maven-status
        - test-classes
    - LandingPageMVCApp
      - nb-configuration.xml
      - pom.xml
      - src
      - target
  - topology-amt

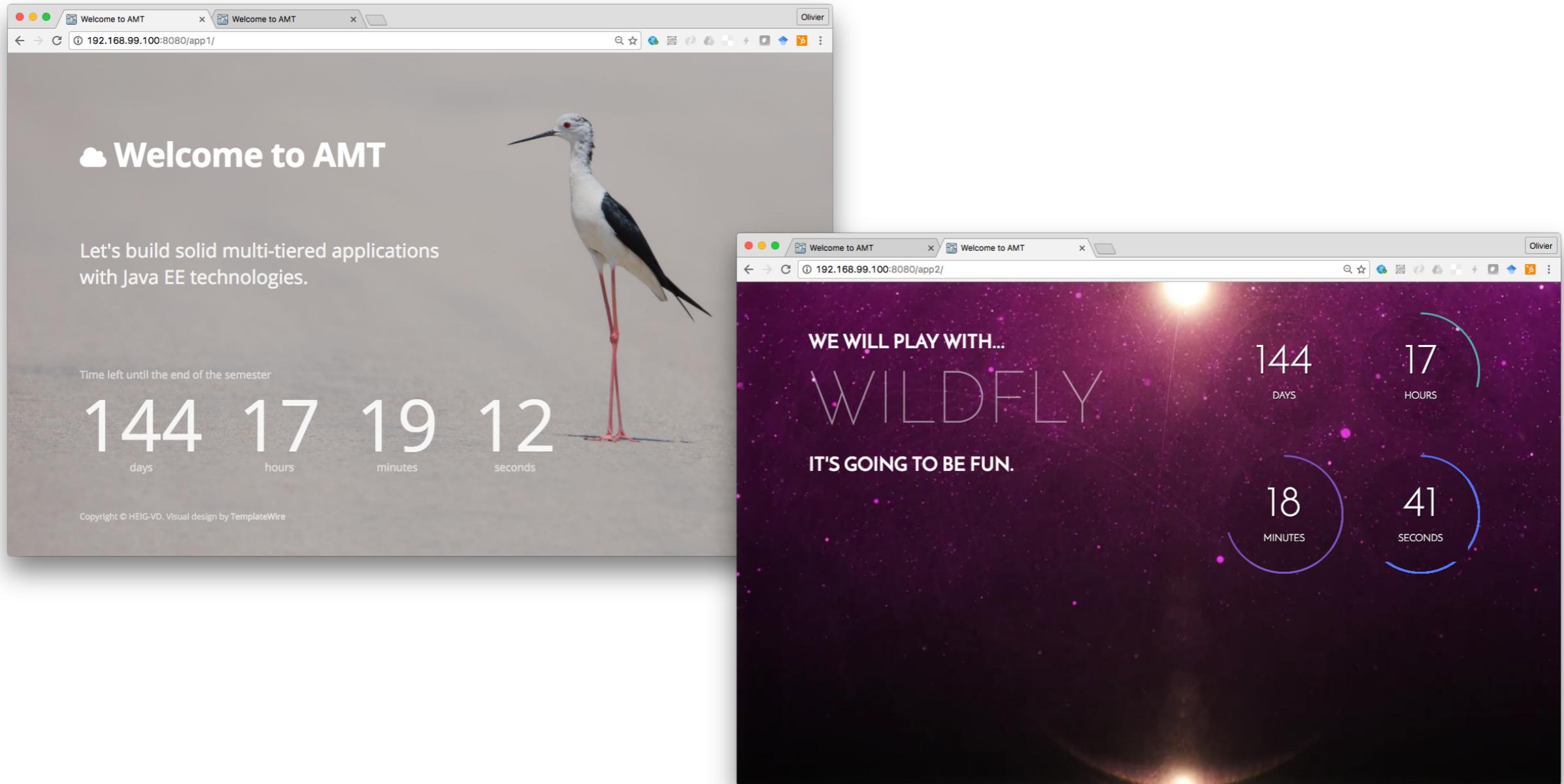
# AMT-Discovery

The image displays three browser tabs side-by-side, illustrating different Java application server management consoles:

- GlassFish Console - Common**: Shows the GlassFish interface with sections for Common Tasks, GlassFish News, Deployment, Administration, Monitoring, and Resources.
- Apache Tomcat/8.5.5**: Shows the Apache Tomcat interface with sections for Home, Documentation, Configuration, Examples, Wiki, Mailing Lists, and Developer Quick Start.
- WildFly Management**: Shows the WildFly interface with sections for Home, Deployments, Configuration, Runtime, Access Control, and Patching.

The WildFly Management tab is currently active, displaying the WildFly interface. The GlassFish Console - Common tab is also visible below it.

# AMT-Discovery



- **Install the last version of docker**
  - We will use docker compose
- **Fork and clone the AMT-Discovery repo**
  - <https://github.com/SoftEng-HEIGVD/Teaching-HEIGVD-AMT-Discovery>
- **Follow the instructions in the repo**
  - You should have 3 different application servers running in 3 docker containers (Apache Tomcat, Oracle Glassfish and JBoss Wildfly)
  - You should deploy 2 Java EE apps (.war packages) in each app server.
- **Webcasts**
  - [https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLfKkysTy70Qa7tSlkbsvOrRc6Ug\\_c0nZz](https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLfKkysTy70Qa7tSlkbsvOrRc6Ug_c0nZz)
  - Bootcamp 1.1, 1.2, 1.3 and 1.4

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# Project - Feature 1 acceptance criteria

As a guest, I can visit the platform home page.

- You can work in **pairs of 2 students** (one can focus on creating the webapp, the other on the docker image)
- Every team must create **a new GitHub repo** (not a fork from AMT-Discovery)
- Every team must decide to work either with **Glassfish** or **Wildfly**
- Every team must **create a new simple webapp** that displays a welcome message (Netbeans is recommended). Pick a free HTML template to have something visually attractive.
- For the feature to be “**done**”, the customer must be able to:
  - Clone the student repo
  - Have instructions in the **README.md** that tell me where to run **docker-compose up**
  - Have instructions in the **README.md** that tell me which URL to access (e.g. <http://192.168.99.100:6060/> platform)
  - See your welcome message in a nice HTML template.

# Feature 1 tasks

Search for information about the ‘autodeploy’ feature of Glassfish or Wildfly.

Prepare a custom Docker image, so that the .war is deployed when the container start. Use the AMT-Discovery .war files while the new app is being developed.

**Prepare the Github repo.**

**Integrate the final .war package in the Docker image.**

**Validate the acceptance criteria.**

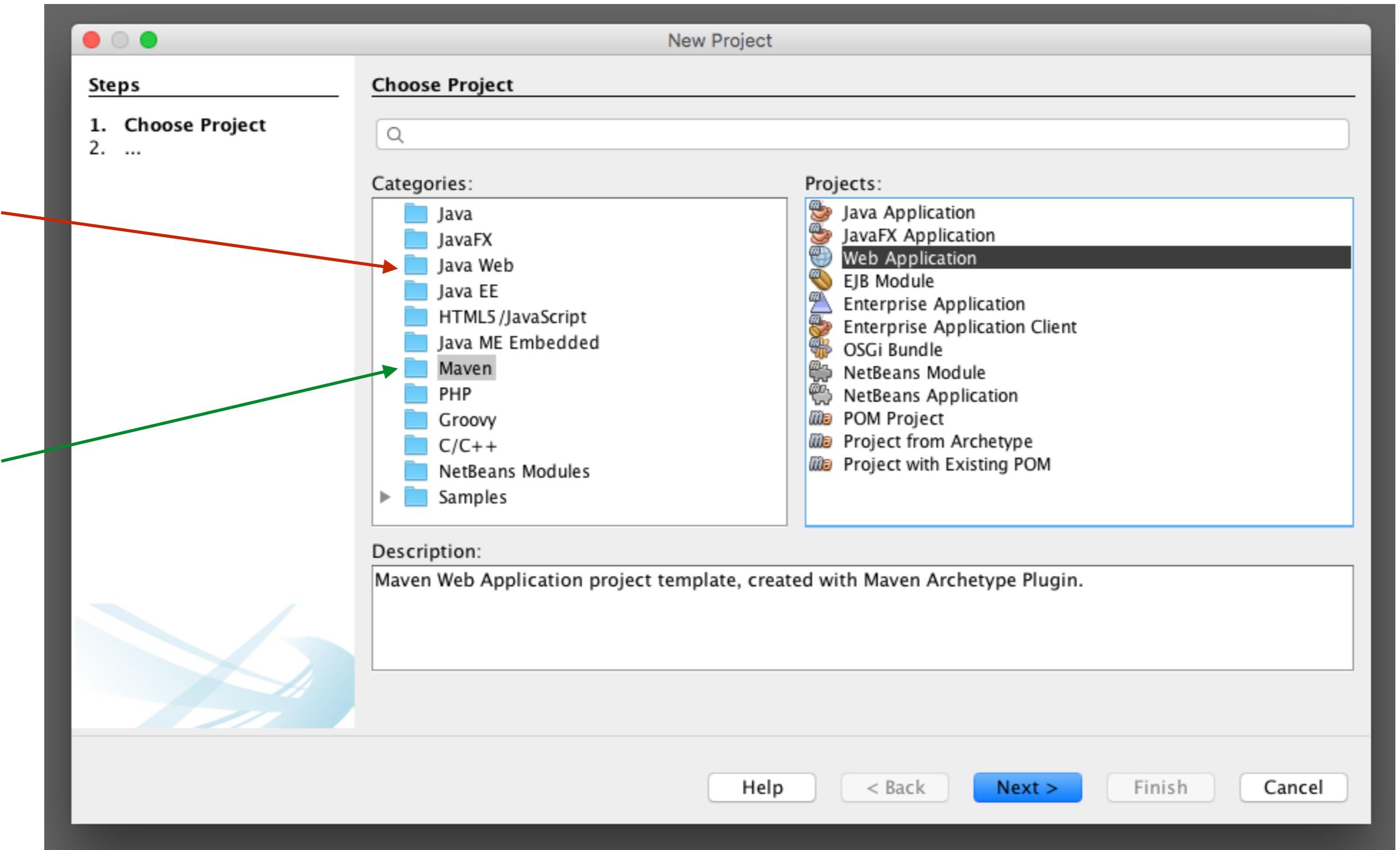
Open the AMT-Discovery apps in Netbeans and inspect structure.

Create a new Java EE web app (with Netbeans) and generate a .war package.

Find a nice HTML template.

Integrate the HTML template in the web app sources

# Create a new Java EE webapp



# Documentation

- 
- <https://glassfish.java.net/documentation.html>
  - <https://docs.jboss.org/author/display/WFLY10/Documentation>