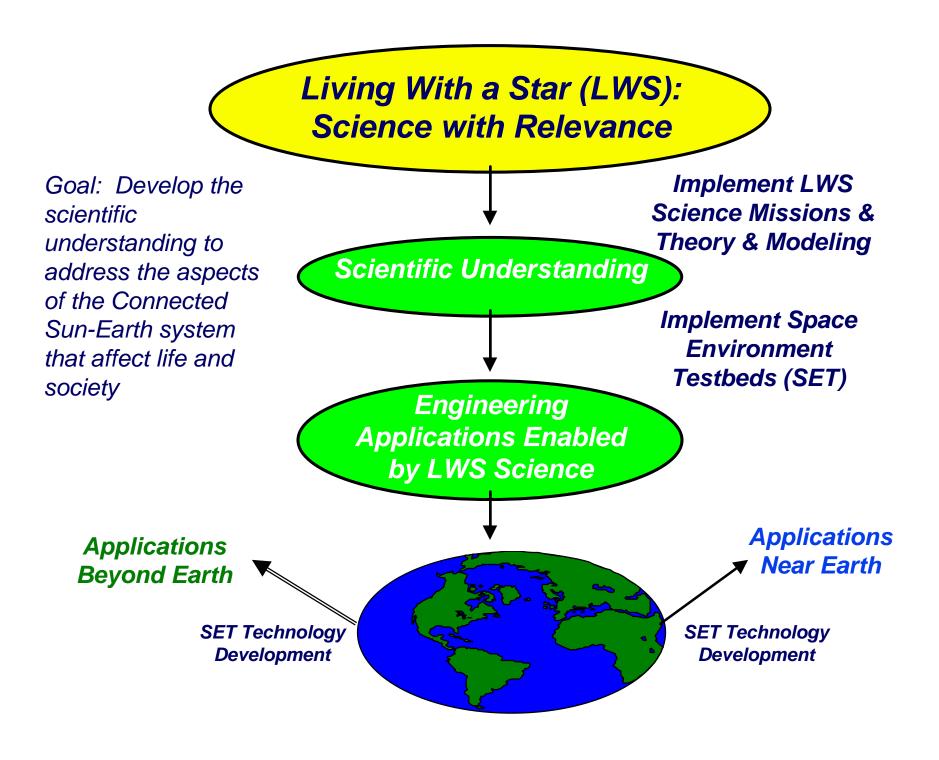
Space Environment Testbed Pre-NRA Workshop Goddard Space Flight Center January 25-26, 2001



The Living with a Star Program Program Overview

Dana Brewer, NASA/HQ LWS Program Executive





The Sun & Earth Are a Connected System

Variable Star





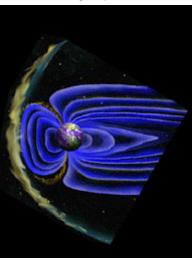
Varying

- Radiation
- Solar wind
- Energetic particles

Interacting

- Solar wind
- Energetic particles

Earth



Interacting

- Magnetic fields
- Plasmas
- Energetic particles

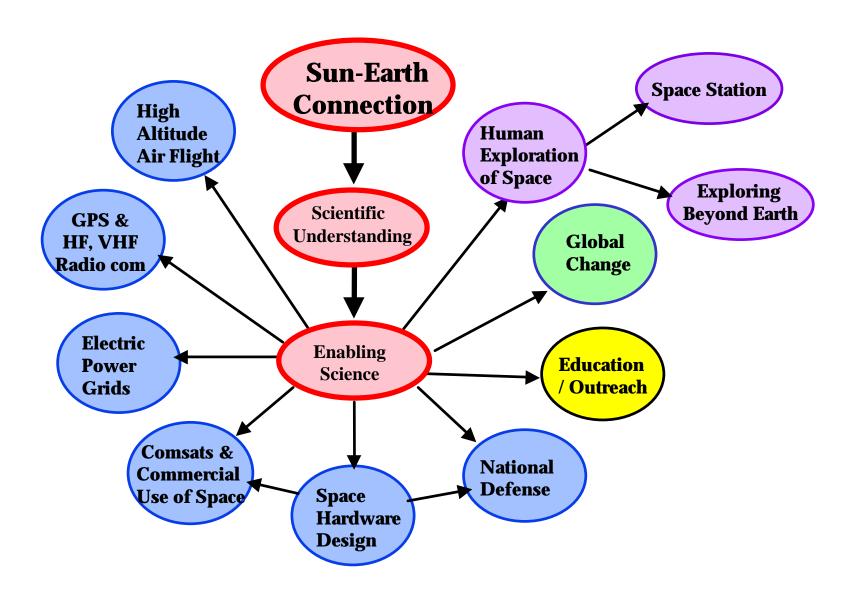
QUESTIONS:

- How and why does the Sun vary?
- How do the Earth and planets respond?
- What are the impacts on humanity?

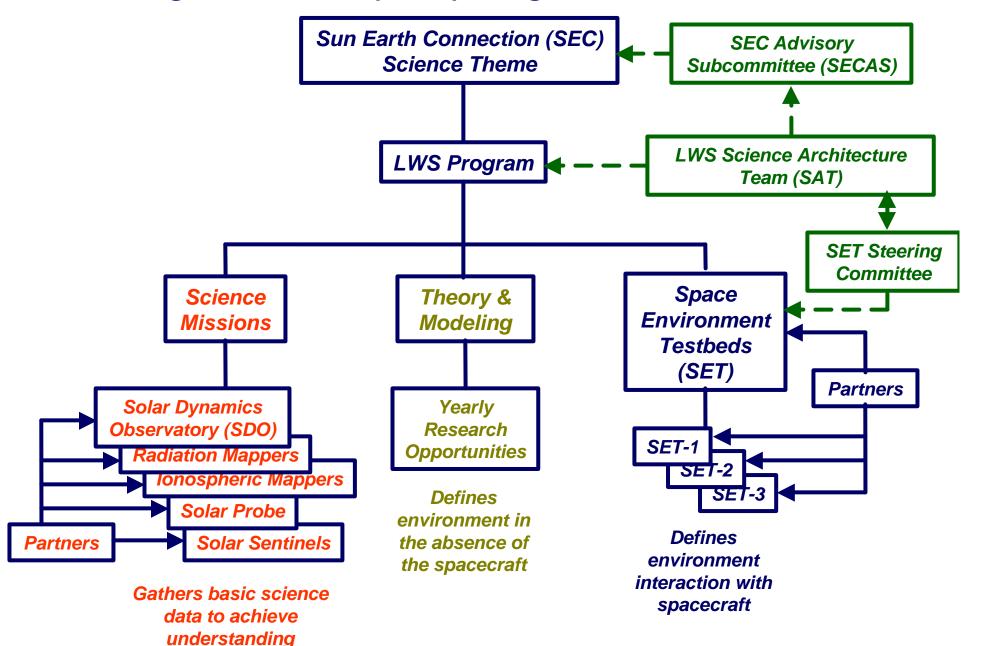
Interacting

- Magnetic fields
- Atmosphere
- Plasma
- Energetic particles

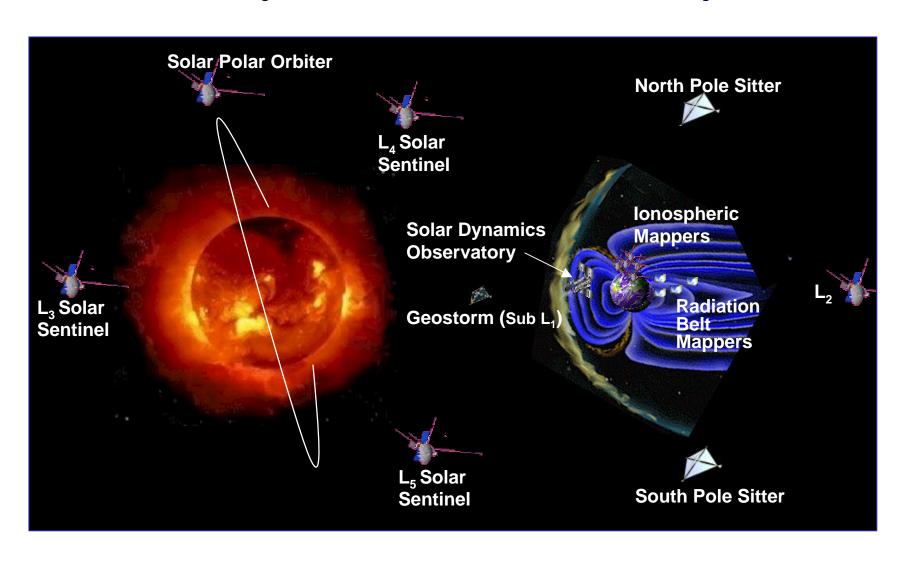
Sun Earth Connections



Living With a Star (LWS) Program Architecture



Living With a Star (LWS) Science Missions: A Network to Quantify the Sun-Earth Connected System



Living With a Star Theory & Modeling

Objective

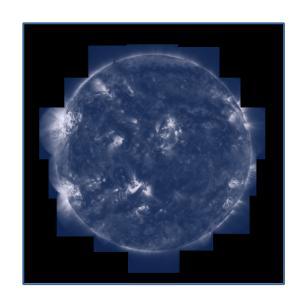
Perform research to refine the understanding of space weather & the role of solar variability in terrestrial climate change

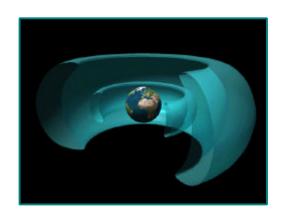
Approach

- Improve understanding of space weather & solar variability
- Improve understanding of solar variability
 & its effect on long term climate change
- Perform research & development to enable improved environment specification models & predictive capability

Scope

Solar atmosphere to Earth's ionosphere





Living With a Star Space Environment Testbeds

Objective

Improve the engineering approach to accommodate and/or mitigate the effects of solar variability on spacecraft design & operations

Approach

 Collect data in space to validate new & existing ground test protocols for the effects of solar variability on emerging technologies & components

 Develop & validate engineering environment prediction & specification models, tools, & databases

 Collect data in space to validate the performance of instruments for LWS science missions & new space technology

Scope

Spacecraft hardware & design /operations tools whose performance changes with solar variability

Space Environment Testbed Products

Bridge the Gap Between Science, Engineering, & **User Application** Communities

Human Radiation Exposure



Impacts on Technology

- Space Systems

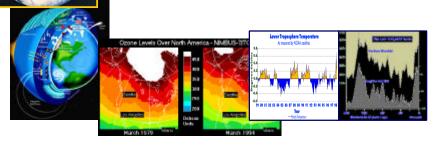


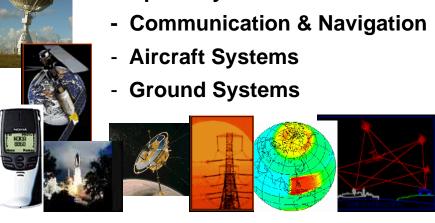


- Surface Warming

Impacts on Life & Society

Ozone Depletion & Recovery







LWS Pre-formulation Meetings

Partnerships are being developed within NASA, other agencies, and industry to define their priorities and stimulate synergism for space weather systems of the future. Some of the larger meetings held to date illustrate the importance given to developing these partnerships.

- NOAA Space Environment Center Visit November 9-10
- NASA Headquarters LWS Inter-Agency Meeting January 11
- SDO Preliminary Mission Definition Team Meeting January 24
- LWS Measurement Requirements Workshop February 9-10
- RBM Preliminary Mission Definition Team Meeting March 9
- IM Preliminary Mission Definition Team Meeting March 16
- Chapman Space Weather Conference March 20-24
- AAS Goddard Memorial Symposium March 29-30
- Sentinels Preliminary Mission Definition Team Meeting April 6
- LWS Community Workshop May 10-12



Program Status

- LWS Funded Starting in FY01 as a continuous program
- Science Architecture Team (SAT) appointed by NASA/HQ
 - First meeting was in November 2000
 - SAT Workshop and Meeting in January 2001
- Solar Dynamics Observatory
 - Science Definition Team Formed
 - Launch Date FY06
- NASA/HQ NRA in FY00 for Theory and Modeling
- Space Environment Testbed
 - Technology Provider Workshop in August 2000
 - Pre-NASA Research Announcement Workshop on January 25-26, 2001
 - NRA Announcement in February/March 2001
 - Targeted Launch Date Late FY03, Early FY04



Points of Contact for Partnering

- Sign-up sheet is available for private meetings
- Dana Brewer NASA/HQ
 - *202-358-1678*
 - dbrewer@hq.nasa.gov
- Janet Barth NASA/GSFC
 - **301-286-8046**
 - JLBARTH@pop700.gsfc.nasa.gov
- Ken LaBel NASA/GSFC
 - **301-286-9936**
 - ken.label@gsfc.nasa.gov

How Do We Establish the Space Environment Testbed (SET) Program?

- Define the groundrules
 - Open competition with peer review
 - Establish & maintain partnerships
 - Establish customer/partner buy-in
- Provide background information in follow-on briefings at this workshop
- Define the requirements
 - Ask technology providers to develop and prioritize candidate SET task requirements at this workshop
 - Providers are organized by disciplines
 - Coordinate products from workshop with customers/partners to obtain customer priorities
 - Use customer priorities and programmatic considerations as requirements for the SET NASA Research Announcement (NRA)
- Provide opportunities to discuss potential partnerships in individual meetings

Example of Technology Provider and Customer Interfaces for the Space Environment Testbed Requirements

