The following opcodes are used for **subtraction**:

- SUBI Subtract Signed Integer
- SUBU Subtract Unsigned Integer
- SUBF Subtract Floating Point

## [SUBI] — Sub Signed Integer {#SUBI}

```
L2 = L2 - <signed_imm>
L2 = L2 - <reg_val>
L2 = L2 - <const>
```

## === "SUBI Example"

```
```linenums="1" hl_lines="1 3 5 7"
    ; imm +ve
        SUBI    1
    ; imm -ve
        SUBI    -123
    ; reg val
        SUBI    val(QT)
    ; const
        SUBI    SOME_CONST_VAL
```

## === "SUBI Properties"

## SUBU — Sub Unsigned Integer {#SUBU}

```
L3 = L3 - <unsigned_imm>
L3 = L3 - <reg_val>
L3 = L3 - <const>
```

=== "SUBU Example"

```
'``linenums="1" hl_lines="1 3 5"
   ; imm +ve
        SUBU   1
   ; reg val
        SUBU   val(QT)
   ; const
        SUBU   SOME_CONST_VAL
```

=== "SUBU Properties"

### SUBF — \_Sub Float value\_ {#SUBF}

```
L1 = L1 - <float>
L1 = L1 - <reg_val>
L1 = L1 - <const>
```

=== "SUBF Example"

```
```linenums="1" hl_lines="1 3 5"
   ; imm float
        SUBF   3.14
   ; reg val
        SUBF   val(QT)
   ; const
        SUBF   SOME_CONST_VAL
```
```

=== "SUBF Properties"

```
| Opcode | Operand Type | Destination | |------| | 24 | 64-bit Float Value | L1 (implicit) | | Identified as memonic [#SUBF](#SUBF), SUBF is used to subtract a 64-bit floating point value from the L1 register
```