Lieuville 's eqn:
$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial t} = FH.P3$$

$$H = \frac{P^2}{2m}$$

$$H = \frac{P^2}{2m} + V(X) \longrightarrow \frac{\partial P}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial V}{\partial X} \frac{\partial P}{\partial P} - \frac{\partial P}{\partial X} \frac{P}{m}$$

$$-\frac{\partial \nabla}{\partial x} = F \Rightarrow -\frac{\partial P}{\partial t} = F(x) \frac{\partial P}{\partial x} + \frac{\pi}{2} \frac{\partial P}{\partial x}$$

harmonic oscillator:
$$\frac{\partial e}{\partial t} = -kx \frac{\partial e}{\partial y} + y \frac{\partial e}{\partial x} \qquad y = \sqrt{km} \quad Y$$

$$-\frac{3f}{96} = -\frac{1}{x} \times \frac{3\lambda}{36} + \frac{w}{\sqrt{kw}} \times \frac{3\chi}{96}$$

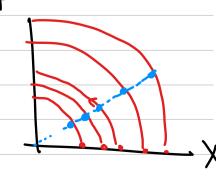
$$=-\sqrt{\frac{w}{k}}\sqrt{\frac{3k}{3k}}+\sqrt{\frac{w}{k}}\sqrt{\frac{3k}{3k}}=\sqrt{\frac{w}{k}}\left(\sqrt{\frac{3k}{3k}}-\sqrt{\frac{3k}{3k}}\right)$$

Equilibrium state:
$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial t} = 0$$

$$\left(\frac{3+}{3P}\right)^{P,X}=0$$

$$\chi$$





expectation values: A(9,P); P => f

$$\frac{d}{dt}\langle A \rangle = \int A(q, p) \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} dv \qquad ; \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} = ? H, f_3 = \sum \frac{\partial H}{\partial q_i} \frac{\partial f}{\partial p_i} - \frac{\partial f}{\partial q_i} \frac{\partial H}{\partial p_i}$$

$$= \int V \left[\frac{\partial f}{\partial h} \right] = \sum \int V(d^{1}h) \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial h} \right) \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial h} \right) \frac{\partial h}{\partial h} - \frac{\partial f}{\partial h} \frac{\partial h}{\partial h} \right)$$

$$A \frac{\partial f}{\partial P_i} = \frac{\partial}{\partial P_i} (Af) - f \frac{\partial}{\partial P_i} A = \frac{\partial}{\partial P_i} + \xi f, H$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \langle A \rangle = -\int f \, \xi \, H, A \, \xi \, dv = -\int f \, \xi \, A, H \, \xi \, dv$$

$$= \int f \, \frac{dA}{dt} \, dv = \langle \frac{dA}{dt} \rangle$$

$$\frac{d}{dt}\langle A\rangle = \langle \frac{dA}{dt}\rangle = \langle \{A,H\}\rangle$$

desity:
$$h(\vec{r},t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_{i}(\vec{r},\vec{p},t) d\vec{p}$$
 average velocity: $\vec{u}(\vec{r},t) = \begin{bmatrix} \vec{J} \vec{p} & \vec{P} & f{i}(\vec{r},\vec{p},t) \end{bmatrix}$

h(1, 7, 13, ...)

- Energy flux:
$$\overrightarrow{E}(\vec{r},t) = \int d\vec{p} \, \overrightarrow{\vec{p}} \, f_1(\vec{r},\vec{p},t) \, E(\vec{p})$$

$$\frac{\partial r_{i}}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial x_{i}}{\partial x_{i}} x_{i} + \frac{\partial y_{i}}{\partial y_{i}} y_{i}^{2} + \frac{\partial z_{i}}{\partial z_{i}} \hat{z}_{i}^{2}$$

$$\frac{3f}{3f'} = N \int \frac{1}{1} \int_{3}^{1-2} \int_{3}^{2} \int_{3}^{$$

$$H = \frac{1}{2m} \sum_{i} P_{i}^{2} + \sum_{i} V(\vec{r}_{i}) + \sum_{i} U(\vec{r}_{i} - \vec{r}_{j}) \cdot (\vec{r}_{i} - \vec{r}_{j} - \vec{r}_{i} - \vec{r}_{j}) \cdot (\vec{r}_{i} - \vec{r}_{j} - \vec{r}_{j} - \vec{r}_{i} - \vec{r}_{j} - \vec{r}_{i} - \vec{r}_{j} - \vec{r}_{i} - \vec{r}$$

$$\frac{\partial f_1}{\partial t} = \mathcal{N} \int \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial t} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \left(\frac{1}{2m} \sum_{i=2}^{n} \int_{i=2}^{n} f_i^2, f_i^2 + \sum_{i=2}^{n} \int_{i=2}^{n} f_i^2, f_i^2 + \sum_{i=2}^{n} \int_{i=2}^{n} \int_{i=2}^{n} f_i^2, f_i^2 \right) + \sum_{i=2}^{n} \int_{i=2}^{n} \int_{i=2}^{n}$$

$$\frac{\partial f_1}{\partial t} = N \int \frac{d}{dt} \frac{3}{3r_1} \frac{3}{3r_2} \frac{1}{r_2} \frac{3}{r_1} \frac{3}{r_2} \frac{1}{r_2} \frac{3}{r_1} \frac{3}{r_2} \frac{3}{r_1} \frac{3}{r_2} \frac{3}{r_1} \frac{3}{r_2} \frac{3}{r_2} \frac{3}{r_1} \frac{3}{r_2} \frac{3$$

$$\frac{\partial f_1}{\partial t} = \lambda \int \frac{\lambda}{100} d\vec{r}, d\vec{r}$$

$$NS \frac{n}{n} \frac{3}{n} \frac{3}{n} \frac{3}{n} \frac{3}{n} = \frac{p_1}{m} \frac{3}{n} \left(\frac{3}{n} \frac{$$

$$H_1 = \frac{P_1^2}{2m} + V(\bar{r}, 1)$$

$$\frac{\partial f_1}{\partial t} = \frac{1}{2} H_1, f_1 + N \int_{i=2}^{N} \frac{1}{3} f_i \frac{3}{4} f_i = \frac{N}{2} \frac{3 U(\vec{r}_i - \vec{r}_k)}{3 \vec{r}_i} \frac{3f_1}{3 \vec{r}_i}$$

$$\frac{\partial f_1}{\partial t} = \{H_1, h\} + \left(\frac{\partial f_1}{\partial t}\right)_{CM}$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial f_{i}}{\partial t}\right)_{QV} = N \int_{i=2}^{N} \frac{\partial^{2} f_{i}}{\partial r_{i}} \frac{\partial^{2} f_{$$

$$= N(M-1) \int_{-1}^{2} \frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\left[f_{2}(\vec{r}_{1},\vec{r}_{2},\vec{P}_{1},\vec{R}_{2}):=N(N-1)\left(\frac{n}{17}\frac{3}{4\vec{r}_{1}}\frac{3}{4\vec{P}_{1}}\right)+\left(\vec{r}_{1},\vec{r}_{2},...,\vec{P}_{n},\vec{P}_{2},...\right)\right]$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial f_i}{\partial t}\right)_{CM} = \int d^3\vec{r}_i d^3\vec{p}_i \frac{\partial v(\vec{r}_i - \vec{k}_i)}{\partial \vec{r}_i} \cdot \frac{\partial f_i}{\partial \vec{p}_i}$$

$$\frac{\partial f_1}{\partial t} = \frac{1}{2}H_1, h_1 + \left(\frac{\partial f_1}{\partial t}\right)_{CM} \qquad H_1 = \frac{P_1^2}{2m} + V(\vec{r}, 1)$$

$$H_1 = \frac{P_1^2}{2m} + \nabla(\overline{r_1})$$

Bogolinbor - Born - Green - Kirkwood - Yvon

BBGKY herarchy

$$f_{n}(\vec{r}_{1},\vec{r}_{2},...,\vec{r}_{n},\vec{p}_{n},\vec{p}_{n},...,\vec{p}_{n}) := \frac{N!}{(N-n)!} \int_{i=n+1}^{N} \frac{1}{(i-n)!} \int_{i=n+1}^{N}$$

$$\frac{\partial f_{n}}{\partial t} = \frac{1}{2} H_{n}, f_{n} + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2}$$

$$H_{n} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left(\frac{p_{i}^{2}}{2m} + V(\vec{r}_{i}) \right) + \sum_{i \in J_{n}} U(\vec{r}_{i}^{2} - \vec{v}_{i})$$