

# Winning Space Race with Data Science

Soham Nimbalkar 25 May 2023



#### Outline

- Executive Summary
- Introduction
- Methodology
- Results
- Conclusion
- Appendix

### **Executive Summary**

#### Summary of methodologies

- -Space X Data Collection using API
- -SpaceX Data Collection with Web Scaping
- -SpaceX Data Wrangling
- -SpaceX EDA using SQL
- -SpaceX EDA Visualization using Pandas and Matplotlib
- -SpaceX Machine Learning Landing Prediction

#### Summary of all results

- -EDA Result
- -Interactive Dashboards
- -Classification

#### Introduction



#### Project background and context

SpaceX advertises Falcon 9 Rocket launches on its website. Other providers cost upward of 165 million dollars each, much of the savings is because SpaceX can reuse the first stage. Thus we can determine the cost of a launch and the launch will be successful or not

#### Problems you want to find answers

We will predict that if Falcon 9 first stage will land succesfully using data



### Methodology

#### **Executive Summary**

- Data collection methodology:
  - Describe how data was collected
- Perform data wrangling
  - Describe how data was processed
- Perform exploratory data analysis (EDA) using visualization and SQL
- Perform interactive visual analytics using Folium and Plotly Dash
- Perform predictive analysis using classification models
  - How to build, tune, evaluate classification models

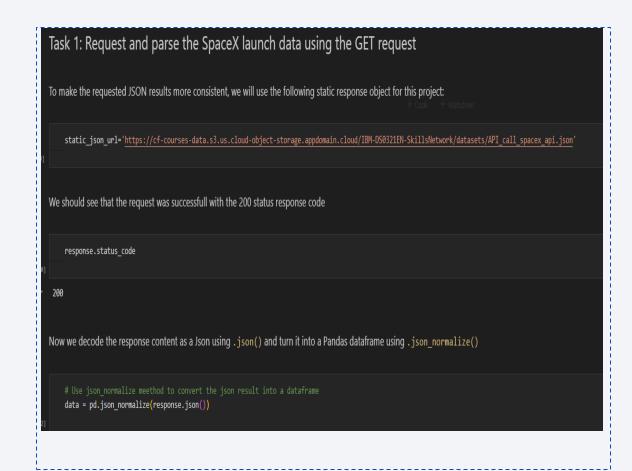
#### **Data Collection**

- Description of how SpaceX Falcon9 data was collected
- Data was first collected using SpaceX API (a RESTful API) by making a get request to the SpaceX API. This was done by first defining a series helper functions that would help in the use of the API to extract information using identification numbers in the launch data and then requesting rocket launch data from the SpaceX API url.
- Finally to make the requested JSON results more consistent the SpaceX launch data was requested and parsed using the GET request and then decoded the response content as a Json result which was then converted into a Pandas data frame.
- Also performed web scraping to collect Falcon 9 historical launch records from a
  Wikipedia page titled List of Falcon 9 and Falcon Heavy launches of the launch records
  are stored in a HTML Using BeautifulSoup and request Libraries, I extract the Falcon 9
  launch HTML table.records from the Wikipedia page. Parsed the table and converted it
  into a Pandas data frame

#### Data Collection - SpaceX API

 Data collected using SpaceX API (a RESTful API) by making a get request to the SpaceX ÁPI then requested and parsed the SpaceX launch data using the GET request and decoded the response content as a Json result which was then converted into a Pandas data frame

 Here is the GitHub URL of the completed SpaceX API calls notebook Click <u>HERE</u>



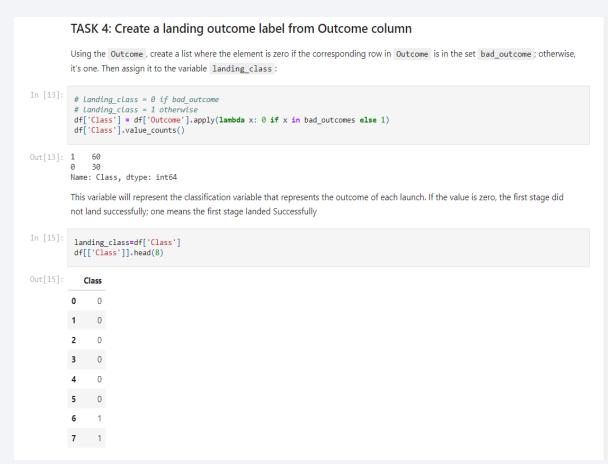
### **Data Collection - Scraping**

- Performed web scraping to collect Falcon 9 historical launch records from a Wikipedia using BeautifulSoup and request, to extract the Falcon 9 launch records from HTML table of the Wikipedia page, then created a data frame by parsing the launch HTML.
- Here Is the Git Hub link

```
TASK 1: Request the Falcon9 Launch Wiki page from its URL
First, let's perform an HTTP GET method to request the Falcon9 Launch HTML page, as an HTTP response.
   response = requests.get(static url)
Create a BeautifulSoup object from the HTML response
    # Use BeautifulSoup() to create a BeautifulSoup object from a response text content
    soup = BeautifulSoup(response.content, 'html.parser')
Print the page title to verify if the BeautifulSoup object was created properly
    soup.title
 <title>List of Falcon 9 and Falcon Heavy launches - Wikipedia</title>
```

### **Data Wrangling**

- After obtaining and creating a Pandas DF from the collected data, data was filtered using the BoosterVersion column to only keep the Falcon 9 launches, then dealt with the missing data values in the Landing Pad and PayloadMass columns. For the PayloadMass missing data values were replaced using mean value of column
- Also performed some Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) to find some patterns in the data and determine what would be the label for training supervised models
- Here Is the Git Hub Link



#### **EDA** with Data Visualization

- Performed data Analysis and Feature Engineering using Pandas and Matplotlib.i.e.
  - -Exploratory Data Analysis
  - -Preparing Data Feature Engineering
- Used scatter plots to Visualize the relationship between Flight Number and Launch Site, Payload and Launch Site, FlightNumber and Orbit type, Payload and Orbit type
- Used Bar chart to Visualize the relationship between success rate of each orbit type
- Line plot to Visualize the launch success yearly trend.
- HERE is the GitHub link For EDA Data Visualization

#### EDA with SQL

- The Following SQL queries were performed for EDA
  - Display names of unique launch sites in space mission
  - % sql SELECT DISTINC LAUNCH\_SITE as 'Launch\_sites' FROM SPACEXTBL
  - -Display 5 records
  - % sql SELECT \* FROM 'SPACEXTBL' WHERE Launch\_Site LIKE 'CCA%' LIMIT 5;
  - Display average payload mass carried by booster version F9 v1.1
- % sql SELECT AVG(PAYLOAD\_MASS\_KG) as 'Total payload mass', Customer FROM 'SPAXEXTBL' WHERE Booster\_Version LIKE 'F9 v1.1%'

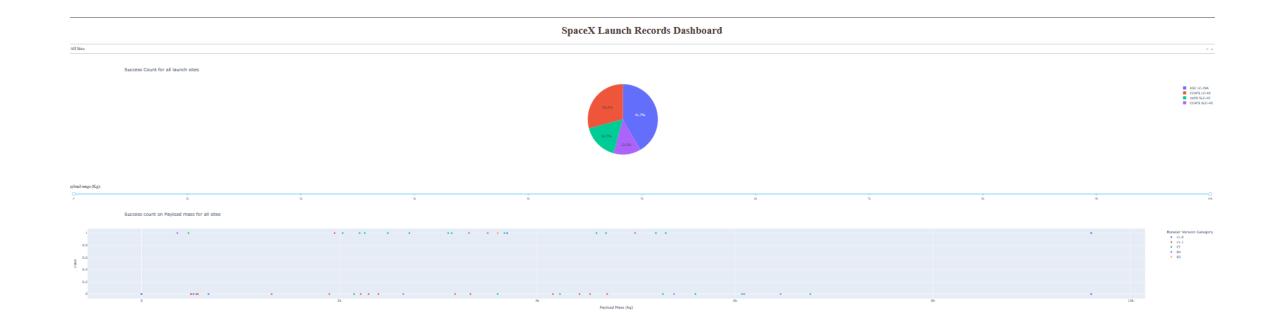
### Build an Interactive Map with Folium

- Created folium map to marked all the launch sites, and created map objects such as markers, circles, lines to mark the success or failure of launches for each launch site.
- Created a launch set outcomes (failure=0 or success=1).
- HERE is the GITHUB link for the Notebook

### Build a Dashboard with Plotly Dash

- Built an interactive dashboard application with Plotly dash by:
  - Adding a Launch Site Drop-down Input Component
  - -Adding a callback function to render success-pie-chart based on selected site
  - -dropdown Adding a Range Slider to Select Payload
  - -Adding a callback function to render the success-payload-scatter-chart scatter plot
- Here is the GitHub Link for the Dashboard with Plotly Dash

## SpaceX Dash App :-



### Predictive Analysis (Classification)

- Summary of how I built, evaluated, improved, and found the best performing classification model
- After loading the data as a Pandas Dataframe, I set out to perform exploratory Data Analysis and determine Training Labels by:
  - -creating a NumPy array from the column Class in data, by applying the method
  - -to numpy() then assigned it to the variable Y as the outcome variable.
  - -Then standardized the feature dataset (x) by transforming it using preprocessing
  - -After which the data was split into training and testing sets using the function.
  - -train test split from sklearn model selection with the test size parameter set to 0.2
- Here is the GitHub link for the Lab

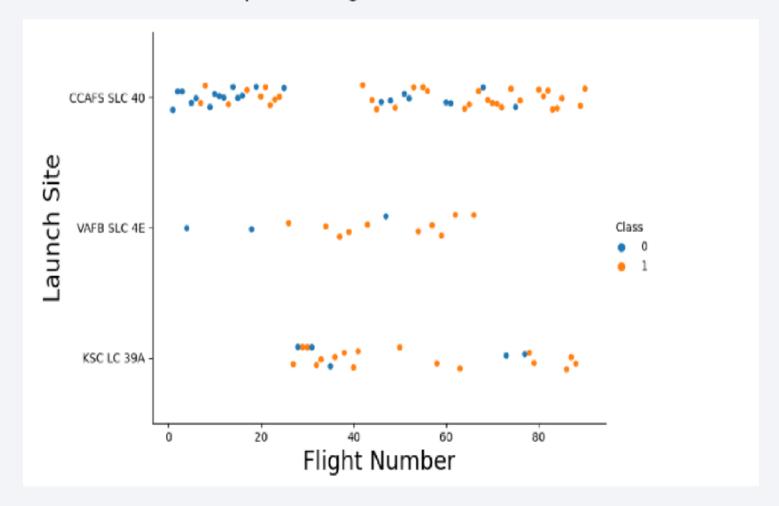
#### Results

- Exploratory data analysis results
- Interactive analytics demo in screenshots
- Predictive analysis results



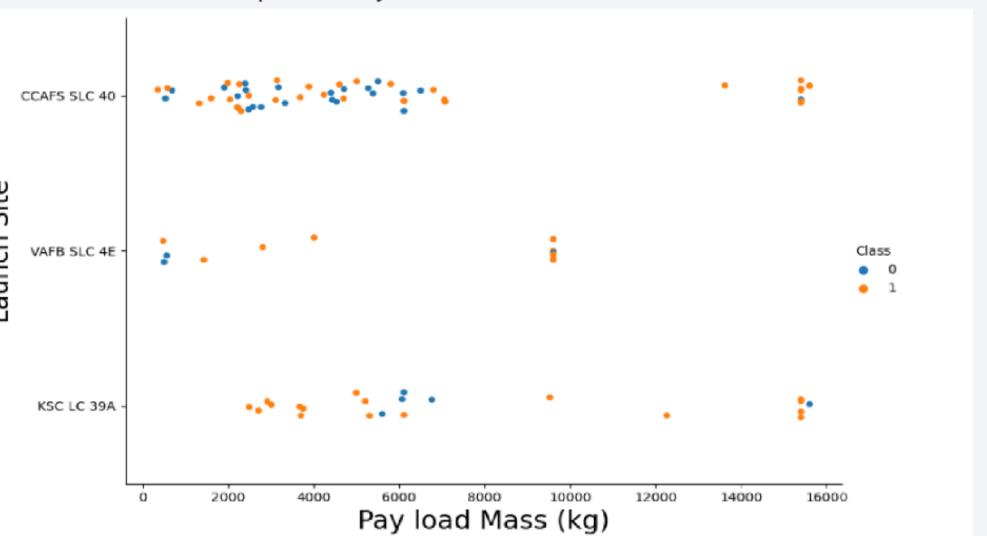
## Flight Number vs. Launch Site

A scatter plot of Flight Number vs. Launch Site



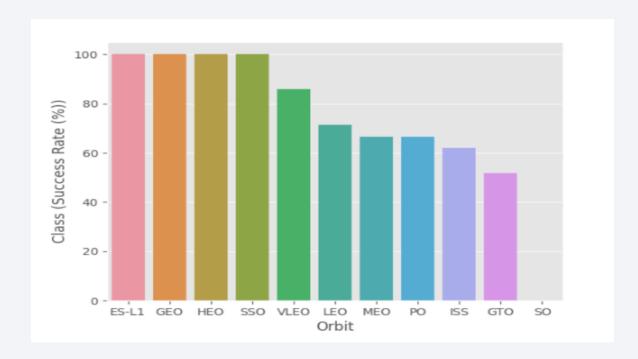
## Payload vs. Launch Site

A scatter plot of Payload vs. Launch Site



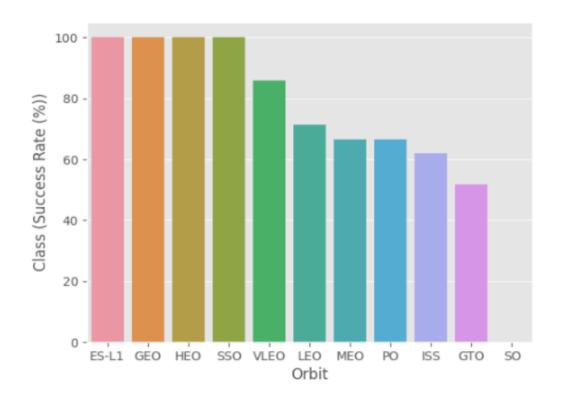
## Success Rate vs. Orbit Type

• Show a bar chart for the success rate of each orbit type



#### Success Rate vs. Orbit Type With Explanation

Success Rate vs. Orbit Type With Explanation

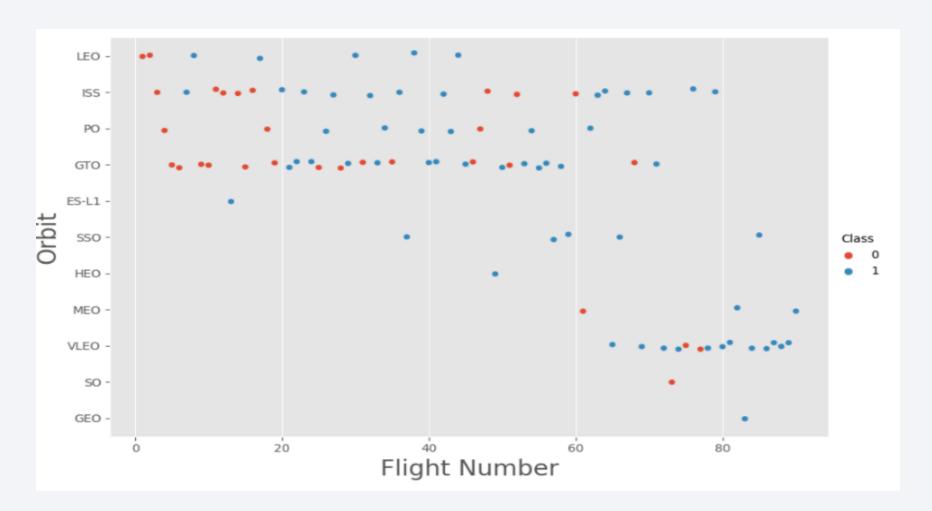


Analyze the ploted bar chart try to find which orbits have high sucess rate.

Orbits ES-L1, GEO, HEO & SSO have the highest success rates at 100%, with SO orbit having the lowest success rate at ~50%. Orbit SO has 0% success rate.

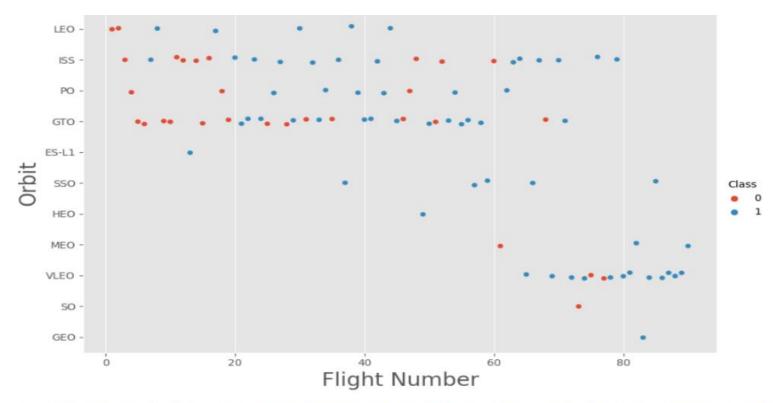
# Flight Number vs. Orbit Type

• Show a scatter point of Flight number vs. Orbit type



#### Flight Number vs. Orbit Type

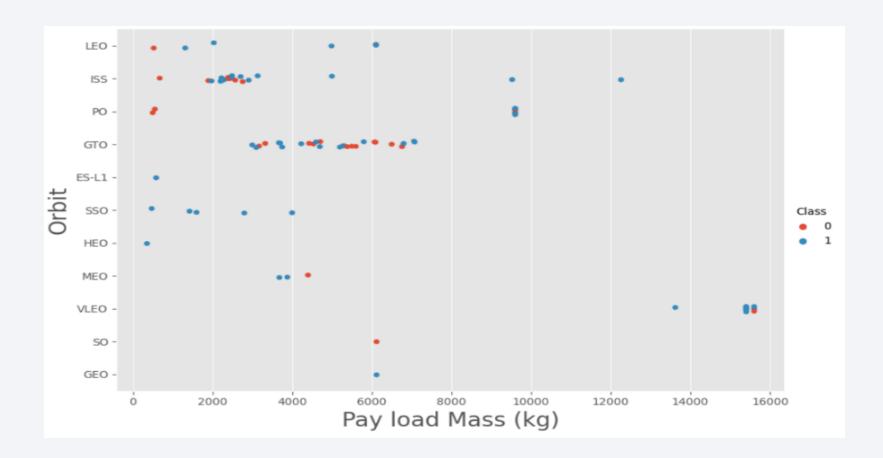
• Show the screenshot of the scatter plot with explanations



You should see that in the LEO orbit the Success appears related to the number of flights; on the other hand, there seems to be no relationship between flight number when in GTO orbit.

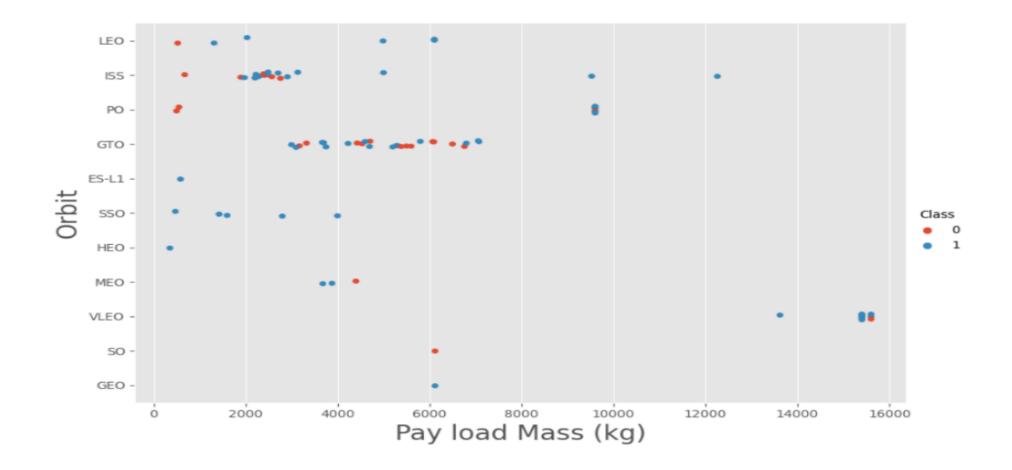
# Payload vs. Orbit Type

• Show a scatter point of payload vs. orbit type



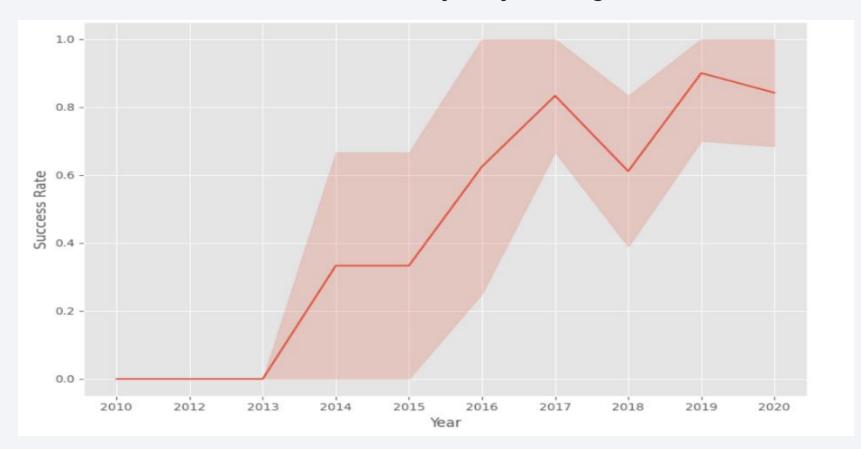
#### Payload vs. Orbit Type

• Screenshot of the scatter plot with explanations



# Launch Success Yearly Trend

• Show a line chart of yearly average success rate



#### All Launch Site Names

- Find the names of the unique launch sites
- Used 'SELECT DISTINCT' Statement to return only the unique launch sites from the 'LAUNCH\_SITE' Column of the SPACEXTBL table



# Launch Site Names Begin with 'CCA'

- Find 5 records where launch sites begin with `CCA`
- Used 'LIKE' command with '%' wildcard in 'WHERE' clause to select and dispay a table of all records where launch sites begin with the string 'CCA'

Task 2									
Display 5	ecords w	here launch sites	begin with t	he string 'CCA'					
%sql SEL	ECT * FRO	OM 'SPACEXTBL'	WHERE Launch	_Site LIKE 'CCA%' LIMIT 5;					
* sqlite	:///my_da	ata1.db							
Date	Time (UTC)	Booster_Version	Launch_Site	Payload	PAYLOAD_MASS_KG_	Orbit	Customer	Mission_Outcome	Landing _Outcome
04-06- 2010	18:45:00	F9 v1.0 B0003	CCAFS LC- 40	Dragon Spacecraft Qualification Unit	0	LEO	SpaceX	Success	Failure (parachute)
08-12- 2010	15:43:00	F9 v1.0 B0004	CCAFS LC- 40	Dragon demo flight C1, two CubeSats, barrel of Brouere cheese	0	LEO (ISS)	NASA (COTS) NRO	Success	Failure (parachute)
22-05- 2012	07:44:00	F9 v1.0 B0005	CCAFS LC- 40	Dragon demo flight C2	525	LEO (ISS)	NASA (COTS)	Success	No attempt
08-10- 2012	00:35:00	F9 v1.0 B0006	CCAFS LC- 40	SpaceX CRS-1	500	LEO (ISS)	NASA (CRS)	Success	No attempt
01-03- 2013	15:10:00	F9 v1.0 B0007	CCAFS LC- 40	SpaceX CRS-2	677	(ISS)	NASA (CRS)	Success	No attempt
	%sql SELI * sqlite Done.  Date  04-06- 2010  08-12- 2010  22-05- 2012  08-10- 2012  01-03-	### SELECT * FROM to sqlite:///my_da	### SELECT * FROM 'SPACEXTBL'  * sqlite:///my_datal.db Done.  * Date Time (UTC) Booster_Version  04-06-2010 18:45:00 F9 v1.0 B0003  08-12-2010 15:43:00 F9 v1.0 B0004  22-05-2012 07:44:00 F9 v1.0 B0005  08-10-2012 00:35:00 F9 v1.0 B0006  01-03-15:10:00 F9 v1.0 B0006	### SELECT * FROM 'SPACEXTBL' WHERE Launch  * sqlite:///my_datal.db  Date	Display 5 records where launch sites begin with the string 'CCA'           #sql SELECT * FROM 'SPACEXTBL' WHERE Launch_Site LIKE 'CCA%' LIMIT 5;           * sqlite://my_datal.db           Date         Time (UTC)         Booster_Version         Launch_Site         Payload           04-06-2010         18:45:00         F9 v1.0 80003         CCAFS LC-40         Dragon Spacecraft Qualification Unit           08-12-2010         15:43:00         F9 v1.0 80004         CCAFS LC-40         Dragon demo flight C1, two CubeSats, barrel of Brouere cheese           22-05-2012         07:44:00         F9 v1.0 80005         CCAFS LC-40         Dragon demo flight C2           08-10-2012         00:35:00         F9 v1.0 80006         CCAFS LC-40         SpaceX CRS-1           01-03-15:10:00         F9 v1.0 80007         CCAFS LC-5012         SpaceX CRS-1	Display 5 records where launch sites begin with the string 'CCA'           %sq1 SELECT * FROM 'SPACEXTBL' WHERE Launch_Site LIKE 'CCA%' LIMIT 5;           * sq1ite://my_data1.db           Date         Time (UTC)         Booster_Version Launch_Site         Payload PAYLOAD_MASS_KG_           04-06-2010         18:45:00         F9 v1.0 80003         CCAFS LC-40         Dragon Spacecraft Qualification Unit         0           08-12-2010         15:43:00         F9 v1.0 80004         CCAFS LC-40         Dragon demo flight C1, two CubeSats, barrel of Brouere cheese         0           22-05-2012         07:44:00         F9 v1.0 80005         CCAFS LC-40         Dragon demo flight C2         525           08-10-2012         00:35:00         F9 v1.0 80006         CCAFS LC-40         SpaceX CRS-1         500           01-03-15:10:00         F9 v1.0 80007         CCAFS LC-50         SpaceX CRS-1         500	Display 5 records where launch sites begin with the string 'CCA'           %sq1 SELECT * FROM 'SPACEXTBL' WHERE Launch_Site LIKE 'CCA%' LIMIT 5;           * sqlite:///my_datal.db           Date         Time (UTC)         Booster_Version         Launch_Site         Payload         PAYLOAD_MASS_KG_         Orbit           04-06- 2010         18:45:00         F9 v1.0 80003         CCAFS LC- 40         Dragon Spacecraft Qualification Unit         0         LEO           08-12- 2010         15:43:00         F9 v1.0 80004         CCAFS LC- 40         Dragon demo flight C1, two CubeSats, barrel of Brouere cheese         0         LEO           22-05- 2012         07:44:00         F9 v1.0 80005         CCAFS LC- 40         Dragon demo flight C2         525         LEO           08-10- 2012         00:35:00         F9 v1.0 80006         CCAFS LC- 40         SpaceX CRS-1         500         LEO           01-03- 01-03-         15:40:00         F0 v1.0 80007         CCAFS LC- 40         F0 v1.0 80007         CCAFS LC- 40         F0 v1.0 80007         F0 v1.0 8000	Signary   Select   From   Spacextel   Where Launch_Site Like   CCA%   Limit   S;	Display 5 records where launch sites begin with the string 'CCA'    **sql SELECT * FROM 'SPACEXTBL'   WHERE Launch_Site LIKE 'CCA%' LIMIT 5;     * sqlite:///my_data1.db

#### **Total Payload Mass**

- Calculate and Display the total payload carried by boosters from NASA
- Used the 'SUM()' function to return and dispaly the total sum of 'PAYLOAD\_MASS\_KG' column for Customer 'NASA(CRS'

```
Task 3
Display the total payload mass carried by boosters launched by NASA (CRS)

In [17]:

**sql SELECT SUM(PAYLOAD_MASS_KG_) as "Total Payload Mass(Kgs)", Customer FROM 'SPACEXTBL' WHERE Customer = 'NASA (CRS)';

**sqlite:///my_datal.db
Done.

Out[17]:

Total Payload Mass(Kgs) Customer

45596 NASA (CRS)
```

### Average Payload Mass by F9 v1.1

- Calculate the average payload mass carried by booster version F9 v1.1
- Used the 'AVG()' function to return and dispaly the average payload mass carried by booster version F9 v1.1



### First Successful Ground Landing Date

- Find the dates of the first successful landing outcome on ground pad
- Used the 'MIN()' function to return and dispaly the first (oldest) date when first successful landing outcome on ground pad 'Success (ground pad)' happened.

#### Task 5

List the date when the first succesful landing outcome in ground pad was acheived.

Hint:Use min function

```
%sql SELECT MIN(DATE) FROM 'SPACEXTBL' WHERE "Landing _Outcome" = "Success (ground pad)";

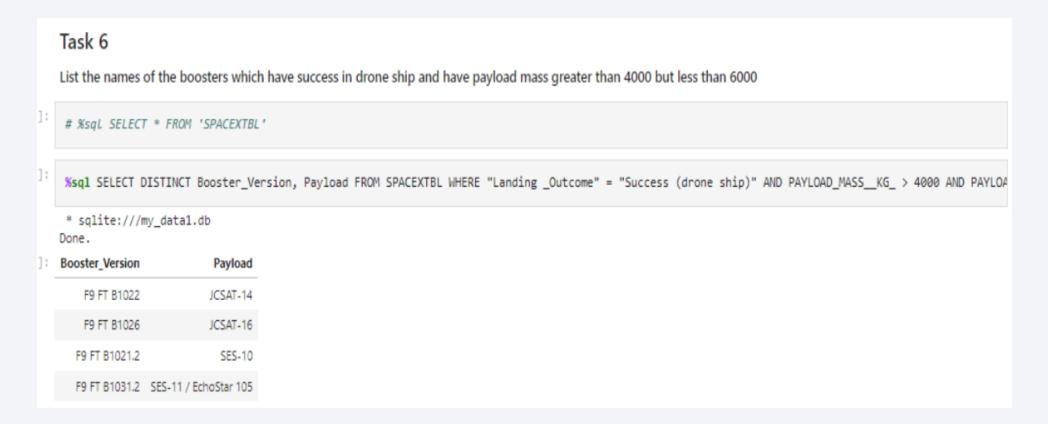
* sqlite://my_data1.db
Done.

MIN(DATE)

01-05-2017
```

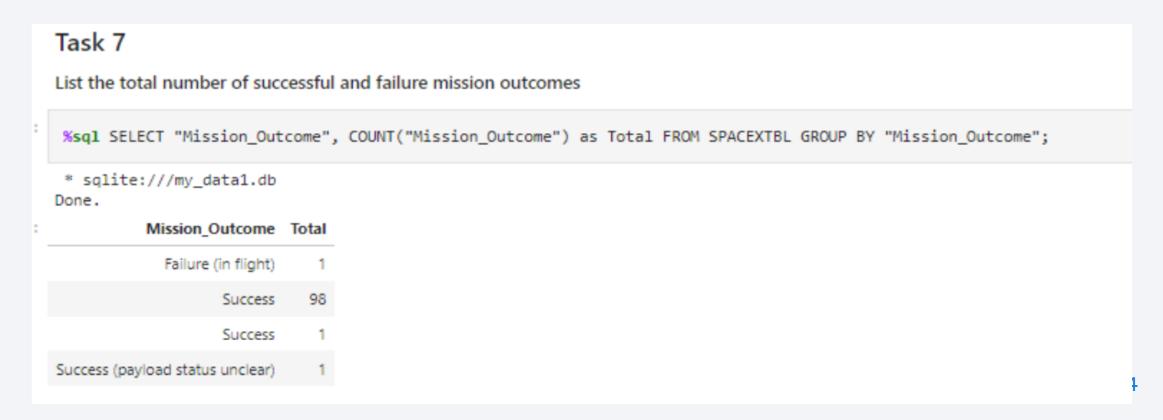
#### Successful Drone Ship Landing with Payload between 4000 and 6000

- List the names of boosters which have successfully landed on drone ship and had payload mass greater than 4000 but less than 6000
- Used 'Select Distinct' statement to return and list the 'unique' names of boosters with operators >4000 and <6000 to only list booster with payloads btween 4000-6000 with landing outcome of 'Success (drone ship)'.



#### Total Number of Successful and Failure Mission Outcomes

- Calculate the total number of successful and failure mission outcomes
- Used the 'COUNT()' together with the 'GROUP BY' statement to return total number of missions outcomes



### **Boosters Carried Maximum Payload**

- List of the boosters which have carried the maximum payload mass
- Using a Subquerry to return and pass the Max payload and used it list all the boosters that have carried the Max payload of 15600kgs

* sqlite:///m Done.	ny_data1.db	
Booster_Version	Payload	PAYLOAD_MASS_KG_
F9 B5 B1048.4	Starlink 1 v1.0, SpaceX CRS-19	15600
F9 B5 B1049.4	Starlink 2 v1.0, Crew Dragon in-flight abort test	15600
F9 B5 B1051.3	Starlink 3 v1.0, Starlink 4 v1.0	15600
F9 B5 B1056.4	Starlink 4 v1.0, SpaceX CRS-20	15600
F9 B5 B1048.5	Starlink 5 v1.0, Starlink 6 v1.0	15600
F9 B5 B1051.4	Starlink 6 v1.0, Crew Dragon Demo-2	15600
F9 B5 B1049.5	Starlink 7 v1.0, Starlink 8 v1.0	15600
F9 B5 B1060.2	Starlink 11 v1.0, Starlink 12 v1.0	15600
F9 B5 B1058.3	Starlink 12 v1.0, Starlink 13 v1.0	15600
F9 B5 B1051.6	Starlink 13 v1.0, Starlink 14 v1.0	15600
F9 B5 B1060.3	Starlink 14 v1.0, GPS III-04	15600
F9 B5 B1049.7	Starlink 15 v1.0, SpaceX CRS-21	15600

#### 2015 Launch Records

- List of failed landing outcomes in drone ship, with their booster versions, and launch site names in 2015
- Used the 'subsrt()' in the select statement to get the month and year from the date column where substr(Date,7,4)='2015' for year and Landing\_outcome was 'Failure (drone ship') and return the records nmatching the filter.

#### Task 9

List the records which will display the month names, failure landing\_outcomes in drone ship ,booster versions, launch\_site for the months in year 2015.

#### Rank Landing Outcomes Between 2010-06-04 and 2017-03-20

 Rank the count of landing outcomes (such as Failure (drone ship) or Success (ground pad)) between the date 2010-06-04 and 2017-03-20, in descending order

Task 10

Rank the count of successful landing outcomes between the date 04-06-2010 and 20-03-2017 in descending order.

Satellite (TESS)

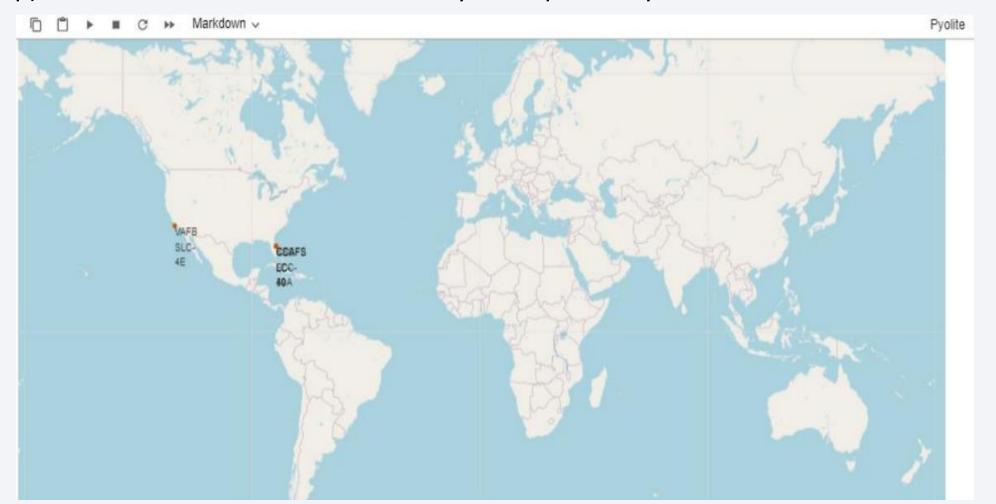
%sql SELECT \* FROM SPACEXTBL WHERE "Landing Outcome" LIKE 'Success%' AND (Date BETWEEN '04-06-2010' AND '20-03-2017') ORDER BY Date DESC;

\* sqlite:///my\_data1.db Done. Landing Booster Version Launch Site Date Payload PAYLOAD MASS KG Orbit Customer Mission Outcome (UTC) Outcome 19-02-LEO Success 14:39:00 SpaceX CRS-10 NASA (CRS) F9 FT B1031.1 KSC LC-39A 2490 Success (ISS) 2017 (ground pad) 18-10-Starlink 13 v1.0, Starlink 14 12:25:57 F9 B5 B1051.6 KSC LC-39A 15600 LEO Success SpaceX Success 2020 v1.0 18-08-CCAFS SLC-Starlink 10 v1.0, SkySat-19, 14:31:00 F9 B5 B1049.6 SpaceX, Planet Labs, PlanetIQ 15440 Success Success 2020 -20, -21, SAOCOM 1B 18-07-LEO Success F9 FT B1025.1 CCAFS LC-40 SpaceX CRS-9 2257 04:45:00 NASA (CRS) Success 2016 (ISS) (ground pad) Transiting Exoplanet Survey 18-04-CCAFS SLC-22:51:00 F9 B4 B1045.1 NASA (LSP) 362 Success 2018



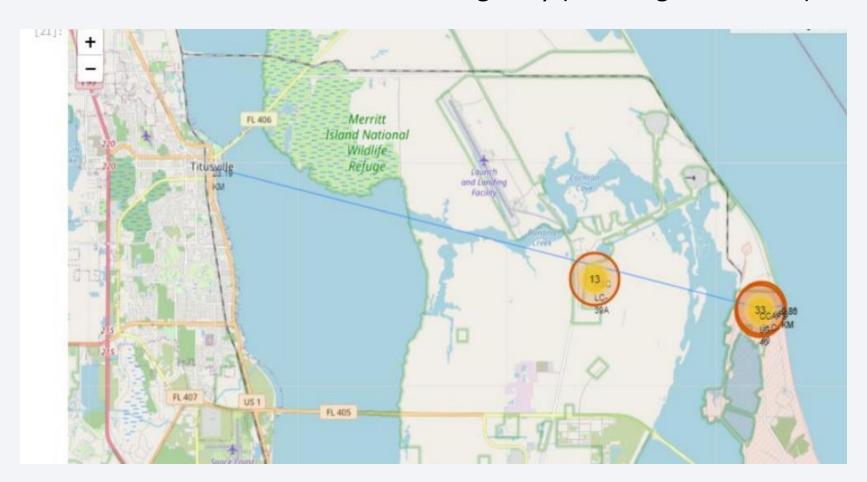
## Markers of all launch sites on global map

• All launch sites are in proximity to the Equator, (located southwards of the US map). Also all the laumch sites are in very close proximity to the coast.



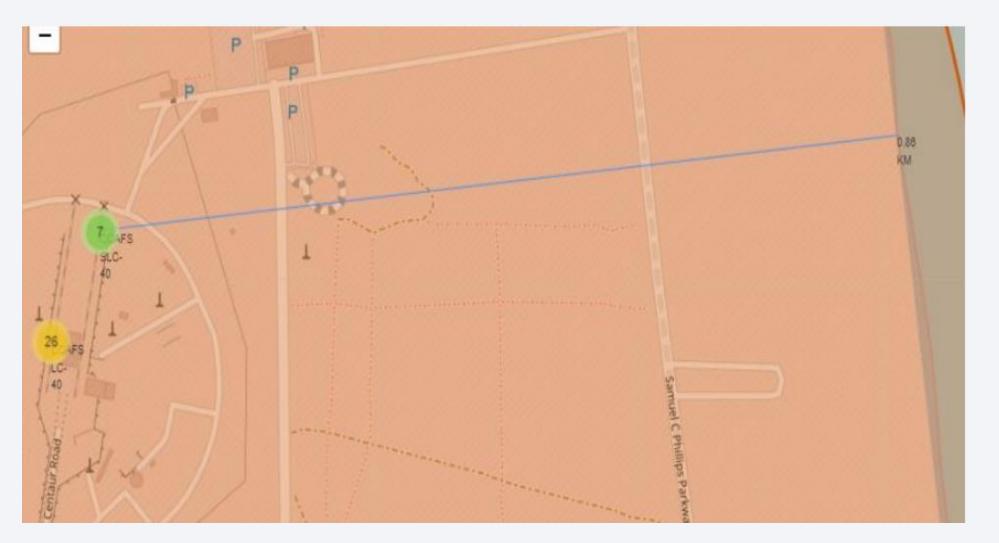
### Distances between a launch site to its proximities

• Launch site CCAFS SLC-40 closest to highway (Washington Avenue) is 23.19km



## Distances between a launch site to its proximities

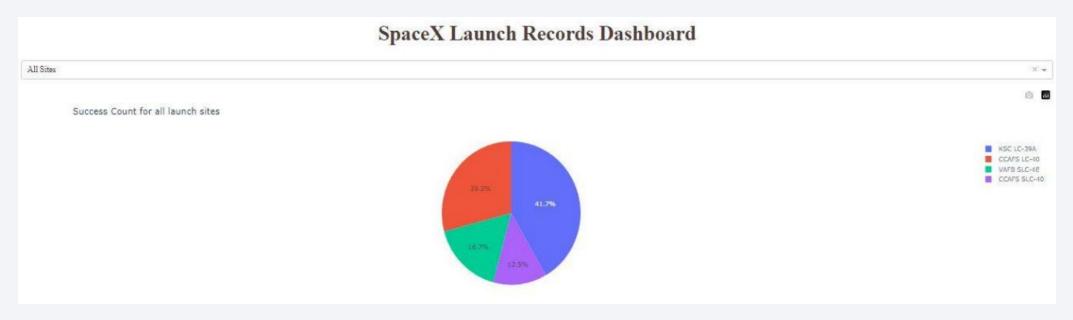
• Launch site CCAFS SLC-40 proximity to coastline is 0.86km





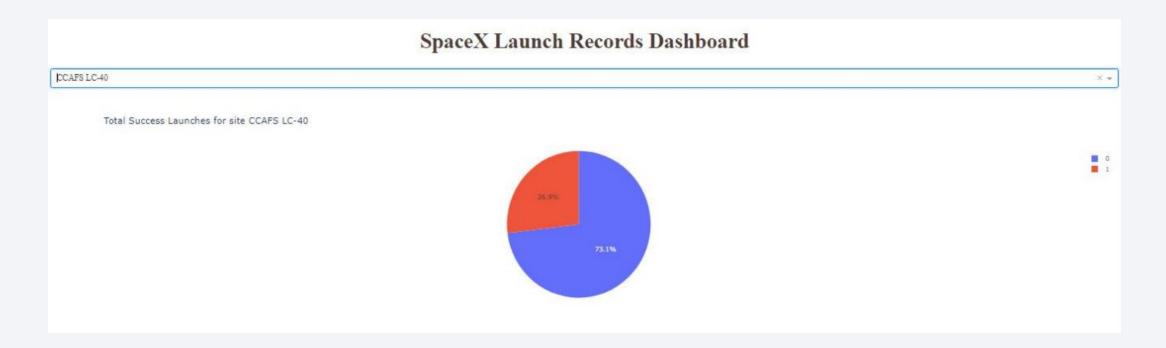
#### Pie-Chart for launch success count for all sites

 Launch site KSC LC-39A has the highest launch success rate at 42% followed by CCAFS LC-40 at 29%, VAFB SLC-4E at 17% and lastly launch site CCAFS SLC-40 with a success rate of 13%



#### Pie chart for the launch site with 2 nd highest launch success ratio

Launch site CCAFS LC-40 had the 2nd highest success ratio of 73% success against 27% failed launches



#### Payload vs. Launch Outcome scatter plot for all sites

 For Launch site CCAFS LC-40 the booster version FT has the largest success rate from a payload mass of >2000kg



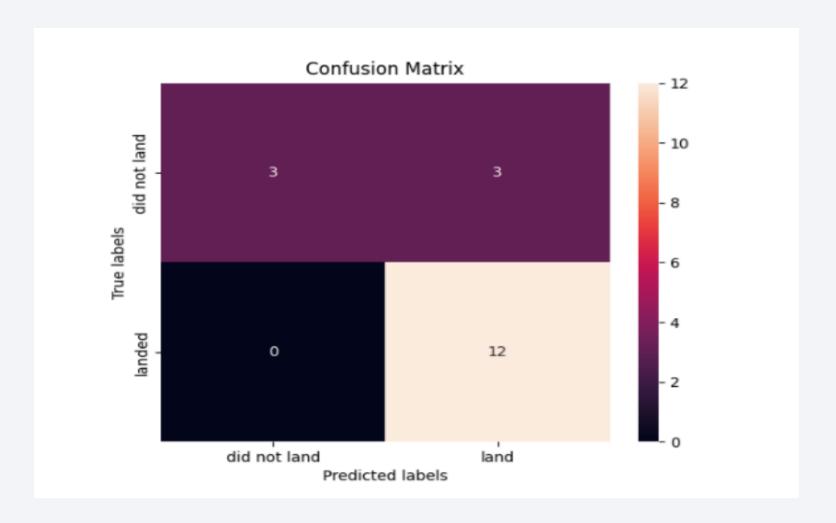


# Classification Accuracy



## **Confusion Matrix**

• This is the Confusion matrix of the best performing model with an explanation



## Conclusions

- Different launch sites have different success rates. CCAFS LC-40, has a success rate of 60 %, while KSC LC-39A and VAFB SLC 4E has a success rate of 77%.
- We can deduce that, as the flight number increases in each of the 3 launcg sites, so does the success rate. For instance, the success rate for the VAFB SLC 4E launch site is 100% after the Flight number 50. Both KSC LC 39A and CCAFS SLC 40 have a 100% success rates after 80th flight
- If you observe Payload Vs. Launch Site scatter point chart you will find for the VAFB-SLC launchsite there are no rockets launched for heavypayload mass(greater than 10000).
- Orbits ES-L1, GEO, HEO & SSO have the highest success rates at 100%, with SO orbit having the lowest success rate at ~50%. Orbit SO has 0% success rate.
- LEO orbit the Success appears related to the number of flights; on the other hand, there seems to be no relationship between flight number when in GTO orbit

## Conclusions Cont....

- With heavy payloads the successful landing or positive landing rate are more for Polar, LEO and ISS. However for GTO we cannot distinguish this well as both positive landing rate and negative landing (unsuccessful mission) are both there here
- Anf finally the sucess rate since 2013 kept increasing till 2020.

