Day 4 - Dynamic Frontend Components - Quick Commerce Coffee Shop

Overview

In today's assignment, we focused on integrating necessary components into the marketplace builder. My project, **Quick Commerce Coffee Shop**, utilizes ten components, five of which were pre-built (from Day 3), while the remaining five were developed today. The new components include:

- 1. Cart Component
- 2. Notification Component
- 3. Checkout Flow Component
- 4. Reviews and Ratings Component
- 5. Customer Feedback Component

This document details the implementation of the **Cart Component**, including the design of its pages, context management, and functionality.

Cart Component

The **Cart Component** handles the shopping cart functionality, comprising:

- 1. **Cart Page**: Displays items in the cart and allows interaction.
- 2. **Cart Context**: Manages the state and operations of the cart.
- 3. Cart Icon in Navbar: Provides quick access to the cart.
- 4. Add to Cart Button: Integrated into the dynamic product display.

1. Cart Page

The CartPage component serves as the main interface for managing cart items. Users can view, update, and remove items from the cart, proceed to checkout, and view success messages.

Code Snippet: CartPage Component

```
'use client';
```

```
import React, { useState } from 'react';
import Image from 'next/image';
import { useCart } from '../../components/CartContext';
import Navbar from '@/components/Navbar';
import ResponsiveNavbar from '@/components/ResponsiveNavbar';
export default function CartPage() {
  const { items, removeFromCart, updateQuantity } = useCart();
 const [isModalOpen, setIsModalOpen] = useState(false);
 const [formData, setFormData] = useState({
   phoneNumber: '',
   paymentMethod: 'cashOnDelivery'
  const [showSuccess, setShowSuccess] = useState(false);
  const total = items.reduce(
  const handleInputChange = (e: React.ChangeEvent<HTMLInputElement>) =>
   setFormData(prev => ({
  const handleSubmit = (e: React.FormEvent) => {
```

```
e.preventDefault();
   setIsModalOpen(false);
   setShowSuccess(true);
   setTimeout(() => {
     setShowSuccess(false);
   <div className="container mx-auto px-4 py-12 bg-white relative">
     <section className="navbar-section mb-8">
       <Navbar />
     </section>
     <section className="responsive-navbar-section">
       <ResponsiveNavbar />
     </section>
     <h1 className="text-3xl font-bold mb-8 text-black">Shopping
Cart</h1>
       <div className="text-center py-12">
         Your cart is empty
       </div>
       <div className="grid grid-cols-1 gap-6 text-black">
         {items.map((item) => {
            <div
               <div className="relative w-24 h-24">
                 <Image
                  fill
```

```
</div>
              <div className="flex-1">
                <h3 className="text-lg
font-semibold">{item.title}</h3>
                ${itemPrice.toFixed(2)} x {item.quantity}
                <div className="mt-2 flex items-center gap-2">
                  <button
                   onClick={() => updateQuantity(item._id,
item.quantity - 1) }
                  </button>
                  <span>{item.quantity}</span>
                  <button
                    onClick={() => updateQuantity(item. id,
item.quantity + 1) }
                   className="px-2 py-1 border rounded"
                  </button>
                  <button
                    onClick={() => removeFromCart(item. id)}
                   className="ml-4 text-red-500"
                    Remove
                  </button>
                </div>
              </div>
              <div className="text-right">
                ${(itemPrice * item.quantity).toFixed(2)}
                </div>
            </div>
```

```
<div className="mt-6 text-right">
           Total: ${total.toFixed(2)}
           <button
             onClick={() => setIsModalOpen(true)}
             className="bg-blue-500 text-white px-6 py-3 rounded-lg
hover:bg-blue-600 transition-colors"
           </button>
         </div>
       </div>
      {isModalOpen && (
       <div className="fixed inset-0 bg-black bg-opacity-50 flex</pre>
items-center justify-center z-50">
         <div className="bg-white p-8 rounded-lg w-full max-w-md">
           <h2 className="text-2xl font-bold mb-6">Checkout</h2>
           <form onSubmit={handleSubmit} className="space-y-4">
             <div>
               <label className="block text-sm font-medium"</pre>
text-gray-700 mb-1">
               </label>
               <input
                 name="fullName"
                 value={formData.fullName}
                 onChange={handleInputChange}
             </div>
             <div>
               <label className="block text-sm font-medium"</pre>
text-gray-700 mb-1">
               </label>
               <input
```

```
type="tel"
                   onChange={handleInputChange}
              </div>
              <div>
                 <label className="block text-sm font-medium"</pre>
text-gray-700 mb-1">
                 </label>
                 <input
                   name="address"
                   onChange={handleInputChange}
                   className="w-full p-2 border rounded-md"
               </div>
               <div>
                 <label className="block text-sm font-medium text-black"</pre>
mb-1">
                 </label>
                 <div className="flex items-center space-x-2</pre>
                   <input
                     type="radio"
                     name="paymentMethod"
                     onChange={handleInputChange}
                   <span>Cash on Delivery</span>
                 </div>
               </div>
```

```
<div className="border-t pt-4 mt-4">
             Total Amount: ${total.toFixed(2)}
             </div>
            <div className="flex gap-4 mt-6">
             <button
               onClick={() => setIsModalOpen(false)}
hover:bg-gray-100"
             </button>
             <button
               className="flex-1 px-4 py-2 bg-blue-500 text-white
rounded-md hover:bg-blue-600"
               Confirm Order
             </button>
            </div>
          </form>
        </div>
      </div>
     {showSuccess && (
      <div className="fixed inset-0 flex items-center justify-center</pre>
z-50">
        <div className="bg-white p-6 rounded-lg shadow-lg">
          mins.
          </div>
      </div>
   </div>
```

2. Cart Context

The CartContext handles state management for the cart, including functions for adding, removing, and updating cart items.

Code Snippet: CartContext

```
"use client"
import React, { createContext, useContext, useState, useEffect } from
interface Product {
 id: string;
 productImage: string;
 title: string;
 price: number;
 description: string;
 tags: string[];
 dicountPercentage?: number;
  isNew?: boolean;
interface CartItem extends Product {
 quantity: number;
interface CartContextType {
 items: CartItem[];
 addToCart: (product: Product) => void;
 removeFromCart: (productId: string) => void;
 updateQuantity: (productId: string, quantity: number) => void;
  cartCount: number;
const CartContext = createContext<CartContextType |
undefined>(undefined);
```

```
export function CartProvider({ children }: { children: React.ReactNode
 const [items, setItems] = useState<CartItem[]>([]);
 const [cartCount, setCartCount] = useState(0);
 useEffect(() => {
   const savedCart = localStorage.getItem('cart');
   if (savedCart) {
     setItems(JSON.parse(savedCart));
 useEffect(() => {
   localStorage.setItem('cart', JSON.stringify(items));
   setCartCount(items.reduce((total, item) => total + item.quantity,
0));
 const addToCart = (product: Product) => {
   setItems(prev => {
     const existingItem = prev.find(item => item. id === product. id);
       return prev.map(item =>
     return [...prev, { ...product, quantity: 1 }];
 const removeFromCart = (productId: string) => {
   setItems (prev => prev.filter(item => item. id !== productId));
 const updateQuantity = (productId: string, quantity: number) => {
     removeFromCart(productId);
```

```
setItems(prev =>
    prev.map(item =>
        item._id === productId ? { ...item, quantity } : item
    )
    );
};

return (
    <CartContext.Provider
    value={{ items, addToCart, removeFromCart, updateQuantity, cartCount }}
    >
        {children}
    </CartContext.Provider>
    );
}

export function useCart() {
    const context = useContext(CartContext);
    if (context === undefined) {
        throw new Error('useCart must be used within a CartProvider');
    }
    return context;
}
```

Key Features

- 1. **Dynamic Item Management**: Add, remove, and update cart items with live updates.
- 2. **Persistent State**: Cart data is stored in localStorage for persistence.
- 3. **Checkout Modal**: Captures user information and simulates order placement.
- 4. **Responsive Design**: Optimized for various screen sizes with Tailwind CSS.

3. Integration of the Review Component

In this section, we describe the integration of the **Review Component** into the project. The Review Component enhances the interactivity of the website by enabling users to submit and view reviews for products dynamically. Below is an overview of the process:

Purpose of the Review Component

The Review Component is designed to provide a seamless experience for users to share their opinions, rate products, and engage with other users' reviews. Key features include:

- 1. Displaying a list of reviews with user ratings, timestamps, and like counts.
- 2. Allowing users to submit new reviews with a star rating system.
- 3. Calculating and displaying the average product rating dynamically.
- 4. Providing interactive features, such as liking reviews and replying.

Key Functionalities

Dynamic Review Submission

- Users can submit a review by entering text and selecting a star rating (1-5).
- A real-time rating system updates the displayed average rating as new reviews are added.

Real-Time Interactivity

- Users can like reviews, encouraging community engagement.
- Reviews are displayed with timestamps (e.g., "2 hours ago") for added relevance.

User-Friendly Design

• Reviews are formatted with clean, readable layouts.

• A responsive design ensures usability across all screen sizes.

Code Snippet:

```
'use client'
import { useState, FormEvent } from 'react';
import { UserCircle, Send, Star, ThumbsUp, Reply, MoreHorizontal } from
'lucide-react';
interface Review {
 id: number;
 author: string;
 content: string;
 rating: number;
 likes: number;
 timestamp: string;
const ReviewSection = () => {
 const [reviews, setReviews] = useState<Review[]>([
delivery was quick.",
small.",
```

```
timestamp: "30 minutes ago"
  const [newReview, setNewReview] = useState("");
  const [rating, setRating] = useState(0);
  const [hoveredRating, setHoveredRating] = useState(0);
 const handleReviewSubmit = (e: FormEvent<HTMLFormElement>) => {
   e.preventDefault();
   if (!newReview.trim() || rating === 0) return;
   const review: Review = {
     content: newReview,
   setReviews([...reviews, review]);
   setNewReview("");
   setRating(0);
 const StarRating = ({ filled, hovered }: { filled: boolean; hovered:
boolean }) => (
   <Star
       filled
          ? 'text-yellow-400 fill-yellow-400'
           ? 'text-yellow-200 fill-yellow-200'
           : 'text-gray-300'
```

```
const averageRating = reviews.reduce((acc, review) => acc +
review.rating, 0) / reviews.length;
    <div className="w-full max-w-4xl mx-auto py-8">
      <div className="mb-8">
        <h2 className="text-2xl font-bold">Product Reviews</h2>
        <div className="flex items-center gap-2 mt-2">
          <div className="flex">
            \{[1, 2, 3, 4, 5].map((star) => (
              < StarRating
                hovered={false}
          </div>
          <span className="text-lg font-semibold">
            {averageRating.toFixed(1)} out of 5
          </span>
          <span className="text-gray-500">
          </span>
        </div>
      </div>
      <form onSubmit={handleReviewSubmit} className="mb-8">
        <div className="flex gap-4">
          <UserCircle className="w-10 h-10 text-gray-400" />
          <div className="flex-1">
            <div className="mb-4">
              <label className="block text-sm font-medium mb-2">Your
Rating</label>
              <div className="flex gap-1">
                \{[1, 2, 3, 4, 5].map((star) => (
                  <button
                    key={star}
                    onClick={() => setRating(star)}
                    onMouseEnter={() => setHoveredRating(star)}
                   onMouseLeave={() => setHoveredRating(0)}
```

```
<StarRating</pre>
                       filled={star <= (hoveredRating || rating)}</pre>
                      hovered={star <= hoveredRating}</pre>
                  </button>
              </div>
            </div>
            <textarea
              value={newReview}
              onChange={ (e) => setNewReview(e.target.value) }
            <div className="flex justify-end mt-2">
              <button
text-white rounded-lg ${
                  rating === 0 ? 'opacity-50 cursor-not-allowed' :
                <Send className="w-4 h-4" />
                Post Review
              </button>
            </div>
          </div>
        </div>
      </form>
      <div className="space-y-6">
        {reviews.map((review) => (
          <div key={review.id} className="flex gap-4">
            <UserCircle className="w-10 h-10 text-gray-400" />
            <div className="flex-1">
              <div className="bg-gray-50 p-4 rounded-lg">
                <div className="flex justify-between items-start mb-2">
                  <div>
                    <h3 className="font-semibold">{review.author}</h3>
                    <div className="flex items-center gap-2">
```

```
<div className="flex">
                        \{[1, 2, 3, 4, 5].map((star) => (
                          <StarRating</pre>
                      </div>
                      <span className="text-sm text-gray-500">
                      </span>
                    </div>
                  </div>
                  <button className="text-gray-400"</pre>
hover:text-gray-600">
                    <moreHorizontal className="w-5 h-5" />
                  </button>
                </div>
                {review.content}
              <div className="flex gap-4 mt-2 text-sm text-gray-500">
                <button className="flex items-center gap-1</pre>
hover:text-gray-700">
                  <ThumbsUp className="w-4 h-4" />
                </button>
                <button className="flex items-center gap-1</pre>
hover:text-gray-700">
                  <Reply className="w-4 h-4" />
                </button>
              </div>
            </div>
          </div>
      </div>
   </div>
export default ReviewSection;
```

4. Checkout Component Integration

The Checkout Component plays a pivotal role in the e-commerce experience, serving as the final step in the customer's purchasing journey. Its design and functionality ensure a seamless and user-friendly process, enhancing the overall customer satisfaction. Here's an overview of the Checkout Component:

Features and Purpose

The Checkout Component is responsible for:

1. Order Summary Display:

Displays a detailed breakdown of the customer's order, including item names, quantities, prices, and the total amount to be paid.

2. Payment Processing:

Supports secure payment gateways for credit/debit card transactions, digital wallets, and other payment options as needed.

3. Shipping Information:

Collects and validates the customer's shipping address and preferences, ensuring accurate and timely delivery.

4. Promotions and Discounts:

Includes the ability to apply promo codes, discounts, or loyalty rewards directly at checkout.

5. Responsive Design:

Optimized for different screen sizes, providing a smooth experience across devices.

Implementation Details

The Checkout Component is designed with React and TypeScript, ensuring maintainability and scalability. Key functionalities include:

Validation:

Leveraging form validation techniques to ensure accurate user input for payment and shipping details.

• Integration with Backend APIs:

Communicates with the backend to process payments, verify discounts, and finalize orders.

• User Experience Enhancements:

Provides visual feedback during the process (e.g., loading spinners for payment processing) and error messages if issues arise.

Example Code Snippet

Below is a simplified example of how the Checkout Component might be structured:

```
{isModalOpen && (
        <div className="fixed inset-0 bg-black bg-opacity-50 flex</pre>
items-center justify-center z-50">
          <div className="bg-white p-8 rounded-lg w-full max-w-md">
            <h2 className="text-2xl font-bold mb-6">Checkout</h2>
            <form onSubmit={handleSubmit} className="space-y-4">
              <div>
                <label className="block text-sm font-medium"</pre>
                  Receiver's Full Name
                </label>
                <input
                  name="fullName"
```

```
onChange={handleInputChange}
               </div>
               <div>
                 <label className="block text-sm font-medium"</pre>
text-gray-700 mb-1">
                 </label>
                 <input
                   name="phoneNumber"
                   onChange={handleInputChange}
               </div>
               <div>
                 <label className="block text-sm font-medium"</pre>
text-gray-700 mb-1">
                 </label>
                 <input
```

```
type="text"
                   value={formData.address}
                   onChange={handleInputChange}
               </div>
              <div>
                 <label className="block text-sm font-medium text-black")</pre>
mb-1">
                </label>
                 <div className="flex items-center space-x-2</pre>
text-black">
                   <input
                     name="paymentMethod"
                     onChange={handleInputChange}
                   <span>Cash on Delivery</span>
                 </div>
```

```
</div>
            <div className="border-t pt-4 mt-4">
             Total Amount: ${total.toFixed(2)}
             </div>
            <div className="flex gap-4 mt-6">
             <button
               type="button"
               onClick={() => setIsModalOpen(false)}
               className="flex-1 px-4 py-2 border rounded-md
hover:bg-gray-100"
              </button>
             <button
               type="submit"
rounded-md hover:bg-blue-600"
             </button>
            </div>
          </form>
```

```
</div>
      </div>
    {showSuccess && (
      <div className="fixed inset-0 flex items-center justify-center</pre>
       <div className="bg-white p-6 rounded-lg shadow-lg">
         mins.
         </div>
      </div>
```

Conclusion

The Quick Commerce Coffee Shop project highlights the seamless integration of dynamic frontend components to create a user-friendly and engaging e-commerce platform. Each component has been meticulously designed to enhance the shopping experience, ensuring efficiency, accessibility, and interactivity across all user interactions.

From the **Cart Component** for managing purchases to the **Checkout Flow Component** for secure and intuitive transactions, every step of the shopping journey is streamlined. The **Notification Component** ensures users are always informed, while the **Reviews and Ratings**

Component fosters trust and community engagement by encouraging valuable customer feedback.

Together, these components demonstrate the potential of modern frontend development in delivering a high-quality e-commerce solution. By combining responsive design, dynamic functionality, and user-focused features, this project lays a strong foundation for a scalable and customer-centric application.