jStar Eclipse tutorial

August 27, 2010

1 Installation

Prerequisites:

• JDK 6 (not JRE since it does not have a compiler needed for annotation processing)

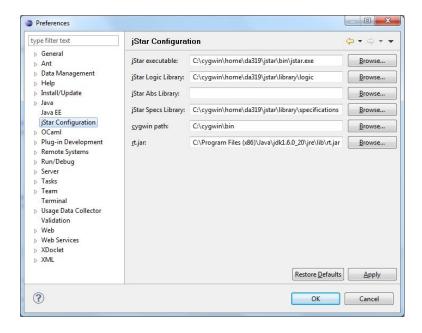
Two ways:

- 1. Add the jar file com.jstar.eclipse_1.0.0.jar to eclipse/dropins/ folder and restart Eclipse.
- 2. Need to create an update site.

2 Configuration

On Windows with cygwin:

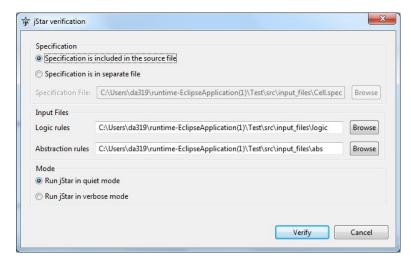
Go to Windows \rightarrow Preferences \rightarrow jStar Configuration and set the required directories.



3 Verification

You can verify source file by selecting Verify with jStar from the context menu or the main toolbar.

By selecting $Verify\ with\ jStar\ Configurations...,\ you\ can indicate the location of specification, logic and abstraction rules.$



Specification in source file

If you want to write specification in the source file, you need to add annotations.jar (can be found in com.jstar.eclipse/jar files/annotations) to your project Java Build Path.

Annotations

- @Import has one element String[] value. This annotation can be used to annotate only type declarations.
- @Predicate is used for define and export statements. It has three elements: String predicate, String formula, DefinitionType type. DefinitionType is enum with two values Define and Export. The default value of type is DefinitionType.Define. This annotation can be used to annotate only type declarations.
- @Predicates is used if you want to have more than one define and/or export statements. It has one element Predicate[] value. This annotation can be used to annotate only type declarations.
- @InitSpec is a (dynamic / both static and dynamic) specification for constructor which is not explicitly defined in the source code. It has two elements: String pre, String post. This annotation can be used to annotate only type declarations.
- @InitSpecs is (dynamic / both static and dynamic) specifications which are conjuncted with also for constructor which is not explicitly defined in the source code. It has one element InitSpec[] value. This annotation can be used to annotate only type declarations.
- @InitSpecStatic is a static specification for constructor which is not explicitly defined in the source code. It has two elements: String pre, String post. This annotation can be used to annotate only type declarations.
- @InitSpecsStatic is static specifications which are conjuncted with also for constructor which is not explicitly defined in the source code. It has one element InitSpecStatic[] value. This annotation can be used to annotate only type declarations.
- @Spec is a (dynamic / both static and dynamic) specification for a method or a constructor. It has two elements: String pre, String post. This annotation can be used to annotate only method and constructor declarations.
- @Specs is (dynamic / both static and dynamic) specifications which are conjuncted with also for a method or a constructor. It has one element: Spec[] value. This annotation can be used to annotate only method and constructor declarations.

- @SpecStatic is a static specification for a method or a constructor. It has two elements: String pre, String post. This annotation can be used to annotate only method and constructor declarations.
- @SpecsStatic is static specifications which are conjuncted with also for a method or a constructor. It has one element: SpecStatic[] value. This annotation can be used to annotate only method and constructor declarations.

Examples of annotations in the source code:

Annotation in source file	Generated specification file
<pre>@Import("Spec.spec")</pre>	<pre>import("Spec.spec");</pre>
<pre>@Import({"Spec1.spec", "Spec2.spec"})</pre>	<pre>import("Spec1.spec"); import("Spec2.spec");</pre>
<pre>@Predicate(predicate = "P(x)", formula = "F(x)")</pre>	<pre>define P(x) as F(x);</pre>
<pre>@Predicate(predicate = "P(x)", formula = "F(x)", type = DefinitionType.Export)</pre>	<pre>export P(x) as F(x);</pre>

```
@Predicates({
   @Predicate(
      predicate = "P1(x)",
      formula = "F1(x)",
      type = DefinitionType.Export
                                         export P1(x) as F1(x);
   ),
                                         define P2(x) as F2(x);
   @Predicate(
      predicate = "P2(x)",
      formula = "F2(x)"
})
@InitSpec(
                                         void <init>() :
   pre = "precondition",
                                            { precondition }
   post = "postcondition"
                                            { postcondition }
@InitSpecs({
   @InitSpec(
      pre = "precondition 1",
                                         void <init>() :
      post = "postcondition 1"
                                            { precondition 1 }
   ),
                                            { postcondition 1 }
                                            andalso
   @InitSpec(
      pre = "precondition 2",
                                            { precondition 2 }
      post = "postcondition 2"
                                            { postcondition 2 }
   )
})
@InitSpecStatic(
                                         void <init>() static :
   pre = "precondition",
                                            { precondition }
  post = "postcondition"
                                            { postcondition }
```

```
@InitSpecsStatic({
   @InitSpecStatic(
      pre = "precondition 1",
                                           void <init>() static :
                                              { precondition 1 }
      post = "postcondition 1"
   ),
                                              { postcondition 1 }
   @InitSpecStatic(
                                              andalso
      pre = "precondition 2",
                                              { precondition 2 }
      post = "postcondition 2"
                                              { postcondition 2 }
})
                                           method\ declaration:
@Spec(
   pre = "precondition",
                                              { precondition }
   post = "postcondition"
                                              { postcondition }
method\ declaration
@Specs({
   @Spec(
                                           method\ declaration:
      pre = "precondition 1",
                                              { precondition 1 }
      post = "postcondition 1"
                                              { postcondition 1 }
   ),
                                              andalso
   @Spec(
                                              { precondition 2 }
      pre = "precondition 2",
                                              { postcondition 2 }
      post = "postcondition 2"
   )
})
method\ declaration
                                           method\ declaration\ \mathtt{static} :
@SpecStatic(
   pre = "precondition",
                                              { precondition }
   post = "postcondition"
                                              { postcondition }
)
method\ declaration
```

```
@SpecsStatic({
   @SpecStatic(
                                           method\ declaration\ {\tt static} :
      pre = "precondition 1",
                                               { precondition 1 }
      post = "postcondition 1"
                                               { postcondition 1 }
   ),
                                               andalso
   @SpecStatic(
                                               { precondition 2 }
      pre = "precondition 2",
      post = "postcondition 2"
                                               { postcondition 2 }
})
method\ declaration
```

Verification errors

In case there are some verification errors, you can see error messages in console. The lines in source code where the problem appeared are annotated as squiggly marks.