Q1 PreProcessing

```
import nltk
from nltk.tokenize import word tokenize
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
import string
import os
# Download necessary NLTK datasets
nltk.download('punkt')
nltk.download('stopwords')
def preprocess text(content):
    # Lowercase the text
    content = content.lower()
    # Tokenize the text
    tokens = word tokenize(content)
    # Remove stopwords
    stop words = set(stopwords.words('english'))
    tokens = [token for token in tokens if token not in stop words]
    # Remove punctuation
    tokens = [token for token in tokens if token not in
string.punctuation]
    # Remove blank space tokens
    tokens = [token for token in tokens if token.strip()]
    # Rejoin tokens into a string
    preprocessed_content = ' '.join(tokens)
    return preprocessed_content
# Assuming we have a list of file paths for the dataset
dataset directory = '/content/drive/MyDrive/text_files' # Update this
path
file paths = [os.path.join(dataset directory, f) for f in
os.listdir(dataset_directory) if f.endswith('.txt')][:5] # Only take
5 sample files
for file path in file paths:
    # Read the content of each file
   with open(file_path, 'r', encoding='utf-8') as file:
        content = file.read()
    print(f"Original content of {os.path.basename(file path)}:\
```

```
n{content[:500]}\n") # Print first 500 characters for brevity
   # Preprocess the content
   preprocessed content = preprocess text(content)
   print(f"Preprocessed content of {os.path.basename(file path)}:\
n{preprocessed content[:500]}\n") # Print first 500 characters for
brevity
   # Save the preprocessed content back to a new file
   preprocessed file path = os.path.join(dataset directory,
'preprocessed ' + os.path.basename(file path))
   with open(preprocessed file path, 'w', encoding='utf-8') as file:
        file.write(preprocessed content)
Original content of file511.txt:
I loved using this while producing videos with my Canon EOS 6D, but it
didn't last long. When I inserted the battery into the receiver, one
of the battery contacts broke off. Here are some pictures of the
receiver mounted on my EOS 6D and a picture showing the broken contact
wire. The battery holder has a bad design because the contacts are
weak wire loops and the battery fits very snug and puts a lot of
pressure on these weak contacts. Samson should update the battery
holder design. I stil
Preprocessed content of file511.txt:
loved using producing videos canon eos 6d n't last long inserted
battery receiver one battery contacts broke pictures receiver mounted
eos 6d picture showing broken contact wire battery holder bad design
contacts weak wire loops battery fits snug puts lot pressure weak
contacts samson update battery holder design still recommend wonderful
wireless system something aware
Original content of file209.txt:
Love it!!! Would buy again!
Preprocessed content of file209.txt:
love would buy
Original content of file657.txt:
This is for my son in his rehearsal room and they are perfect! Great
quality, arrived within a few days and the price you cant beat!
Preprocessed content of file657.txt:
son rehearsal room perfect great quality arrived within days price
cant beat
Original content of file172.txt:
These stands are excellent. They are well built and easy to assemble.
they come with an Allen wrench and that is the only tool needed. The
```

stand has a nice design when it comes to the base. There are 3 soft rubber pads that come on the stand. They also give you 3 pointed metal spikes that you can put on, which is perfect if placing on a rug. The spikes are adjustable so you can get set for the rug height and get the stand perfectly level. I put a pair of JBL monitor speakers (LSR305) on this sta

Preprocessed content of file172.txt:

stands excellent well built easy assemble come allen wrench tool needed stand nice design comes base 3 soft rubber pads come stand also give 3 pointed metal spikes put perfect placing rug spikes adjustable get set rug height get stand perfectly level put pair jbl monitor speakers lsr305 stand yamaha piano dgx-650b see attached pictures stands look like made go piano quality metal good despite reviews pins allow lock stand certain height n't worry lowering comes wire guides run cables tight stand

Original content of file366.txt:

Overall I'm happy with the stand. I admit I was scratching my head a bit when I was putting it together. There's more pieces to this stand than others I've had. Adjusting it is a little bit of a pain because there are 4 different areas that you can loosen and change around. If you travel and gig a lot, you may want to go with the higher model, the adjustments look a bit easier. However once all setup, it's sturdy and well built.

FYI the stand shown currently is not the same design as the o

Preprocessed content of file366.txt:

overall 'm happy stand admit scratching head bit putting together 's pieces stand others 've adjusting little bit pain 4 different areas loosen change around travel gig lot may want go higher model adjustments look bit easier however setup 's sturdy well built fyi stand shown currently design one received uploaded picture one received order page separate arm piece inserts main stand

```
[nltk_data] Downloading package punkt to /root/nltk_data...
[nltk_data] Package punkt is already up-to-date!
[nltk_data] Downloading package stopwords to /root/nltk_data...
[nltk_data] Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
```

#Q2 Inverted_Index

```
import nltk
from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
import os
import pickle
from tqdm.notebook import tqdm
```

```
import string
from wordcloud import WordCloud
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from collections import defaultdict
from functools import reduce
import copy
nltk.download("punkt")
nltk.download("stopwords")
class TextIndexer:
    def init (self):
        self.index = {}
    def removeSpecialChars(self, text):
        return ''.join(c for c in text if c.isalnum() and not
c.isdigit() and c not in string.punctuation)
    def processText(self, text):
        filteredWords = set(stopwords.words('english'))
        text = text.lower()
        tokens = word tokenize(text)
        tokens = [i for i in tokens if i not in filteredWords]
        tokens = [self.removeSpecialChars(x) for x in tokens]
        return tokens
    def addToIndex(self, content, contentID):
        words = self.processText(content)
        for position, word in enumerate(words):
            if word in self.index:
                self.index[word][0] += 1
                if contentID in self.index[word][1]:
                    self.index[word][1][contentID].append(position)
                else:
                    self.index[word][1][contentID] = [position]
            else:
                self.index[word] = [1, {contentID: [position]}]
    def storeIndex(self, filename='index output.pickle'):
        with open(filename, 'wb') as file:
            pickle.dump(self.index, file)
class SearchQuery:
    def __init__(self, index_file='index_output.pickle',
mapping file='file mapping.pickle'):
        with open(index file, 'rb') as file:
            self.index = pickle.load(file)
        self.index = defaultdict(lambda: [], self.index)
        with open(mapping file, 'rb') as file:
            self.mapping = pickle.load(file)
```

```
def removeSpecialChars(self, text):
        return ''.join(c for c in text if c.isalnum() and not
c.isdigit() and c not in string.punctuation)
    def processText(self, text):
        filteredWords = set(stopwords.words('english'))
        text = text.lower()
        tokens = word tokenize(text)
        tokens = [i for i in tokens if i not in filteredWords]
        tokens = [self.removeSpecialChars(x) for x in tokens]
        tokens = [x \text{ for } x \text{ in tokens if } len(x) > 1]
        return tokens
   def listIntersection(self, lists):
        if not lists:
            return []
        lists.sort(key=len)
        return list(reduce(lambda x, y: set(x) & set(y), lists))
    def getTermPostings(self, terms):
        return [[ [docID, self.index[term][1][docID]] for docID in
self.index[term][1]] for term in terms]
   def extractDocIDs(self, postings):
        return [[item[0] for item in term] for term in postings]
   def query(self, queryText):
        terms = self.processText(queryText)
        if not self.index.keys():
            return []
        for term in terms:
            if term not in self.index:
                return []
        if len(terms) == 1:
            docIDs = list(self.index[terms[0]][1].keys())
        else:
            postings = self.getTermPostings(terms)
            docs = self.extractDocIDs(postings)
            docs = self.listIntersection(docs)
            for i in range(len(postings)):
                postings[i] = [x for x in postings[i] if x[0] in docs]
            postings = copy.deepcopy(postings)
            for i in range(len(postings)):
                for j in range(len(postings[i])):
                    postings[i][j][1] = [pos - i for pos in
postings[i][j][1]]
            docIDs = []
            for i in range(len(postings[0])):
                commonPos = self.listIntersection([x[i][1] for x in
```

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postings])
                if commonPos:
                    docIDs.append(postings[0][i][0])
        docIDs = list(map(int, docIDs))
        return docIDs
    def displayFiles(self, docIDs):
        files = sorted([(docID, self.mapping[docID]) for docID in
docIDs1)
        return files
def main():
    indexer = TextIndexer()
    fileList = []
    dataset directory = '/content/drive/MyDrive/text files'
    fileList = [os.path.join(dataset directory, f) for f in
os.listdir(dataset directory) if f.endswith('.txt')]
    mapping = \{\}
    for i, path in enumerate(fileList):
            content = open(path, encoding="utf8").read().replace('\n',
1 1)
        except Exception:
            content = open(path,
encoding="unicode_escape").read().replace('\n', ' ')
        indexer.addToIndex(content, i)
        mapping[i] = path
    indexer.storeIndex()
    with open('file_mapping.pickle', 'wb') as file:
        pickle.dump(mapping, file)
    queryEngine = SearchQuery()
    num_queries = int(input("Enter number of queries: "))
    for i in range(num queries):
        queryText = input(f"Enter query {i+1}: ")
        results = queryEngine.query(queryText)
        files = queryEngine.displayFiles(results)
        print(f"Number of documents retrieved for query {i+1} using
positional index: {len(results)}")
        if files:
            print(f"Names of documents retrieved for guery {i+1} using
positional index: {', '.join([f[1] for f in files])}")
        else:
            print("No documents retrieved")
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()

[nltk_data] Downloading package punkt to /root/nltk_data...
[nltk_data] Package punkt is already up-to-date!
[nltk_data] Downloading package stopwords to /root/nltk_data...
[nltk_data] Package stopwords is already up-to-date!

Enter number of queries: 2
Enter query 1: Car bag in a canister
Number of documents retrieved for query 1 using positional index: 0
No documents retrieved
Enter query 2: Coffee brewing techniques in cookbook
Number of documents retrieved for query 2 using positional index: 0
No documents retrieved
```

#Q3 Positional_Index

```
import nltk
from nltk.tokenize import word tokenize
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
import os
import pickle
from tgdm import tgdm
import string
from collections import defaultdict
from functools import reduce
import copy
# Ensure NLTK resources have been downloaded
nltk.download("punkt", quiet=True)
nltk.download("stopwords", quiet=True)
class IndexCreator:
    def init (self):
        self.indices = {}
    def cleanText(self, content):
        return ''.join(c for c in content if c.isalnum() and not
c.isdigit() and c not in string.punctuation)
    def processContent(self, content):
        ignoreWords = set(stopwords.words('english'))
        content = content.lower()
        tokens = word tokenize(content)
        tokens = [i for i in tokens if i not in ignoreWords]
        tokens = [self.cleanText(x) for x in tokens]
        return tokens
    def buildIndex(self, text, docID):
```

```
words = self.processContent(text)
        for pos, term in enumerate(words):
            if term in self.indices:
                self.indices[term][0] += 1
                if docID in self.indices[term][1]:
                    self.indices[term][1][docID].append(pos)
                else:
                    self.indices[term][1][docID] = [pos]
            else:
                self.indices[term] = [1, {docID: [pos]}]
    def saveIndices(self, filename='indices.pkl'):
        with open(filename, 'wb') as f:
            pickle.dump(self.indices, f)
class QueryProcessor:
    def init (self, indexFile='indices.pkl',
docMappingFile='docMapping.pkl'):
        with open(indexFile, 'rb') as f:
            self.indices = pickle.load(f)
        with open(docMappingFile, 'rb') as f:
            self.docMapping = pickle.load(f)
    def search(self, queryTerms, logicOps):
        docSets = []
        for term in queryTerms:
            if term in self.indices:
                docIDs = set(self.indices[term][1].keys()) # Get
document IDs containing the term
                docSets.append(docIDs)
            else:
                return [] # If any term is not found, return an empty
list
        # Find the intersection of all document ID sets to get IDs
containing all terms
        if docSets:
            resultIDs = set.intersection(*docSets)
            return list(resultIDs)
        else:
            return []
    def displayResults(self, docIDs):
        if docIDs is None: # Handle the case where docIDs is None
            return []
        docNames = [self.docMapping[str(id)] for id in docIDs] #
Ensure IDs are converted to strings if necessary
        return docNames
```

```
def main():
    dataset directory = '/content/drive/MyDrive/text files' # Adjust
this path to your dataset directory
    fileList = [os.path.join(dataset directory, f) for f in
os.listdir(dataset directory) if f.endswith('.txt')]
    docMapping = \{\overline{i}: name for i, name in enumerate(fileList)\}
    ic = IndexCreator()
    for docID, filePath in enumerate(fileList):
        with open(filePath, 'r', encoding='utf-8') as file:
            content = file.read()
        ic.buildIndex(content, docID)
    ic.saveIndices()
    # Save the document mapping
    with open('docMapping.pkl', 'wb') as f:
        pickle.dump(docMapping, f)
    qp = QueryProcessor()
    numQueries = int(input("Enter the number of queries: "))
    for i in range(numQueries):
        query = input(f"Enter query {i+1}: ")
        logic = input("Enter logic operators: ")
        queryTerms = query.split(', ')
        logicOps = logic.split(',
        docIDs = qp.search(queryTerms, logicOps) # You need to
implement the search logic based on queryTerms and logicOps
        print(f"Query {i+1}: {' '.join(queryTerms)}")
        # Assume docIDs is defined after implementing search logic
        docNames = qp.displayResults(docIDs)
        print(f"Names of the documents retrieved for query {i+1}: {',
'.join(docNames)}")
        # Placeholder for search logic demonstration
        print("Search logic to be implemented")
if __name__ == "__main ":
    main()
Enter the number of gueries: 2
Enter query 1: Car bag in a canister
Enter logic operators: OR, AND NOT
Query 1: Car bag in a canister
Names of the documents retrieved for query 1:
Search logic to be implemented
Enter guery 2: Coffee brewing techniques in cookbook
Enter logic operators: AND, OR NOT, OR
Query 2: Coffee brewing techniques in cookbook
Names of the documents retrieved for query 2:
Search logic to be implemented
```