Review:
$$\frac{\partial f_1}{\partial t} = \xi H_1, f_1 + \left(\frac{\partial f_1}{\partial t}\right)_{Coll}$$
 -V=0, $H_1 = \frac{P_1^2}{2^m}$

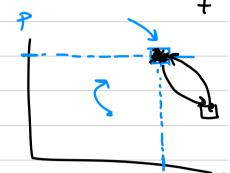


Equilibrium:
$$\frac{\partial f_1}{\partial t} = 0$$
; if fH_1 , $f_1 = 0$ $\Rightarrow \left(\frac{\partial f_1}{\partial t}\right)_{Col} = 0$

$$\left(\frac{\partial f_i}{\partial t}\right)_{col} = 0$$







$$F(X_1+X_2) = F(X_1) + F(X_2) + X_1, X_2$$

$$F(X_1+X_2)=F'(X_1)$$
 \longrightarrow $F'(X)=Cnt.$ \longrightarrow Giveour

$$E(P) = P_{2M}^2$$
: $f_1(\vec{r}, \vec{p}) = \frac{N}{V} \left(\frac{\beta}{2\pi m} \right)^3 = \frac{\beta}{2} \frac{m^2 (\vec{v} \cdot \vec{u})^2}{\sqrt{2\pi m}}$

Boltzman distribution

$$if \{H_{i}, f_{i}\} \neq 0 \rightarrow f_{i}(\vec{r}, \vec{p}) \rightarrow \begin{cases} f(\vec{r}) \\ \vec{\mu}(\vec{r}) \end{cases}, n(\vec{r})$$

Rate =
$$\omega(\vec{p},\vec{R}|\vec{P}',\vec{R}') f_1(\vec{p}) f_1(\vec{R}) (1 \pm f_1(\vec{R})) (1 \pm f_1(\vec{R}))$$



$$\ln\left(\frac{f_1}{1+p^2}\right) = \beta(p^2 - E(\vec{p}) + \vec{u}.\vec{p})$$

$$\Rightarrow \beta_{1}(\vec{P}) = \frac{1}{e^{\beta(\beta - E(\vec{P}) + \vec{u} \cdot \vec{P})} + 1}$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} + \frac{\overrightarrow{P_1}}{m} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \overrightarrow{r_1}}\right) \overrightarrow{f_1} = \int d\overrightarrow{r_2} d\overrightarrow{p_2} \frac{\partial U(\overrightarrow{r_1} - \overrightarrow{r_2})}{\partial \overrightarrow{r_1}} \cdot \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial \overrightarrow{p_2}}$$

2 nd BBGky.

$$\left(\frac{9+}{9}+\frac{1}{5}+\frac$$

$$\star f_{z}(\vec{r}_{1},\vec{r}_{2},\vec{r}_{1},\vec{r}_{2}) = f_{1}(\vec{r}_{1},\vec{r}_{1})f_{1}(\vec{r}_{2},\vec{r}_{2}) \star$$

$$\int f_3 \, d\vec{r}_3 \, d\vec{p}_3 = (N-2) \, f_2 \sim N \, f_2$$

$$\frac{3U}{3r}$$
 $\frac{3}{3p}$ $\frac{3}{7}$ \frac

$$\left(\frac{3}{3} + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{3}{3} + \frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{3}{3} - \frac{3}{1} \cdot \frac{3}{3} \cdot \frac{3}{3} \cdot \frac{3}{3} \cdot \frac{3}{3} \cdot \frac{3}{3} \cdot \frac{3}{3} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \approx 0$$

$$\begin{cases}
\vec{r}_{1}(\vec{r}_{1},\vec{r}_{2},\vec{p}_{1},\vec{p}_{2}) \longrightarrow \begin{cases}
\vec{r}_{1}=\vec{r}_{2}-\vec{r}_{1} & ; \vec{p}_{1}=\vec{p}_{1}-\vec{p}_{2} \\
\vec{R}_{1}=\vec{r}_{1}+\vec{r}_{2} & ; \vec{p}_{1}=\vec{p}_{1}+\vec{p}_{2}
\end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow f_{2}(\vec{r}_{1},\vec{r}_{2},\vec{p}_{1},\vec{p}_{2})$$

$$\left(\frac{\vec{p}}{m} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \vec{r}} - \frac{\partial u(\vec{r})}{\partial \vec{r}} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \vec{p}}\right) f_2 = 0 \rightarrow \frac{|\vec{r}| \cdot \vec{r}| \sim d}{|\vec{r}| \cdot |\vec{r}|}$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial t}\right)_{\text{ML}} = \int d^3 \vec{r}_1 d^3 \vec{p}_2 \frac{\partial v}{\partial \vec{r}} \cdot \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial \vec{p}} = \int \frac{\vec{p}}{m} \cdot \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial \vec{r}} d^3 \vec{p}_2$$

$$|\vec{r}| \leq d$$

$$T = \frac{N}{N} |\vec{V}_2 - \vec{V}_1| ; d\sigma = \left| \frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} \right| d\Omega = bdbd\phi dA$$

$$\pm d\sigma = \frac{v}{N} |\vec{v}_2 - \vec{v}_1| / \frac{d\sigma}{d\sigma} / d\Omega = \frac{v}{N} |\vec{v}_2 - \vec{v}_1| + db d\phi$$

$$\omega(\vec{P},\vec{P}_{1}|\vec{p}',\vec{p}') d\vec{p}'d\vec{p}' = |\vec{V}_{1}-\vec{V}_{1}| \frac{b dd}{d\alpha} |d\alpha|$$

Almost done!

$$(\frac{3h}{3t})_{CM} = \int_{\mathbb{R}^{2}} d^{2}\vec{r}_{1} d^{2}\vec{r}_{2} (\vec{v}_{1} - \vec{v}_{2}) \cdot \frac{3h_{2}}{3r_{1}}$$

$$= \int_{\mathbb{R}^{2}} d^{2}\vec{r}_{2} d^{2}\vec{r}_{2} (\vec{v}_{1} - \vec{v}_{2}) \cdot \frac{3h_{2}}{3r_{1}}$$

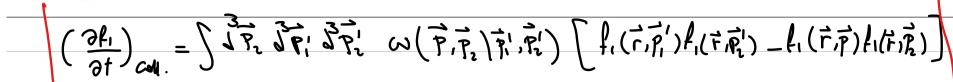
$$= \int_{\mathbb{R}^{2}} d^{2}\vec{r}_{2} d^{2}\vec{r}_{2} (\vec{v}_{1} - \vec{v}_{2}) \cdot \frac{3h_{2}}{3r_{1}}$$

$$= \int \mathcal{A}_{1} \int \mathcal{A}_{2} \int \mathcal{A}_{3} \int \mathcal{A}_{4} \int \mathcal{A}_$$

=
$$\int d^3\vec{p}_2 d^3\vec{p}_1' d^3\vec{p}_2' \omega(\vec{p}, \vec{p}_2|\vec{p}_1', \vec{p}_2') \left[f_2(X_1) - f_1(X_1) \right]$$

b 1 R\$

Molecular chaos:
$$\begin{cases} f_2(X_1) = f_1(\vec{r}, \vec{p}) f_1(\vec{r}, \vec{p}_2) \\ f_2(X_2) = f_1(\vec{r}, \vec{p}_1') f_1(\vec{r}, \vec{p}_2') \end{cases}$$



Boltzmann equation