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Department of Information Technology

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Subject: Advanced Devops Lab (ADL)
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EXPERIMENT NO. 07

Aim: To understand Static Analysis SAST process and learn to integrate Jenkins SAST to SonarQube/GitLab.

Steps:

- 1) Install and configure a Jenkins and SonarQube CICD environment using Docker containers.
- 2) Configure Jenkins with the SonarQube Scanner plugin for automated static code analysis.

1) Install and configure a Jenkins and SonarQube CICD environment using Docker containers.

Installation of Jenkins

The version of Jenkins included with the default Ubuntu packages is often behind the latest available version from the project itself. To take advantage of the latest fixes and features, you can use the project-maintained packages to install Jenkins.

```
manjusha@apsit:~$ wget -q -O -  
https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable/jenkins.io.key | sudo apt-key add -
```

When the key is added, the system will return OK. Next, append the Debian package repository address to the server's sources.list:



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```
manjusha@apsit:~$ sudo sh -c 'echo deb http://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable binary/ > /etc/apt/sources.list.d/jenkins.list'
```

When both of these are in place, run `update` so that `apt` will use the new repository:

```
manjusha@apsit:~$ sudo apt update
```

Finally, install Jenkins and its dependencies:

```
manjusha@apsit:~$ sudo apt install jenkins
```

Let's start Jenkins using `systemctl`:

```
manjusha@apsit:~$ sudo systemctl start jenkins
```

Since `systemctl` doesn't display output, you can use its `status` command to verify that Jenkins started successfully:

```
manjusha@apsit:~$ sudo systemctl status jenkins
```

If everything went well, the beginning of the output should show that the service is active and configured to start at boot:

Now that Jenkins is running, let's adjust our firewall rules so that we can reach it from a web browser to complete the initial setup.

Opening the Firewall

By default, Jenkins runs on port 8080, so let's open that port using `ufw`:

```
manjusha@apsit:~$ sudo ufw allow 8080
```

Setting Up Jenkins

To set up your installation, visit Jenkins on its default port, 8080, using your server domain name or IP address: **`http://your_server_ip_or_domain:8080`**

You should see the Unlock Jenkins screen, which displays the location of the initial password:



Getting Started

Unlock Jenkins

To ensure Jenkins is securely set up by the administrator, a password has been written to the log (not sure where to find it?) and this file on the server:

```
/var/lib/jenkins/secrets/initialAdminPassword
```

Please copy the password from either location and paste it below.

Administrator password

Continue

In the terminal window, use the cat command to display the password:

```
manjusha@apsit:~$ sudo cat /var/lib/jenkins/secrets/initialAdminPassword
```

Copy the 32-character alphanumeric password from the terminal and paste it into the Administrator password field, then click Continue.

The next screen presents the option of installing suggested plugins or selecting specific plugins:

Getting Started

Customize Jenkins

Plugins extend Jenkins with additional features to support many different needs.

Install suggested plugins

Install plugins the Jenkins community finds most useful.

Select plugins to install

Select and install plugins most suitable for your needs.



We'll click the Install suggested plugins option, which will immediately begin the installation process:

Getting Started

Getting Started

✓ Folders	✓ OWASP Markup Formatter	✓ Build Timeout	✓ Credentials Binding	<pre>** Pipeline: Milestone Step ** JavaScript GUI Lib: jQuery bundles (jQuery and jQuery UI) ** Jackson 2 API ** JavaScript GUI Lib: ACE Editor bundle ** Pipeline: SCM Step ** Pipeline: Groovy ** Pipeline: Input Step ** Pipeline: Stage Step ** Pipeline: Job ** Pipeline Graph Analysis ** Pipeline: REST API ** JavaScript GUI Lib: Handlebars bundle ** JavaScript GUI Lib: Moment.js bundle Pipeline: Stage View ** Pipeline: Build Step ** Pipeline: Model API ** Pipeline: Declarative Extension Points API ** Apache HttpComponents Client 4.x API ** JSch dependency</pre>
✓ Timestampers	✓ Workspace Cleanup	✓ Ant	✓ Gradle	
🔗 Pipeline	🔗 GitHub Branch Source	🔗 Pipeline: GitHub Groovy Libraries	✓ Pipeline: Stage View	
🔗 Git	🔗 Subversion	🔗 SSH Slaves	🔗 Matrix Authorization Strategy	
🔗 PAM Authentication	🔗 LDAP	🔗 Email Extension	🔗 Mailer	

When the installation is complete, you will be prompted to set up the first administrative user. It's possible to skip this step and continue as admin using the initial password we used above, but we'll take a moment to create the user.



Getting Started

Create First Admin User

Username:

Password:

Confirm password:

Full name:

E-mail address:

Jenkins 2.364

[Skip and continue as admin](#)

[Save and Continue](#)

Instance Configuration

Jenkins URL:

The Jenkins URL is used to provide the root URL for absolute links to various Jenkins resources. That means this value is required for proper operation of many Jenkins features including email notifications, PR status updates, and the BUILD_URL environment variable provided to build steps.

The proposed default value shown is **not saved yet** and is generated from the current request, if possible. The best practice is to set this value to the URL that users are expected to use. This will avoid confusion when sharing or viewing links.

After confirming the appropriate information, click Save and Finish. You will see a confirmation page confirming that “Jenkins is Ready!”:



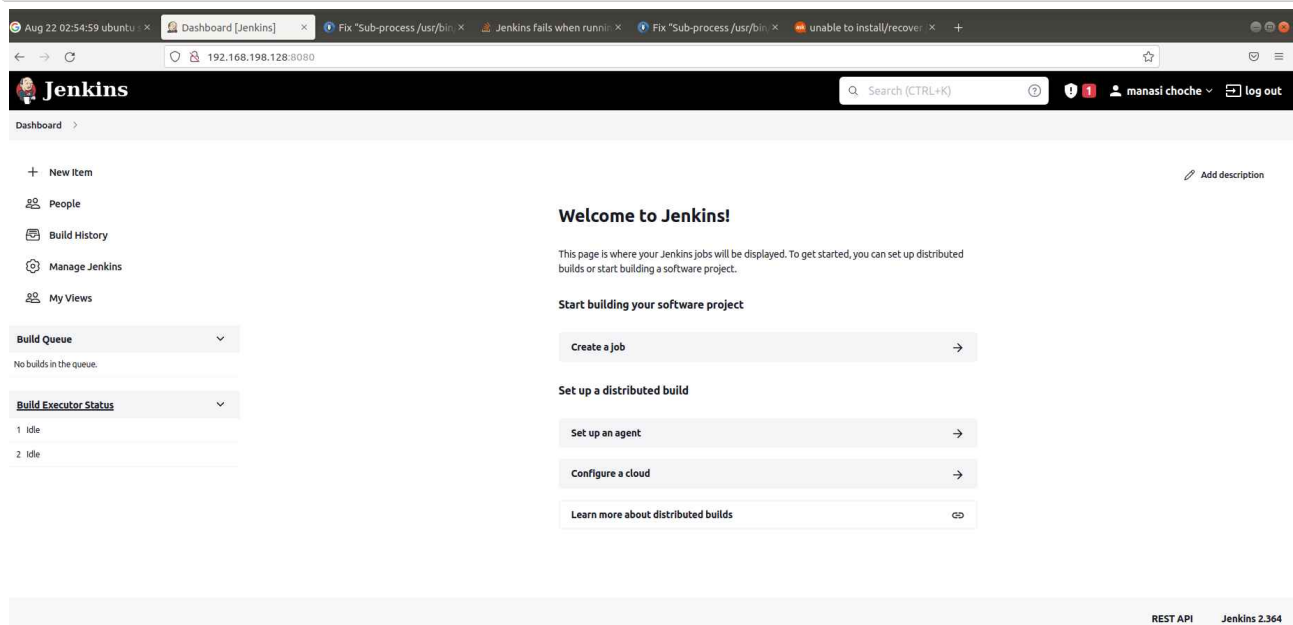
Getting Started

Jenkins is ready!

Your Jenkins setup is complete.

[Start using Jenkins](#)

Click Start using Jenkins to visit the main Jenkins dashboard:



SonarQube Setup

Before proceeding with the integration, we will setup SonarQube Instance. we are using SonarQube Docker Container.

```
manjusha@apsit:~$docker run -d -p 9000:9000 sonarqube
```




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```
Processing triggers for ureadahead (0.100.0-21) ...
root@ubuntu:/home/manasi# docker run -d -p 9000:9000 sonarqube
Unable to find image 'sonarqube:latest' locally
latest: Pulling from library/sonarqube
9621f1afde84: Pull complete
1220b1fb64e6: Pull complete
f0a3b7127ede: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:9ca40ae23bb2228a6c4cc8c20de41fcd72a8ed7358331b4bd5910cd20dcee995
Status: Downloaded newer image for sonarqube:latest
ed54d42e5aa9a31f212c204e48e47b80e63478abbf7960ce65c6c56a99a35e24
root@ubuntu:/home/manasi#
```

In the above command, we are forwarding port 9000 of the container to the port 9000 of the host machine as SonarQube is will run on port 9000. Then, from the browser, enter <http://localhost:9000>. After That, you will see the SonarQube is running. Then, login using default credentials (admin:admin).

Log In to SonarQube

admin

.....

Log in Cancel

**Generate
Token**

User


Now, we need to get the SonarQube user token to make connection between Jenkins and SonarQube. For the same, go to **Administration > User > My Account > Security** and then, from the bottom of the page you can create new tokens by clicking the Generate Button. Copy the Token and keep it safe.


C96798e9bd081e117189b516c868ddb7d87ee785 SonarQube



Tokens of Administrator

Generate Tokens

 New token "Jenkin" has been created. Make sure you copy it now, you won't be able to see it again!

 Copy

c96798e9bd081e117189b516c868ddb7d87ee785

Name	Last use	Created	
Jenkin	Never	July 28, 2021	<input type="button" value="Revoke"/>

Done

2) Configure Jenkins with the SonarQube Scanner plugin for automated static code analysis.

Jenkins Setup for SonarQube

Before all, we need to install the SonarQube Scanner plugin in Jenkins. For the same, go to **Manage Jenkins > Plugin Manager > Available**. From here, type SonarQube Scanner then select and install.



The screenshot shows the Jenkins interface with the 'Plugin Manager' tab selected. A search bar contains 'sonarqube scanner'. The 'Available' tab is active, displaying a table with one entry: 'SonarQube Scanner'. The table has columns for 'Install', 'Name', 'Version', and 'Release Date'. The 'SonarQube Scanner' entry shows version '2.13.1' and release date '2020-09-24'. Below the table, there are buttons for 'Install without restart', 'Download now and install after restart', and 'Check now'. A note indicates 'Update information obtained: 29 min ago'.

Tool Configuration SonarQube Scanner

Now, we need to configure the Jenkins plugin for SonarQube Scanner to make a connection with the SonarQube Instance. For that, got to **Manage Jenkins > Configure System > SonarQube Server**. Then, Add SonarQube. In this, give the Installation Name, Server URL then Add the Authentication token in the Jenkins Credential Manager and select the same in the configuration.

The screenshot shows the 'SonarQube servers' configuration page in Jenkins. It includes a checkbox for 'Environment variables' and a section for 'SonarQube installations'. The 'Name' field is set to 'SonarQube'. The 'Server URL' field is set to 'http://localhost:9000'. The 'Server authentication token' dropdown is set to 'sonarqube'. A note at the bottom states: 'SonarQube authentication token. Mandatory when anonymous access is disabled.'



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Then, we need to set-up the SonarQube Scanner to scan the source code in the various stage. For the same, go to **Manage Jenkins > Global Tool Configuration > SonarQube Scanner**. Then, Click **Add SonarQube Scanner Button**. From there, give some name of the scanner type and **Add Installer** of your choice. In this case, I have selected SonarQube Scanner from Maven Central.

SonarQube Scanner

SonarQube Scanner installations

Add SonarQube Scanner



SonarQube Scanner

Name

SonarQube

☒ Install automatically



Install from Maven Central

Version

SonarQube Scanner 4.6.2.2472 ▼

Add Installer ▼



SonarQube Scanner in Jenkins Pipeline

Now, It's time to integrate the SonarQube Scanner in the Jenkins Pipeline. For the same, we are going to add one more stage in the Jenkinsfile called SonarQube and inside that, I am adding the following settings and code.

Enter an item name

General Build Triggers Advanced Project Options Pipeline

Description

Hello Pipeline job

[Plain text] [Preview](#)

☐ Discard old builds [?](#)

☐ Do not allow concurrent builds

☐ Do not allow the pipeline to resume if the controller restarts

☒ GitHub project

Project url [?](#)

<https://github.com/vishal003/jenkins-sonarqube/>

Folder
Creates a container that stores nested items in it. Useful for grouping things together. Unlike view, which is just a filter, a folder creates a separate namespace, so you can have multiple things of the same name as long as they are in different folders.

Github Configuration in Jenkins Pipeline

Pipeline

Definition

Pipeline script

Script [?](#)

```
1 node
2 {
3     stage('cloning from GIT'){
4         git branch: 'main', credentialsId: 'GIT_REPO', url: 'https://github.com/vishal003/jenkins-sonarqube.git'
5     }
6 }
7
```

Git Clonning into Jenkins



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github.com/vishal003/jenkins-sonarqube

Apps Vishal Badgujar Vishal Sahebr... Gmail YouTube BDA - Google... Mumbai Un... WhatsApp Cisco

Search or jump to... Pull requests Issues Marketplace Explore

vishal003 / jenkins-sonarqube
forked from devopshint/jenkins-sonarqube

< Code Pull requests Actions Projects Wiki Security Insights Settings

main 1 branch 0 tags Go to file Add file Code

This branch is 6 commits ahead of devopshint:main. Contribute Fetch upstream

vishal003 Update README.md 89c34f4 41 minutes ago 16 commits

project	Update sonar-analysis	42 minutes ago
README.md	Update README.md	41 minutes ago

README.md

jenkins-Github-sonarqube CICD Pipeline

Github Repository Contents



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Dashboard > sonarqube > #2

Back to Project

Status

Changes

Console Output

View as plain text

Edit Build Information

Delete build '#2'

Git Build Data

Open Blue Ocean

Replay

Pipeline Steps

Workspaces

Previous Build

Next Build

Console Output

Started by user unknown or anonymous
Running in Durability level: MAX_SURVIVABILITY
[Pipeline] Start of Pipeline
[Pipeline] node
Running on **Jenkins** in /var/lib/jenkins/workspace/sonarqube
[Pipeline] {
[Pipeline] stage
[Pipeline] { (cloning from GIT)
[Pipeline] git
The recommended git tool is: NONE
Warning: CredentialId "GIT_REPO" could not be found.
Cloning the remote Git repository
Cloning repository <https://github.com/vishal003/jenkins-sonarqube.git>
> git init /var/lib/jenkins/workspace/sonarqube # timeout=10
Fetching upstream changes from <https://github.com/vishal003/jenkins-sonarqube.git>
> git --version # timeout=10
> git --version # 'git version 2.17.1'
> git fetch --tags --progress -- <https://github.com/vishal003/jenkins-sonarqube.git> +refs/heads/*:refs/remotes/origin/* # timeout=10
> git config remote.origin.url <https://github.com/vishal003/jenkins-sonarqube.git> # timeout=10
> git config --add remote.origin.fetch +refs/heads/*:refs/remotes/origin/* # timeout=10
Avoid second fetch
> git rev-parse refs/remotes/origin/main^{commit} # timeout=10
Checking out Revision ea3f635e2cee7b1e2d8b1fedf33942709611ea38 (refs/remotes/origin/main)
> git config core.sparsecheckout # timeout=10
> git checkout -f ea3f635e2cee7b1e2d8b1fedf33942709611ea38 # timeout=10
> git branch -a -v --no-abbrev # timeout=10
> git checkout -b main ea3f635e2cee7b1e2d8b1fedf33942709611ea38 # timeout=10
Commit message: "Update sonar-analysis"
First time build. Skipping changelog.
[Pipeline] }
[Pipeline] // stage
[Pipeline] }
[Pipeline] // node
[Pipeline] End of Pipeline
Finished: SUCCESS

Successfully Build Github Repository in Jenkins

Pre-requisite required for Integration settings of Jenkins SAST with SonarQube we have done here successfully, now in order to Integrate of Jenkins CI/CD with SonarQube with the help of sample JAVA program we will implement in next experiment.



Output:

SonarQube servers

If checked, job administrators will be able to inject a SonarQube server configuration as environment variables in the build.

☐ **Environment variables** Enable injection of SonarQube server configuration as build environment variables

SonarQube installations

List of SonarQube installations

Name

sonar qube

Server URL

Default is http://localhost:9000

http://localhost:9000

Server authentication token

SonarQube authentication token. Mandatory when anonymous access is disabled.

- none -

Add

Advanced



Log in to SonarQube

[Log in](#)[Cancel](#)[A](#)[Administrator](#)[Profile](#)[Security](#)[Notifications](#)[Projects](#)

Tokens

If you want to enforce security by not providing credentials of a real SonarQube user to run your code scan or to invoke web services, you can provide a User Token as a replacement of the user login. This will increase the security of your installation by not letting your analysis user's password going through your network.

Generate Tokens

Name Type Expires in

[Generate](#)

New token "Sonar qube" has been created. Make sure you copy it now, you won't be able to see it again!

[Copy](#) `squ_a7610348fc3e88c899Fbd3fb6118662db19f088f`

Name	Type	Project	Last use	Created	Expiration	Actions
Sonar qube	User		Never	September 1, 2023	October 1, 2023	Revoke



SonarQube Scanner installations

SonarQube Scanner installations ✎ Edited

Add SonarQube Scanner

SonarQube Scanner

Name

Sonar qube

☒ Install automatically ?

Install from Maven Central

Version

SonarQube Scanner 5.0.1.3006

Install from Maven Central

Version

SonarQube Scanner 5.0.1.3006

Save

Apply

Dashboard > Sonarqube1 > Configuration

Configure

General

Advanced Project Options

Pipeline

Pipeline

Definition

Pipeline script

Script ?

```
1 node
2 {
3   stage('cloning from GIT'){
4     git branch: 'main', credentialsID: 'GIT_REPO', url: 'https://github.com/vishal003/jenkins-sonarqube.git'
5   }
6 }
```

☒ Use Groovy Sandbox ?

[Pipeline Syntax](#)

Save

Apply



Dashboard > Sonarqube1 >

Status

</> Changes

▶ Build Now

⚙️ Configure

🗑️ Delete Pipeline

🔍 Full Stage View

🔗 GitHub

✎ Rename

❓ Pipeline Syntax

Build History trend ▾

🔍 Filter builds... /

#1 Sep 1, 2023, 3:12 PM

Atom feed for all Atom feed for failures

Pipeline Sonarqube1

luhaeiuhsfesef

Stage View

Average stage times:
(Average full run time: ~7s)

#1 Sep 01 15:12 No Changes

cloning from GIT
7s
7s

Permalinks

Conclusion : Hence we have learnt and implemented Static Analysis SAST process and learn to integrate Jenkins SAST to SonarQube/GitLab.



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