import pandas as pd import numpy as np

from sklearn.metrics import accuracy\_score

 $from \ sklearn.metrics \ import \ precision\_score, \ recall\_score, \ f1\_score, \ roc\_auc\_score$ 

from sklearn.metrics import confusion\_matrix

import seaborn as sns

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

df = pd.read\_csv("emails.csv")

df

	Email No.	the	to	ect	and	for	of	а	you	hou	•••	connevey	jay	valued	lay	infrastructure	military	allowing	ff	dı
0	Email 1	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	Email 2	8	13	24	6	6	2	102	1	27		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
2	Email 3	0	0	1	0	0	0	8	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3	Email 4	0	5	22	0	5	1	51	2	10		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
4	Email 5	7	6	17	1	5	2	57	0	9		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
5167	Email 5168	2	2	2	3	0	0	32	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
5168	Email 5169	35	27	11	2	6	5	151	4	3		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
5169	Email 5170	0	0	1	1	0	0	11	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
5170	Email 5171	2	7	1	0	2	1	28	2	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
5171	Email 5172	22	24	5	1	6	5	148	8	2		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

5172 rows × 3002 columns

df.describe()

	the	to	ect	and	for	of	а	you	hou	in
count	5172.000000	5172.000000	5172.000000	5172.000000	5172.000000	5172.000000	5172.000000	5172.000000	5172.000000	5172.000000
mean	6.640565	6.188128	5.143852	3.075599	3.124710	2.627030	55.517401	2.466551	2.024362	10.600155
std	11.745009	9.534576	14.101142	6.045970	4.680522	6.229845	87.574172	4.314444	6.967878	19.281892
min	0.000000	0.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	0.000000	1.000000	1.000000	0.000000	1.000000	0.000000	12.000000	0.000000	0.000000	1.000000
50%	3.000000	3.000000	1.000000	1.000000	2.000000	1.000000	28.000000	1.000000	0.000000	5.000000
75%	8.000000	7.000000	4.000000	3.000000	4.000000	2.000000	62.250000	3.000000	1.000000	12.000000
max	210.000000	132.000000	344.000000	89.000000	47.000000	77.000000	1898.000000	70.000000	167.000000	223.000000

8 rows × 3001 columns

df.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> RangeIndex: 5172 entries, 0 to 5171
Columns: 3002 entries, Email No. to Prediction dtypes: int64(3001), object(1) memory usage: 118.5+ MB

df.isnull()

```
Email
                                    for
                                                                 ... connevey
            the
                   to
                        ect
                              and
                                            of
                                                   а
                                                       you
                                                             hou
      No.
0
    False
          False False False False False False
                                                            False
                                                                          False
1
                                                                          False
    False
          False
                False False
                             False False False
                                              False
                                                     False
                                                            False
2
    False
          False
                False
                      False
                             False
                                  False
                                         False
                                               False
                                                     False
                                                            False
                                                                          False
    False False
                                                                          False
                False False False
                                        False False
```

# **Checking Null Value**

```
df.isnull().sum()
     Email No.
                   0
     the
                   0
     to
                   0
     ect
     and
                   0
     military
                   0
     allowing
                   0
     ff
                   0
     dry
                   0
     Prediction
     Length: 3002, dtype: int64
null_count = df.isnull().sum()
#Filter column with value more than one null value
column_null = null_count[null_count >= 1]
column_null
     Series([], dtype: int64)
df.isnull().sum()
# all row having value as null
     Email No.
     the
                   0
     to
     ect
                   0
     and
                   0
     military
                   a
     allowing
                   a
                   0
     Prediction
     Length: 3002, dtype: int64
# remove email column as it is not for use(i.e unnecessary)
x = df.iloc[:,1:3001]
x.head()
```

in ... enhancements valued lay infrastructure military allowing to ect and for of а you hou connevey jay 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 ( 0 0 0 0 8 13 24 6 6 2 102 27 18 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ( 0 0 1 O 8 4 3 0 5 22 0 5 1 51 2 10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 4 7 6 5 57 0 9 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 17 1

5 rows × 3000 columns

## **Training and Testing Model**

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x,y, test_size=.2, random_state = 12)
```

x\_test

	the	to	ect	and	for	of	а	you	hou	in	 enhancements	connevey	jay	valued	lay	infrastructure	military	allowing
4075	2	1	3	0	1	2	13	1	0	3	 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4835	10	7	3	8	3	5	99	0	0	14	 0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
4439	6	5	4	2	0	9	57	3	1	0	 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3910	4	5	5	1	3	2	44	0	2	5	 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2398	0	1	1	0	4	0	14	0	0	6	 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4367	18	11	16	7	5	3	126	1	14	29	 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2513	0	4	1	2	0	0	27	0	1	6	 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1662	2	4	2	3	1	1	104	0	0	18	 0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
3810	7	2	1	2	1	1	26	0	1	3	 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
570	9	31	7	14	4	3	519	1	2	69	 0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0

1035 rows × 3000 columns

```
# Feature Scaling
```

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
```

```
sc = StandardScaler()
```

```
x_train = sc.fit_transform(x_train)
x_test = sc.fit_transform(x_test)
```

# K-Nearest Neighbour

```
# Fitting K-NN classifier to the training set
```

```
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
knn = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=5, metric='minkowski', p=2)
knn.fit(x_train, y_train)
```

```
* KNeighborsClassifier
KNeighborsClassifier()
```

#### Prediction

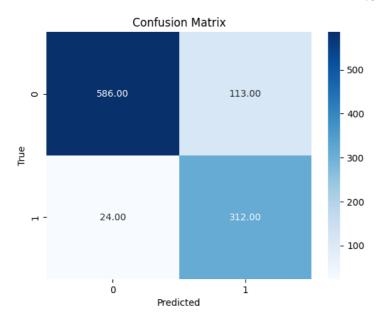
```
y_pred = knn.predict(x_test)
y_pred
array([1, 0, 0, ..., 1, 1, 1])
```

## **Confusion Matric**

plt.ylabel("True")

plt.show()

plt.title("Confusion Matrix")



accuracy\_score(y\_test, y\_pred)

0.8676328502415459

# **Support Vector Machine**

```
from sklearn.svm import SVC
svc = SVC(kernel='linear', random_state=0)
svc.fit(x_train, y_train)
```

# Prediction

```
y_pred = svc.predict(x_test)
y_pred
array([0, 0, 0, ..., 1, 0, 1])
```

#### **Confusion Matrix**

#confusion matrix graph representation

```
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt = '.2f', cmap='Reds')
plt.xlabel("Predicted")
plt.ylabel("True")
plt.title("Confusion Matrix")
plt.show()
```

