

# Cash Manager

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## Technical Documentation

## Back-End-API

This document serves as an explanation of the functioning and realization of the api for our "cash-manager" application. We will explain through this document :

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- The technical stack used to build the api.
  - The different specifications of the application as well as their implementation and the way of doing chosen.
  - Examples to illustrate concretely the use of the api.
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# Technical Stack :

- Java 11 with IntelliJ
  - The project is build with Maven
- 
- Spring Boot 2.4.0 with some dependencies :
    - spring-boot-starter-web
    - spring-boot-starter-data-jpa
    - spring-boot-starter-security
    - Jjwt
    - spring-boot-starter-data-jdbc
    - H2 database
    - Junit
-

# what does the application do ?

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## Basic CRUD functionalities :

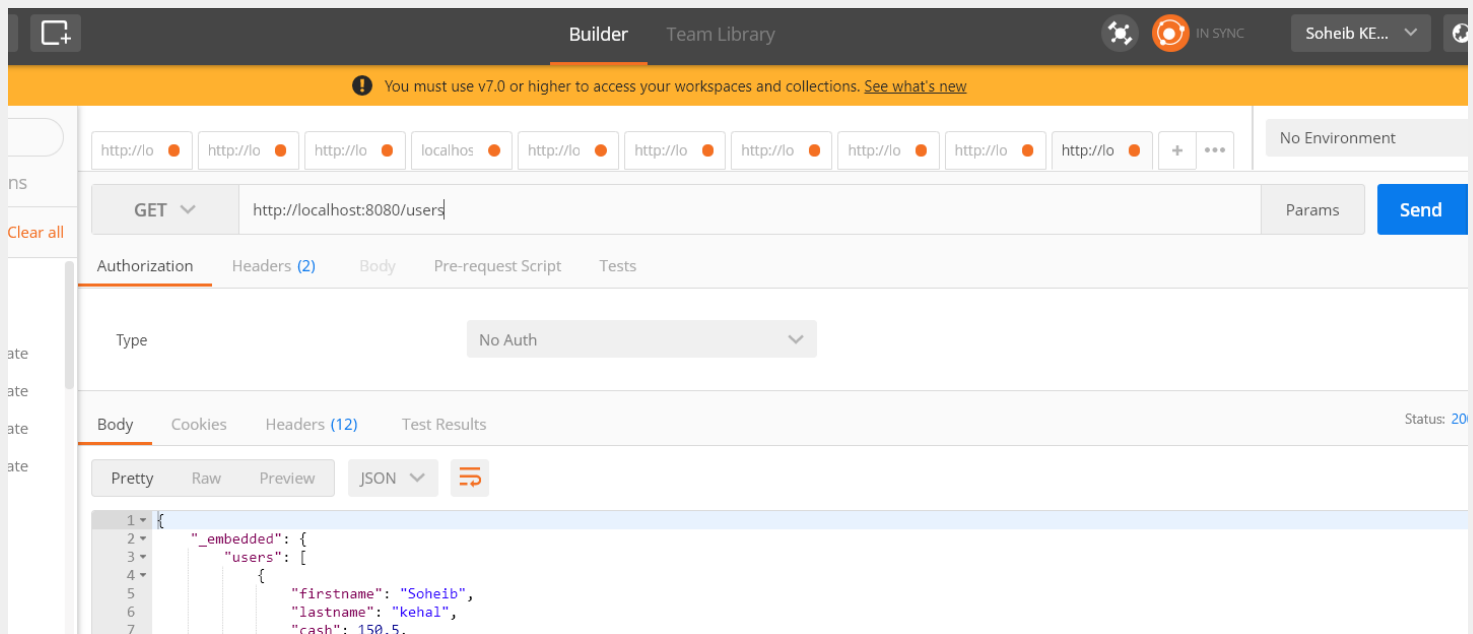
For this part we use the interface Repository as a `@RepositoryRestResource` which inherits from `CrudRepository` we add `User` and the type of the id as type parameters and that's it. We just have to add a model, for example user, and initialize a database and we can Get , Post , Delete and Put request.

```
1 package com.sheibKehal.CashApi.Entity;
2
3 import ..
4
5 @Entity
6 public class User {
7
8     @Id
9     @GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY)
10    private Long id;
11    private String firstname;
12    private String lastname;
13    private double cash;
14    public String username;
15    public String password;
16
17    public Long getId() {
18        return id;
19    }
20
21    public void setId(Long id) {
22        this.id = id;
23    }
24
25    public String getFirstname() {
26        return firstname;
27    }
28
29    public void setFirstname(String firstname) {
30        this.firstname = firstname;
31    }
32
33 }
```

Basic user model Class

```
1 package com.sheibKehal.CashApi.repository;
2
3 import ..
4
5 @RepositoryRestResource
6 public interface RestRepository extends CrudRepository<User, Long> {
7
8     User findByUsername(String username);
9 }
10
```

User Repository Class



Just a basic example with a GET request that shows us all users stored on the database.

## Authentication with JWT method :

- accept or refuse authentication based on stored data (we first added the basic auth and after the JWT authentication)

```
private String secret = "soheib";
// class generique de manipulation de token avec plusieurs method differentes

public String extractUsername(String token) { return extractClaim(token, Claims::getSubject); }

public Date extractExpiration(String token) { return extractClaim(token, Claims::getExpiration); }

public <T> T extractClaim(String token, Function<Claims, T> claimsResolver) {
    final Claims claims = extractAllClaims(token);
    return claimsResolver.apply(claims);
}

private Claims extractAllClaims(String token) {
    return Jwts.parser().setSigningKey(secret).parseClaimsJws(token).getBody();
}

private Boolean isTokenExpired(String token) { return extractExpiration(token).before(new Date()); }

public String generateToken(String username) {
    Map<String, Object> claims = new HashMap<>();
    return createToken(claims, username);
}

private String createToken(Map<String, Object> claims, String subject) {

    return Jwts.builder().setClaims(claims).setSubject(subject).setIssuedAt(new Date(System.currentTimeMillis()))
        .setExpiration(new Date(System.currentTimeMillis() + 1000 * 60 * 60 * 10))
        .signWith(SignatureAlgorithm.HS256, secret).compact();
}

public Boolean validateToken(String token, UserDetails userDetails) {
    final String username = extractUsername(token);
    return (username.equals(userDetails.getUsername()) && !isTokenExpired(token));
}
```

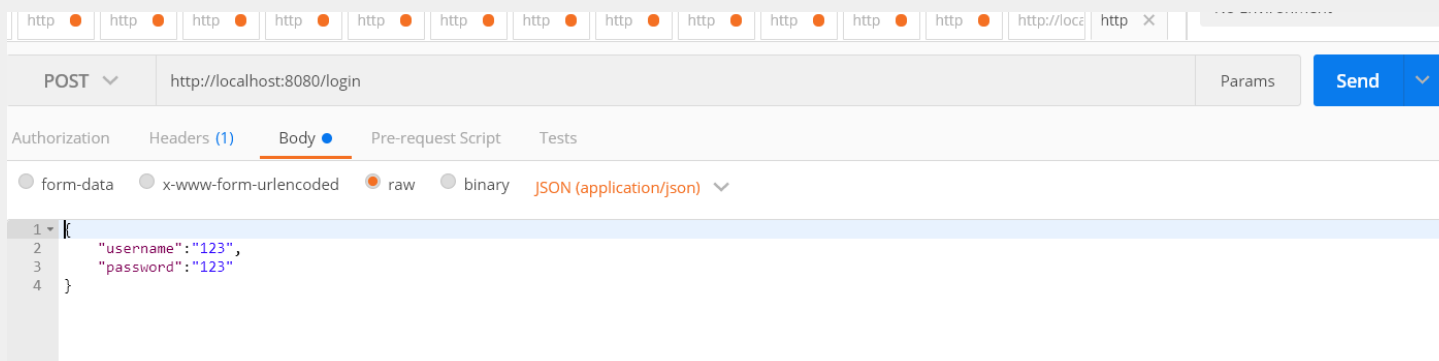
JWT token  
generation  
and  
handling  
class

```

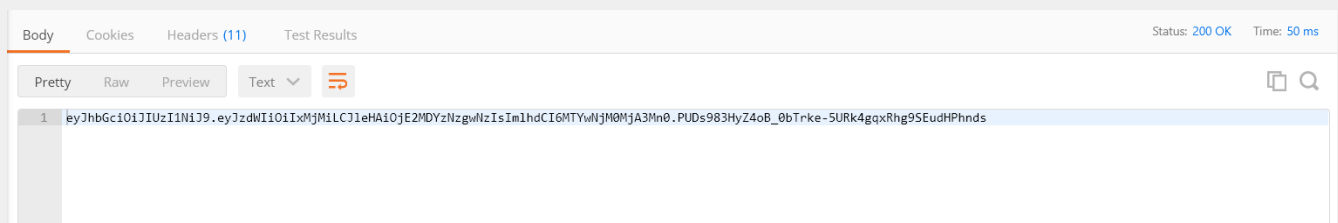
@PostMapping("/login")
public String generateToken(@RequestBody AuthRequest authRequest) throws Exception {
    try {
        authenticationManager.authenticate(
            new UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken(authRequest.getUsername(), authRequest.getPassword());
    } catch (Exception ex) {
        throw new Exception("invalid username/password");
    }
    return jwtUtil.generateToken(authRequest.getUsername());
}

```

class controller to log in, after you authenticate yourself here you can hit any private endpoint.



To authenticate, hit the endpoint `/login` with a POST method with the username and password of an existing user



It will generate you a valid token for 10 hours

Now you can hit any endpoint with adding the headers Authorization with on value : Bearer and the token.

# Stripe Payment System

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we used stripe as a payment service as it offers a simple api, with a template already ready to use. A few adjustments are to be made but nothing very complicated.

```
@Data
public class ChargeRequest {

    public enum Currency {
        EUR, USD;
    }

    private String description;
    private int amount; // cents
    private Currency currency;
    private String stripeEmail;
    private String stripeToken;

    public String getDescription() { return description; }
    public int getAmount() { return amount; }
    public Currency getCurrency() { return currency; }
    public String getStripeEmail() { return stripeEmail; }
    public String getStripeToken() { return stripeToken; }
    public void setDescription(String description) { this.description = description; }
    public void setCurrency(Currency currency) { this.currency = currency; }
```

Charge Request  
class

```
import ...

@Controller
public class CheckoutController {

    @Value("${STRIPE_PUBLIC_KEY}")
    private String stripePublicKey;
    public int myAmount = 50;

    @RequestMapping("/checkout")
    public String checkout(Model model) {
        model.addAttribute("amount", myAmount * 100);
        model.addAttribute("stripePublicKey", stripePublicKey);
        model.addAttribute("currency", ChargeRequest.Currency.EUR);
        return "checkout";
    }
}
```

Checkout  
Controller class

```

@Autowired
StripeService paymentsService;

@PostMapping("/charge")
public String charge(chargeRequest, Model model) throws StripeException {
    chargeRequest.setDescription("Example charge");
    chargeRequest.setCurrency(Currency.EUR);
    Charge charge = paymentsService.charge(chargeRequest);
    model.addAttribute("id", charge.getId());
    model.addAttribute("status", charge.getStatus());
    model.addAttribute("chargeId", charge.getId());
    model.addAttribute("balance_transaction", charge.getBalanceTransactionId());
    return "result";
}

@ExceptionHandler(StripeException.class)
public String handleError(Model model, StripeException ex) {
    model.addAttribute("error", ex.getMessage());
    return "result";
}

```

## Payment Result class

Price:50

[Pay with Card](#)

Checkouthtml endpoint

**Cash Manager**  
CashAPPPayment

Adresse e-mail

Numéro de carte

MM / AA CVV

☐ Se souvenir de moi

[Payer 50,00 €](#)

Payment template

**Success!**

Id.: ch\_1Hu0GDGwwOYZgc8wTJvbS9p7  
 Status: succeeded  
 Charge id.: ch\_1Hu0GDGwwOYZgc8wTJ  
 Balance transaction id.: txn\_1Hu0GEGww  
[Checkout again](#)

Success page

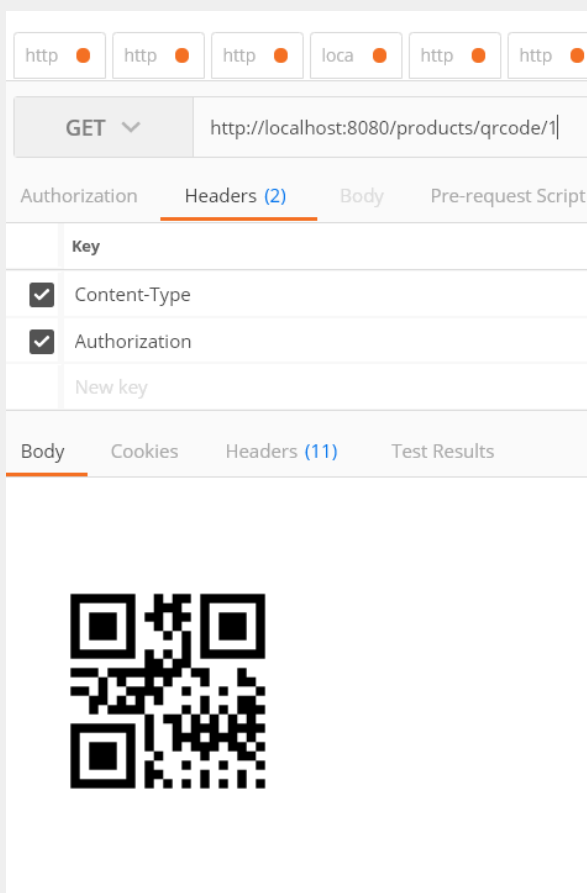
# And more...

## Qr code Generator :

we wanted to add a qr generator for each product in our database

```
public static byte[] getQRCodeImage(String text, int width, int height) {  
    try {  
        QRCodeWriter qrCodeWriter = new QRCodeWriter();  
        BitMatrix bitMatrix = qrCodeWriter.encode(text, BarcodeFormat.QR_CODE, width, height);  
        ByteArrayOutputStream byteArrayOutputStream = new ByteArrayOutputStream();  
        MatrixToImageWriter.writeToStream(bitMatrix, "png", byteArrayOutputStream);  
        return byteArrayOutputStream.toByteArray();  
    } catch (Exception e) {  
        return null;  
    }  
}
```

Qr code  
Generator  
class



Qr code generated and endpoint



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## Some endpoints :

- localhost:8080/users/{id}
  - localhost:8080/products/{id}
  - localhost:8080/products/qrcode/{id} ( get qr code of id object)
  - localhost:8080/checkout ( endpoint for payment )
-

# Cash Manager

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Technical  
Documentation

Project done by :

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