

Slips answers for BST 🙋🙋🙋

Q.1) Implement a Binary search tree (BST) library (btree.h) with operations – create, insert, inorder. Write a menu driven program that performs the above operations. [15]

→ **.C file**

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include"btree.h"
int main(){
    struct node* root=NULL;
    int choice,data;
    struct node* result;

    do{
        displaymenu();
        scanf("%d",&choice);

        switch(choice){
            case 1:
                printf("Enter the value to insert : ");
                scanf("%d",&data);
                root=insert(root,data);
                break;

            case 2:
                printf("Inorder traversal :");
                inorder(root);
                printf("\n");
                break;

        }
    } while(choice!=2);
    return 0;
}
```

.H file

```

struct node{
    int value;
    struct node* left;
    struct node* right;
};

//function to create a new node //
struct node* createnode(int data){
    struct node* newnode=(struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    newnode->value=data;
    newnode->left=newnode->right=NULL;
    return newnode;
}

struct node* insert(struct node* root,int data){
    if(root==NULL){
        return createnode(data);
    }
    if(root->value<data){
        root->right=insert(root->right,data);
    }
    if(root->value>data){
        root->left=insert(root->left,data);
    }
    return root;
}

void inorder(struct node* root){
    if(root!=NULL){
        inorder(root->left);
        printf("%d ",root->value);
        inorder(root->right);
    }
}

void displaymenu(){
    printf("\n 1. insert a node : ");
    printf("\n 2. inorder : ");
    printf("\n 3. Exit ");
    printf("\n\n Enter the choice : ");
}

```

OUTPUT :

PS E:\TREES_Slips> gcc 1btree.c

PS E:\TREES_Slips> ./a.exe

1. insert a node :
2. inorder :
3. Exit

Enter the choice : 1

Enter the value to insert : 10

1. insert a node :
2. inorder :
3. Exit

Enter the choice : 1

Enter the value to insert : 20

1. insert a node :
2. inorder :
3. Exit

Enter the choice : 1

Enter the value to insert : 30

1. insert a node :
2. inorder :
3. Exit

Enter the choice : 2

Inorder traversal :10 20 30

Q.2) Implement a Binary search tree (BST) library (btree.h) with operations – create, search, preorder. Write a menu driven program that performs the above operations. [15]

→

. C file

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include"2btree.h"
int main(){
    struct node* root=NULL;
    int choice,data;
    struct node* result;

    do{
        displaymenu();
        scanf("%d",&choice);

        switch(choice){
            case 1:
                printf("Enter the value to insert : ");
                scanf("%d",&data);
                root=insert(root,data);
                break;

            case 2:
                printf("enter the value to be search :");
                scanf("%d",&data);
                result=search(root,data);
                if(result!=NULL){
                    printf("value %d found in the BST\n",data);
                }
                else{
                    printf("value %d not found in the BST\n",data);
                }
                break;
```

```

        case 3:
            printf("preorder traversal ");
            preorder(root);
            printf("\n");
            break;

    }
} while(choice!=3);
return 0;
}

```

.H file

```

struct node{
    int value;
    struct node* left;
    struct node* right;
};

//function to create a new node //
struct node* createnode(int data){
    struct node* newnode=(struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    newnode->value=data;
    newnode->left=newnode->right=NULL;
    return newnode;
}

struct node* insert(struct node* root,int data){
    if(root==NULL){
        return createnode(data);
    }
    if(root->value<data){
        root->right=insert(root->right,data);
    }
    if(root->value>data){
        root->left=insert(root->left,data);
    }
    return root;
}

void preorder(struct node* root){

```

```

    if(root!=NULL){
        printf("%d ",root->value);
        preorder(root->left);
        preorder(root->right);
    }
}

struct node* search(struct node* root,int data){
    if(root==NULL || root->value==data){
        return root;
    }
    if(root->value>data){
        return search(root->left,data);
    }
    else{
        return search(root->right,data);
    }
}

void displaymenu(){
    printf("\n 1. insert a node : ");
    printf("\n 2. search for a value : ");
    printf("\n 3. preorder : ");
    printf("\n 4. Exit ");
    printf("\n\n Enter the choice : ");
}

```

Q3) Implement a Binary search tree (BST) library (btree.h) with operations – create, search, preorder. Write a menu driven program that performs the above operations. [15]

—> Follow que 2

Q.4) Implement a Binary search tree (BST) library (btree.h) with operations – create, insert, postorder. Write a menu driven program that performs the above operations. [15]

—>

. C file

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include"4btree.h"
int main(){
    struct node* root=NULL;
    int choice,data;
    struct node* result;

    do{
        displaymenu();
        scanf("%d",&choice);

        switch(choice){
            case 1:
                printf("Enter the value to insert : ");
                scanf("%d",&data);
                root=insert(root,data);
                break;

            case 2:
                printf("enter the value to be search :");
                scanf("%d",&data);
                result=search(root,data);
                if(result!=NULL){
                    printf("value %d found in the BST\n",data);
                }
                else{
                    printf("value %d not found in the BST\n",data);
                }
                break;

            case 3:
                printf("postorder traversal :");
                postorder(root);
                printf("\n");
                break;
            default:
```

```

        printf("invalid choice\n");
    }
} while(choice!=3);
return 0;
}

```

.H file

```

struct node{
    int value;
    struct node* left;
    struct node* right;
};

//function to create a new node //
struct node* createnode(int data){
    struct node* newnode=(struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    newnode->value=data;
    newnode->left=newnode->right=NULL;
    return newnode;
}

struct node* insert(struct node* root,int data){
    if(root==NULL){
        return createnode(data);
    }
    if(root->value<data){
        root->right=insert(root->right,data);
    }
    if(root->value>data){
        root->left=insert(root->left,data);
    }
    return root;
}

void postorder(struct node* root){
    if(root!=NULL){
        postorder(root->left);
        postorder(root->right);
        printf("%d ",root->value);
    }
}

```



```

struct node* search(struct node* root,int data){
    if(root==NULL || root->value==data){
        return root;
    }
    if(root->value>data){
        return search(root->left,data);
    }
    else{
        return search(root->right,data);
    }
}

void displaymenu(){
    printf("\n 1. insert a node : ");
    printf("\n 2. search for a value : ");
    printf("\n 3. postorder : ");
    printf("\n 4. Exit ");
    printf("\n\n Enter the choice : ");
}

```

Q.5) Implement a Binary search tree (BST) library (btree.h) with operations – create, preorder and postorder. Write a menu driven program that performs the above operations. [15]

→

.C file

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include"5btree.h"
int main(){
    struct node* root=NULL;
    int choice,data;
    struct node* result;

    do{

```

```

displaymenu();
scanf("%d",&choice);

switch(choice){
    case 1:
        printf("Enter the value to insert : ");
        scanf("%d",&data);
        root=insert(root,data);
        break;

    case 2:
        printf("preorder traversal ");
        preorder(root);
        printf("\n");
        break;

    case 3:
        printf("postorder traversal :");
        postorder(root);
        printf("\n");
        break;
    default:
        printf("invalid choice\n");
}
} while(choice!=3);
return 0;
}

```

.H file

```

struct node{
    int value;
    struct node* left;
    struct node* right;
};

//function to create a new node //
struct node* createnode(int data){
    struct node* newnode=(struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    newnode->value=data;
    newnode->left=newnode->right=NULL;
    return newnode;
}

```

```
}
```

```
struct node* insert(struct node* root,int data){  
    if(root==NULL){  
        return createnode(data);  
    }  
    if(root->value<data){  
        root->right=insert(root->right,data);  
    }  
    if(root->value>data){  
        root->left=insert(root->left,data);  
    }  
    return root;  
}
```

```
void preorder(struct node* root){  
    if(root!=NULL){  
        printf("%d ",root->value);  
        preorder(root->left);  
        preorder(root->right);  
    }  
}
```

```
void postorder(struct node* root){  
    if(root!=NULL){  
        postorder(root->left);  
        postorder(root->right);  
        printf("%d ",root->value);  
    }  
}
```

```
void displaymenu(){  
    printf("\n 1. insert a node : ");  
    printf("\n 2. preorder : ");  
    printf("\n 3. postorder : ");  
    printf("\n 4. Exit ");  
    printf("\n\n Enter the choice : ");  
}
```

Q.6) Implement a Binary search tree (BST) library (btree.h) with operations – create, preorder .Write a menu driven program that performs the above operations. [15]

→ Follow que 2

Q.7) C program to implement BST to perform following operations on BST- a) Create b) Counting leaf nodes

→

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
struct node{
    int data;
    struct node *left;
    struct node *right;
};
struct node *createnode(int data){
    struct node *newnode=(struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    newnode->data=data;
    newnode->left=NULL;
    newnode->right=NULL;
    return newnode;
}

struct node *insert(struct node *root,int data){
    if(root==NULL){
        return createnode(data);
    }
    if(data<root->data){
        root->left=insert(root->left,data);
    }
    if(data>root->data){
        root->right=insert(root->right,data);
    }
}
```

```

    }
    return root;
}

int countleafnode(struct node *root){
    if(root==NULL){
        return 0;
    }
    if(root->left==NULL && root->right==NULL){
        return 1;
    }
    return countleafnode(root->left) + countleafnode(root->right);
}

void preorder(struct node *root){
    if(root!=NULL){
        printf("%d ",root->data);
        preorder(root->left);
        preorder(root->right);
    }
}

int main(){
    struct node *root=NULL;
    root=insert(root,50);
    insert(root,30);
    insert(root,70);
    insert(root,20);
    insert(root,40);
    insert(root,60);
    insert(root,80);

    printf("preorder traversal :");
    preorder(root);
    printf("\n");

    printf("Number of the leaf nodes : %d\n",countleafnode(root));
    return 0;

}

```

```
PS E:\TREES_Slips> gcc 7.c
PS E:\TREES_Slips> ./a.exe
preorder traversal :50 30 20 40 70 60 80
Number of the leaf nodes : 4
```

Q.8) Implement a Binary search tree (BST) library (btree.h) with operations – create, inorder. Write a menu driven program that performs the above operations

→ Follow que 1

Q.9) Implement a Binary search tree (BST) library (btree.h) with operations – create, preorder. Write a menu driven program that performs the above operations.

→ Follow que 2

Q10) Write a C program which uses the Binary search tree library and implements the following function with recursion: int compare(T1, T2) – compares two binary search trees and returns 1 if they are equal and 0 otherwise.

→

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
struct node{
    int data;
    struct node *left;
    struct node *right;
};
struct node *createnode(int data){
    struct node *newnode=(struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    newnode->data=data;
    newnode->left=NULL;
    newnode->right=NULL;
```

```

    return newnode;
}

struct node *insert(struct node *root,int data){
    if(root==NULL){
        return createnode(data);
    }
    if(data<root->data){
        root->left=insert(root->left,data);
    }
    if(data>root->data){
        root->right=insert(root->right,data);
    }
    return root;
}

int areEqual(struct node *root1,struct node *root2){
    if(root1==NULL && root2==NULL){
        return 1;
    }
    if(root1==NULL || root2==NULL){
        return 0;
    }
    if(root1->data!=root2->data){
        return 0;
    }
    return areEqual(root1->left,root2->left) && areEqual(root1->right,root2->right);
}

void preorder(struct node *root){
    if(root!=NULL){
        printf("%d ",root->data);
        preorder(root->left);
        preorder(root->right);
    }
}

int main(){
    struct node *root1=NULL;

```

```

root1=insert(root1,50);
insert(root1,30);
insert(root1,70);
insert(root1,20);
insert(root1,40);
insert(root1,60);
insert(root1,180);

struct node *root2=NULL;
root2=insert(root2,50);
insert(root2,30);
insert(root2,70);
insert(root2,20);
insert(root2,40);
insert(root2,60);
insert(root2,80);

printf("\n");
printf("preorder traversal :");
preorder(root1);
printf("\n");

printf("preorder traversal :");
preorder(root2);
printf("\n");

if(areEqual(root1,root2)){
    printf("Two trees are equal \n");
}
else{
    printf("Two trees are not equal\n");
}
return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT :


```
PS E:\TREES_Slips> gcc 10.c
PS E:\TREES_Slips> ./a.exe
preorder traversal :50 30 20 40 70 60 180
preorder traversal :50 30 20 40 70 60 80
Two trees are not equal
```

```
PS E:\TREES_Slips> ./a.exe
preorder traversal :50 30 20 40 70 60 80
preorder traversal :50 30 20 40 70 60 80
Two trees are equal
```

Q.11) Write a program which uses a binary search tree library and counts the total nodes in the tree. int count(T) – returns the total number of nodes from BST

—>

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
struct node{
    int data;
    struct node *left;
    struct node *right;
};
struct node *createnode(int data){
    struct node *newnode=(struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    newnode->data=data;
    newnode->left=NULL;
    newnode->right=NULL;
    return newnode;
}

struct node *insert(struct node *root,int data){
    if(root==NULL){
```

```

        return createnode(data);
    }
    if(data<root->data){
        root->left=insert(root->left,data);
    }
    if(data>root->data){
        root->right=insert(root->right,data);
    }
    return root;
}

int countTotalNodes(struct node *root){
    if(root==NULL){
        return 0;
    }
    return 1+countTotalNodes(root->left) + countTotalNodes(root->right);
}

```

```

void preorder(struct node *root){
    if(root!=NULL){
        printf("%d ",root->data);
        preorder(root->left);
        preorder(root->right);
    }
}

```

```

int main(){
    struct node *root=NULL;
    root=insert(root,50);
    insert(root,30);
    insert(root,70);
    insert(root,20);
    insert(root,40);
    insert(root,60);
    insert(root,80);

    printf("preorder traversal :");
    preorder(root);
    printf("\n");
}

```

```

printf("Total number of the nodes : %d\n",countTotalNodes(root));
return 0;

}

```

OUTPUT :

```

PS E:\TREES_Slips> gcc 11.c
PS E:\TREES_Slips> ./a.exe
preorder traversal :50 30 20 40 70 60 80
Total number of the nodes : 7

```

Q.12) Implement a Binary search tree (BST) library (btree.h) with operations – create, preorder. Write a menu driven program that performs the above operations

—> Follow que 2

Q.13) Write a program which uses a binary search tree library and counts the total leaf nodes in the tree. int countLeaf(T) – returns the total number of leaf nodes from BST

→ Follow que 7

Q.14) Write a program which uses a binary search tree library and counts the total leaf nodes in the tree. int countLeaf(T) – returns the total number of leaf nodes from BST

—> Follow que 7

Q.15) Implement a Binary search tree (BST) library (btree.h) with operations – create, preorder. Write a menu driven program that performs the above operations

→ Follow que 2

Q.16) Implement a Binary search tree (BST) library (btree.h) with operations – create, insert, inorder. Write a menu driven program that performs the above operations.

→ Follow que 1

Q.17) Implement a Binary search tree (BST) library (btree.h) with operations – create, insert, postorder. Write a menu driven program that performs the above operations.

→ Follow que 4

Q18) C program to implement BST to perform following operations on BST-

a) Create b) Counting Total nodes

→ Follow que 11

Q.19) Implement a Binary search tree (BST) library (btree.h) with operations – create, insert, postorder. Write a menu driven program that performs the above operations.

→ Follow que 4

Q.20) Implement a Binary search tree (BST) library (btree.h) with operations – create, preorder and postorder. Write a menu driven program that performs

the above operations.

→ Follow que 5