Implementation and Deployment: Tripedia

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I. ARCHITECTURAL DESIGN PROCESS

Question: Identify and articulate what are your architectural designs and the associated software engineering process.

Architectural designs serve as the blueprints for our software systems, shaping their form and defining the relationships among components. Our design choice comes with its own set of considerations and implications. In this chapter, we will dissect the architectural design of the Tripedia system.

A. Architectural Design

In our system, we adopted the MVC Architectural Pattern. At the same time, we have referred to the design philosophy of Layered Architectural Pattern. We try our best to decouple the logic by architectual design, and achieve a great results.

The architectural design is shown in figure1. Meanwhile, the detail is introducted in Chapter III: the adoption of MVC and Layered Architecture.

B. Software Engineering Process

II. ARCHITECTURE DESIGN CONSIDERATION

Question: Indicate if any revision to your architectural design is necessary. If the answer is Yes, please explain what revision, and the reason.

In this chapter, we will explore the scenarios of our system. And we will give reasons for our decision about revision.

A. Revision Consideration

To be honest, we **did not do any revision** in our architectural design.

B. Reasons

There are several reasons about why we did not change our architectural structure.

- (1) We have adequate initial planning in our project. At the beginning of the development, we have carefully designed the development framework and possible future development plans. This careful planning ensured that the architecture was well-suited to meet the project's requirements.
- (2) Our architecture is flexibility and scalability. Our architecture is stable enough for us to expand functions. We did not meet any obstacles in our development. This adaptability helped in avoiding major architectural revisions.

- (3) Our system has great technological compatibility. The selected technology stack and tools were fully compatible with the chosen architecture, ensuring smooth development and operation processes.
- (4) Our project is a prototype, we have no need to concern the bussiness requirements.

III. THE ADOPTION OF MVC AND LAYERED ARCHITECTURE

Question: Further adopt MVC and Layered Architecture Pattern to your ICDE-App. Describe your design decisions, and discuss the pros and cons of the design.

In this chapter, we discuss the adoption of MVC and Layered Architecture Patterns into the Tripedia system. By embracing these architectural patterns, we aim to achieve a balance between flexibility, scalability, and maintainability. Finally, we explain the pros and cons of our system architecture.

A. The Adoption of MVC Architecture Pattern

As shown in figure 1, our system mainly adopt the MVC Architecture Pattern. Our system can be divided into three parts: View, Controller and Model.

In the View part, we implement multiple user interfaces based on the web pages, which is responsible for data presentation and the interaction with users. For example, the Data Analysis User Interface provides the questionnaire to capture user's preference data, and presents the analysis results with html diagram.

The controller worked as the bridge between the View and the Mode. The controller gather the requests sent from the View and processes the request based on the Model services. For example, the diagram display controller gets the request of presenting the analysis result. The Diagram display controller manipulates the Data Analysis Model in Model part to gain the results. Finally, the results are returned to the View part by the Diagram Display Controller.

The model focuses on the data processing. For example, the data analysis model provide the interfaces of data analysing for the controller.

Above all, our system adopted a standard MVC architecture in the development.

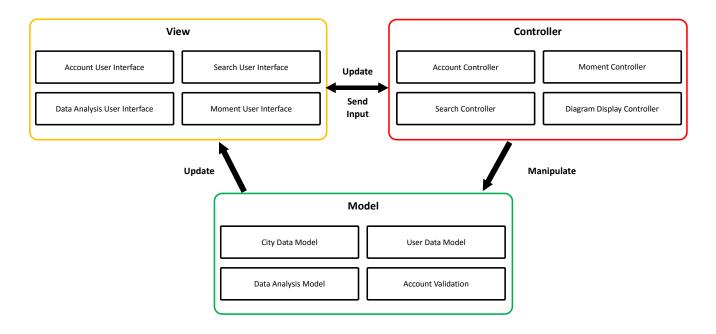


Fig. 1. The Adoption of MVC Pattern in Tripedia.

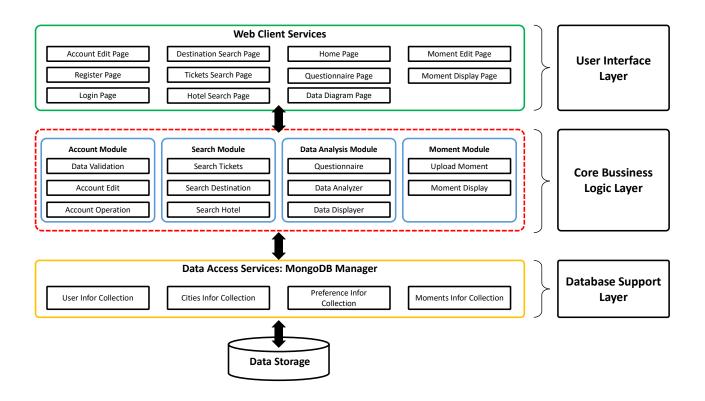


Fig. 2. The Adoption of Layered Architecture Pattern in Tripedia.

Task Name	LOC	Component Granularity Level	Numbers of Units
Account Login and Password Validation		Module	1
Data Displayer		Python Class	1
Data Analyzer		Python Class	1
Questionnaire		Module	1

B. The Adoption of Layered Architecture Pattern

From layered architectural views, our system develops in a systematic way to organize and structure code. The layered architectural pattern divides the software application into distinct layers, each responsible for a specific set of functionalities. The layers are arranged hierarchically, with each layer interacting primarily with the layers immediately above and below it.

As shown in figure 2, our system is designed in three layers:

- User Interface Layer: responsible for interacting with users and presenting information in a user-friendly manner.
- Core Bussiness Logic Layer: responsible for implementing the core business rules, logic, and processes of the application.
- Database Support Layer: responsible for supporting mongodb unique interfaces.

In user interface layer, we focus on the designing and development of web pages. In this part, There are multi modules in our system, and each system needs a user-friendly interface. These web pages are interact with the Core Bussiness Logic Layer. For example, when users wanna to login to our system, they will interact with the login page of User Interface Layer. Furthermore, the operation of users sends to the Core Bussiness Logic Layer, and the module in Core Bussiness Logic Layer response for the requests.

In Core Bussiness Logic Layer, we implement a series of server functions, which are the core functions of the system. The account module is responsible for the issues of account operations. The search module processes the search functions based on the crawling. The data analysis module provides a set of recommendation services based on user preference data. Finally, the moment module provides a platform for user to share their travel experience.

In Database Support Layer, we designed and implemented different database interface for different data structure. The Database Support Layer provides unique database interfaces to support the processing of the Core Bussiness Logic Layer.

Above all, we adopted the design philosophy of Layered Architecture into our system, which makes our development process more smooth.

C. The Pros and Cons

We try our best to combine the MVC and Layered Architecture patterns, which brings several advantages to our ICDE application. Meanwhile, the architecture also comes with potential drawbacks.

The advantages of our system architecture are as follows:

- Maintainability: By breaking the application down into modular components, it becomes easier to pinpoint and address issues, increasing the application's maintainability.
- Scalability: Both the MVC pattern and layered architecture pattern support building scalable applications. In our project, adding new features or modifying existing ones can be done without affecting other parts of the codebase.
- Testability: The separation provided by these patterns makes unit testing and integration testing more straightforward, enhancing the application's quality.

On the other hand, our system also has some shortcomings.

- Performance Overhead: Because of the transmission of information, our architecture may introduce performance overhead.
- Complexity: MVC and layered architecture patterns can introduce complexity to the application as you need to manage multiple components and their interactions.

In conclusion, applying MVC and layered architecture patterns to the ICDE application can enhance its maintainability, scalability, and testability but also requires a balance between complexity and performance considerations.

IV. SOFTWARE METRICS AND GRANULARITY OF COMPONENTS

Question: Please make a statistical count of software metrics from all your tasks implemented so far and form a table given the template below.

Our development statistics is shown in tableI.