

4.2) From ① we have $d = 4$

$$\cdot) \text{ let } Y = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_0 + \alpha_1 x_1 + \dots + \alpha_4 x_1^4 + \epsilon_1 \\ \vdots \\ \alpha_0 + \alpha_1 x_{100} + \dots + \alpha_4 x_{100}^4 + \epsilon_{100} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow Y \sim \mathcal{N}(\vec{\mu}_Y, \Sigma_Y)$$

$$\text{where } \vec{\mu}_Y = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_0 + \alpha_1 x_1 + \dots + \alpha_4 x_1^4 \\ \vdots \\ \alpha_0 + \alpha_1 x_{100} + \dots + \alpha_4 x_{100}^4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Sigma_Y = \begin{pmatrix} 100 & 0 \\ 0 & \ddots & 100 \end{pmatrix}$$

$\cdot)$ When all the $\epsilon_i = 0$, then $(A^T A)^{-1} A^T \vec{Y} =$

$$(A^T A)^{-1} A^T \vec{\mu}_Y = \vec{\alpha} = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha_0 \\ \vdots \\ \alpha_4 \end{pmatrix}$$

Therefore, $\hat{\alpha} = (A^T A)^{-1} A^T \vec{Y} = c \vec{Y} \sim \mathcal{N}(\vec{\alpha}, \underbrace{c \Sigma_Y c^T}_{\Sigma_{\hat{\alpha}}})$

Then $\hat{\alpha}_0 = (1 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0) \hat{\alpha} = 0 \hat{\alpha} \sim \mathcal{N}(\alpha_0, \underbrace{0 \Sigma_{\hat{\alpha}} 0^T}_{\delta_{\alpha_0}^2})$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\hat{\alpha}_0 - \alpha_0}{\sqrt{\delta_{\alpha_0}^2}} \sim \mathcal{N}(0, 1)$$

$\cdot)$ $H_0 : \alpha_0 = 0$

$$TN = \frac{\hat{\alpha}_0}{\sqrt{\delta_{\alpha_0}^2}} = \frac{3,73}{\sqrt{2,34}} \approx 2,44$$

$$\in \text{Rejection Region} = (-\infty, -1,96) \cup (1,96, \infty)$$

\Rightarrow Reject H_0

• p-value $\approx 0,015$

$$\Rightarrow 95\% \text{ CI} : P \left(-1,96 < \frac{\hat{\alpha}_0 - \alpha_0}{\sqrt{s_{\alpha_0}^2}} < 1,96 \right) = 95\%$$

$$\Rightarrow P \left(\hat{\alpha}_0 - 1,96 s_{\alpha_0} < \alpha_0 < \hat{\alpha}_0 + 1,96 s_{\alpha_0} \right) = 95\%$$

With $\hat{\alpha}_0 = 3,73$, $s_{\alpha_0}^2 = 2,34$

$$\Rightarrow 95\% \text{ CI for } \alpha_0 : (0,73 ; 6,73)$$