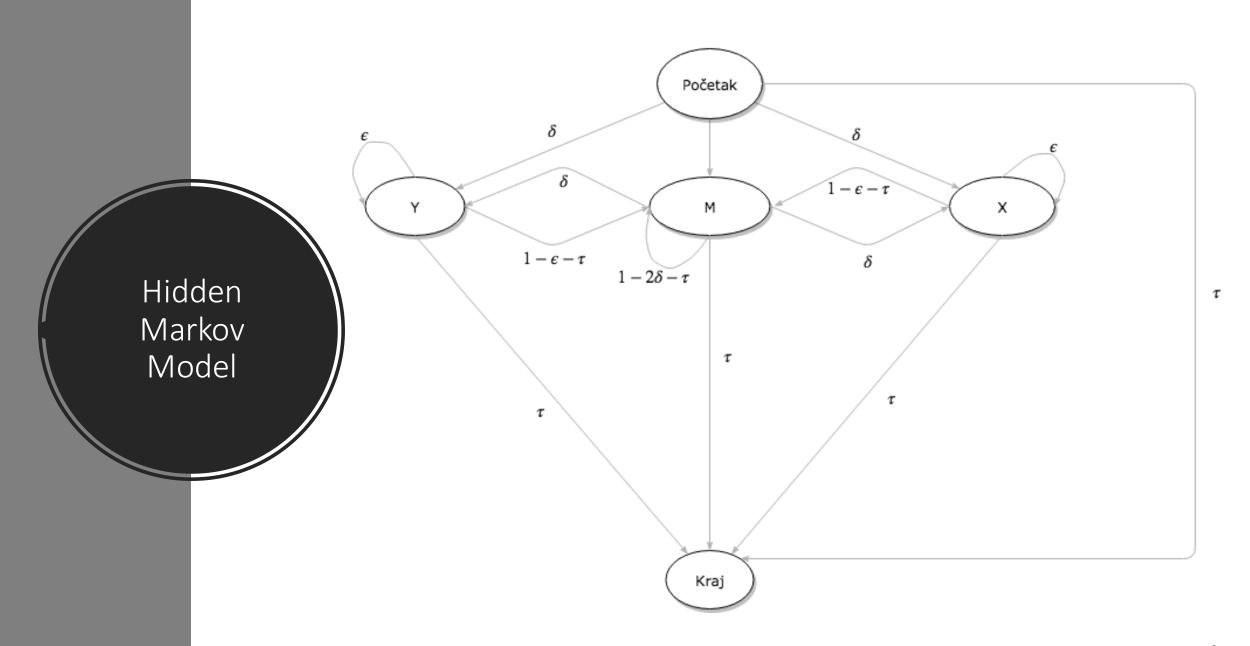
Određivanje poravnanja parova sljedova korištenjem HMM



Algoritam: optimalno poravnanje logaritamskih kvota [3]

Inicijalizacija:

$$V^{M}(0,0) = -2log(\eta), V^{X}(0,0) = V^{Y}(0,0) = -\infty$$

 $V^{\bullet}(i,-1) = V^{\bullet}(-1,j) = -\infty$

Korak:

za svaki i = 0, ..., n, j = 0, ..., m osim (0,0):

Optimalno poravnanje logaritamskim kvotama

$$V^{M}(i,j) = s(x_{i}, y_{j}) + \max \begin{cases} V^{M}(i-1, j-1) \\ V^{X}(i-1, j-1) \\ V^{Y}(i-1, j-1) \end{cases}$$

$$(4)$$

$$V^{X}(i,j) = \max \begin{cases} V^{M}(i-1,j) - d \\ V^{X}(i-1,j) - e \end{cases}$$
 (5)

$$V^{Y}(i,j) = \max \begin{cases} V^{M}(i,j-1) - d \\ V^{Y}(i,j-1) - e \end{cases}$$
 (6)

Uvjet zaustavljanja: $V = \max(V^M(n,m), V^X(n,m) + c, V^Y(n,m) + c)$ Pri čemu su:

$$s(a,b) = \log \frac{p_{ab}}{q_a q_b} + \log \frac{1 - 2\delta - \tau}{(1 - \eta)^2}$$

$$d = -\log \frac{\delta (1 - \epsilon - \tau)}{(1 - \eta)(1 - 2\delta - \tau)}$$

$$e = -\log \frac{\epsilon}{1 - \eta}$$

$$c = \log(1 - 2\delta - \tau) - \log(1 - \epsilon - \tau)$$

Procjena parametara

• Maximum Likelihood Estimation

• Smoothing level = 1

$$e(\alpha, \beta) = \frac{E(\alpha, \beta) + smoothing}{\sum_{\alpha, \beta} E(\alpha, \beta) + 2 \cdot smoothing}$$

$$t(X,Y) = \frac{T(X,Y) + smoothing}{\sum_{X,Y} T(X,Y) + 2 \cdot smoothing}$$

Rezultati modela učenog nad bazom različitih virusa

Sekvenca	Pairwise HMM score	MAFFT score
HIV:Ref.A1.RW.92.92RW008.AB253421,	10296	49486
Ref.A1.UG.92.92UG037.AB253429		
AF086833.2 Ebola virus - Mayinga, Zaire, 1976,	13473	46349
complete genome, JF828358.1 Lloviu virus strain		
MS-Liver-86/2003, complete genome		
FJ424484.1 Rabies virus red fox, MG996466.1 Ra-	1268	7439
bies lyssavirus		
Tropomyiosin: Homo sapiens cDNA, Soares	545	1761
Thymus Mus musculus cDNA		
Hepatitis B virus isolate G376-A6, complete	-6504	2691
genome, Hepatitis C virus genotype 1, complete		
genome		

Tablica 7: Usporedba rezultata poravnanja modela učenog na bazi više virusa poravnatoj s alatom MAFFT



Sekvenca	Pairwise HMM score	MAFFT score
HIV:Ref.A1.RW.92.92RW008.AB253421,	46609	49486
Ref.A1.UG.92.92UG037.AB253429		
HIV:Ref.A1.RW.92.92RW008.AB253421,	36264	42534
Ref.A2.CD.97.97CDKTB48.AF286238		
Tropomyiosin: Homo sapiens cDNA, Soares	855	1761
Thymus Mus musculus cDNA		
Hepatitis B virus isolate G376-A6, complete	-3273	2691
genome, Hepatitis C virus genotype 1, complete		
genome		
Nasumične sekvenca duljine 101 i 105 znakova	102	139
Nasumične sekvenca duljine 5097 i 5053 znakova	4300	8751

Tablica 8: Usporedba rezultata poravnanja modela učenog na bazi HIV-a poravnatoj s ClustalW-om

Literatura

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- Byung-Jun Yoon. Hidden Markov Models and their Applications in Biological Sequence Analysis. https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC2766791, US National Library of Medicine, National Institutes of Health, 2009.



