

EQUINOX AI&DATA LAB

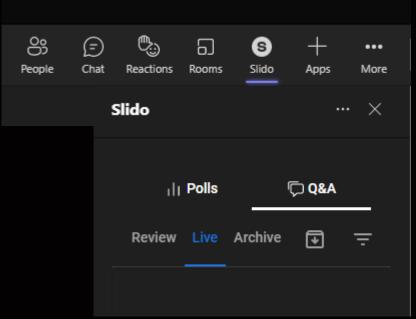




- We use Slido for Q&As and polls
- Teams app users can see Slido at the bottom of the meeting

• Web users can go to slido.com and enter the number # 4252101









Thank you for error correction

51 lines (51 sloc) | 2.09 KB











Acknowledgements

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Letting me know that Assignment 1 had an error in the basis vectors, thank you Giulio Malinverno & Andres Felipe Guerrero.

A few people pointed out in Assignment 1 that $|a\rangle$ was not normalised, I updated it to be $|b\rangle$ instead. Thanks to Giulio Malinverno, Andres Felipe Guerrero & Rajat Kumar.

For pointing out the tensor product $|0+\rangle$ will not change under the standard $CNOT_{a,b}$ I give thanks to Rajat Kumar & Andres Felipe Guerrero, this will help with chapter 6.

Thank you Mahdi Sanagostar for pointing out a mistake in my supposedly corrected CNOT(b,a) on Assignment 1.

Assignment 1

- 9 questions
- 2 optional challenge questions
- Due Monday 12th September
- Can write solutions by hand
- Link to full assignment

Thomas Clarke Quantum Computing Technical Foundations September 2, 2022

Assignment 1: Maths for Quantum Computing

Assignment Due: Monday 12th September

Solutions can be handwritten on a separate sheet of paper, typed or done on a tablet. You may print this, write the solutions on it, and then scan and upload it.

Send the completed assignment to tclarke@asesoftware.com If you have any questions or difficulties, please do reach out to the same email.

Challenge Questions are Optional

1. Complex Numbers

Question 1. Complex number algebra

Simplify the following into the form a + bi

1)
$$(6+4i)+(3+5i)$$

2)
$$(-6+4i)+(-3+5i)$$

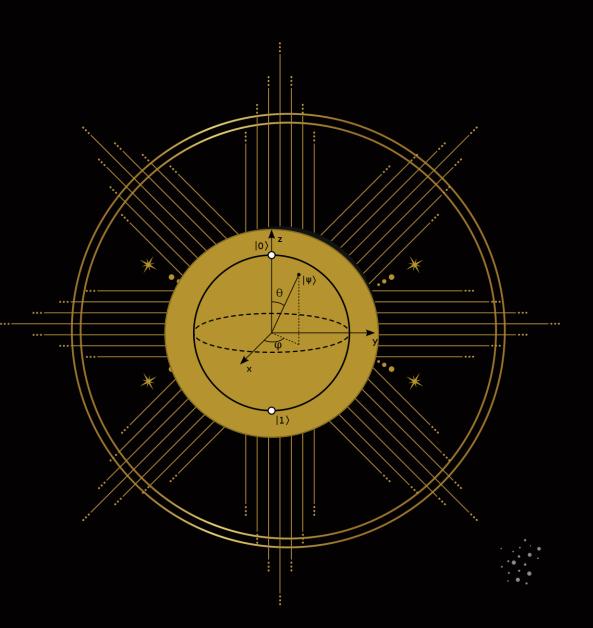
3)
$$i(2+3i)$$

4)
$$(6+4i)(6-4i)$$

Question 2. Complex conjugate

Find the complex conjugate for your answers to the previous question

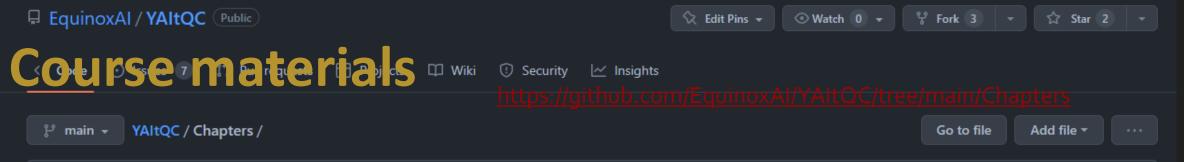
Hint: the complex conjugate of z = a + ib is $z^* = a - ib$



Single Qubits

The unit of quantum information











The measure of greatness in a scientific idea is the extent to which it stimulates thought and opens up new lines of research.

— Paul Dirac —

AZ QUOTES

From pictures to kets







Operators: A trip to the casino







Gate	Description	Effect on $ 0 angle$	Effect on $ 1 angle$	Matrix
I	Identity: do nothing	0 angle ightarrow 0 angle	1 angle ightarrow 1 angle	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$
X	Not: Swaps $ 0 angle$ with $ 1 angle$	0 angle ightarrow 1 angle	1 angle ightarrow 1 angle	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$
Y	Y: Rotation by angle π around the y-axis of the Bloch sphere	$\ket{0} ightarrow i \ket{1}$	$\ket{1} ightarrow -i \ket{0}$	$egin{bmatrix} 0 & -i \ i & 0 \end{bmatrix}$
Z	Z: Adds a phase of $e^{i\pi}$ to $ 1 angle$	0 angle ightarrow 0 angle	1 angle ightarrow - 1 angle	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$
H	Hadamard: Creates the superposition state	$ 0 angle ightarrow rac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(0 angle + 1 angle)$	$ 1 angle ightarrow rac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(0 angle - 1 angle)$	$egin{array}{c c} rac{1}{\sqrt{2}} egin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$
$oxed{S}$	Adds a phase of $e^{\pi/2}$ betweeen $ 0 angle$ & $ 1 angle$	0 angle ightarrow 0 angle	$\ket{1} ightarrow e^{\pi/2} \ket{1}$	$egin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \ 0 & e^{\pi/2} \end{bmatrix}$
T	Adds a phase of $e^{\pi/4}$ betweeen $ 0 angle$ & $ 1 angle$	0 angle ightarrow 0 angle	$\ket{1} ightarrow e^{\pi/4} \ket{1}$	$egin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \ 0 & e^{\pi/4} \end{bmatrix}$

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How many rows does our column vector need for n qubits?

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Is it difficult to simulate a large number of seperated (i.e. not entangled) qubits on a classical computer?

Assignment 2

- 5 regular questions
- 5 optional challenge questions
- Due Friday 16th September
- Link to the assignment

Thomas Clarke Quantum Computing Technical Foundations September 8, 2022

Assignment 2: Single Qubits

Assignment Due: Friday 16th September

Solutions can be handwritten on a separate sheet of paper, typed or done on a tablet. You can print this, write the solutions on it, and then scan and upload it.

Send the completed assignment to tclarke@asesoftware.com If you have any questions or difficulties, please do reach out to the same email.

Challenge Questions are Optional

Question 1. ___ does not play dice

A dice has 6 faces numbered 1,2,3,4,5,6. For this question we will count from 1. Rather than a 2-level system like a qubit, this is a 6-level system. We'll call each state by the number on the face. For instance $|3\rangle$ is the state of the dice with face with 3 up.

When we toss the dice, let's say it's in the superposition state similar to $|+\rangle$ for the qubit.

$$|+_6\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}(|1\rangle + |2\rangle + |3\rangle + |4\rangle + |5\rangle + |6\rangle)$$

What is the expectation value of the dice?

Hint: rather than computing a 6x6 matrix-vector product, you can do the sum

$$\langle N \rangle = \sum_{j=1}^{6} |\langle j| +_{6} \rangle|^{2}$$

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Audience Q&A Session



GRACIAS

