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*Bring trust into your projects*

**Blockchain Security | Smart Contract Audits | KYC**

MADE IN GERMANY

**BFT Chain**

**Audit**

**Security Assessment**

24.June,2023

**For**



[SolidProof.io](https://SolidProof.io)



[@solidproof\\_io](https://t.me/solidproof_io)

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Version	Date	Description
1.0	24.June,2023	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Layout project</li><li>• Automated- /Manual-Security Testing</li><li>• Summary</li></ul>

Network  
Binance smart chain(BSC)

Website  
<https://bftchain.com/>

Twitter  
<https://twitter.com/BftChain>



## Description

A groundbreaking innovation in the world of blockchain technology, combining NFTs, Web 3.0, Metaverse, GameFi, and DeFi. With "Bft Chain," you will not only experience a comprehensive, diverse, and flexible ecosystem but also have the opportunity to enjoy various unique technological services and applications. Whether you are a creative NFT artist, a GameFi player, or a DeFi investor, "Bft Chain" offers you an unprecedented digital space with exciting opportunities. Let's join "Bft Chain" in revolutionizing the way the world interacts with digital technology!

## Project Engagement

During the 23<sup>rd</sup> of June 2023, **BFT Chain** team engaged Solidproof.io to audit the smart contracts that they created. The engagement was technical in nature and focused on identifying the security flaws in the design and implementation of the contracts. They provided Solidproof.io with access to their code repository and whitepaper.

## Logo



## Contract Links

v1.0

<https://bscscan.com/token/0x0830a5bba9118255391546c6d634ba88647f4818>

# Vulnerability & Risk Level

Risk represents the probability that a certain source-threat will exploit vulnerability, and the impact of that event on the organization or system. Risk Level is computed based on CVSS version 3.0.

Level	Value	Vulnerability	Risk (Required Action)
<b>Critical</b>	9 - 10	A vulnerability that can disrupt the contract functioning in a number of scenarios, or creates a risk that the contract may be broken.	Immediate action to reduce risk level.
<b>High</b>	7 - 8.9	A vulnerability that affects the desired outcome when using a contract, or provides the opportunity to use a contract in an unintended way.	Implementation of corrective actions as soon as possible.
<b>Medium</b>	4 - 6.9	A vulnerability that could affect the desired outcome of executing the contract in a specific scenario.	Implementation of corrective actions in a certain period.
<b>Low</b>	2 - 3.9	A vulnerability that does not have a significant impact on possible scenarios for the use of the contract and is probably subjective.	Implementation of certain corrective actions or accepting the risk.
<b>Informational</b>	0 - 1.9	A vulnerability that have informational character but is not effecting any of the code.	An observation that does not determine a level of risk

# Auditing Strategy and Techniques Applied

Throughout the review process, care was taken to evaluate the repository for security-related issues, code quality, and adherence to specification and best practices. To do so, reviewed line-by-line by our team of expert pentesters and smart contract developers, documenting any issues as there were discovered.

## **Methodology**

The auditing process follows a routine series of steps:

1. Code review that includes the following:
  - i) Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof to make sure we understand the size, scope, and functionality of the smart contract.
  - ii) Manual review of code, which is the process of reading source code line-by-line in an attempt to identify potential vulnerabilities.
  - iii) Comparison to specification, which is the process of checking whether the code does what the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof describe.
2. Testing and automated analysis that includes the following:
  - i) Test coverage analysis, which is the process of determining whether the test cases are actually covering the code and how much code is exercised when we run those test cases.
  - ii) Symbolic execution, which is analyzing a program to determine what inputs causes each part of a program to execute.
3. Best practices review, which is a review of the smart contracts to improve efficiency, effectiveness, clarify, maintainability, security, and control based on the established industry and academic practices, recommendations, and research.
4. Specific, itemized, actionable recommendations to help you take steps to secure your smart contracts.

## Used Code from other Frameworks/Smart Contracts (direct imports)

### Imported packages:

Dependency / Import Path	Count
@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/ERC20.sol	1
@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/extensions/ERC20Burnable.sol	1





## Tested Contract Files

This audit covered the following files listed below with a SHA-1 Hash.

A file with a different Hash has been modified, intentionally or otherwise, after the security review. A different Hash could be (but not necessarily) an indication of a changed condition or potential vulnerability that was not within the scope of this review.

v1.0

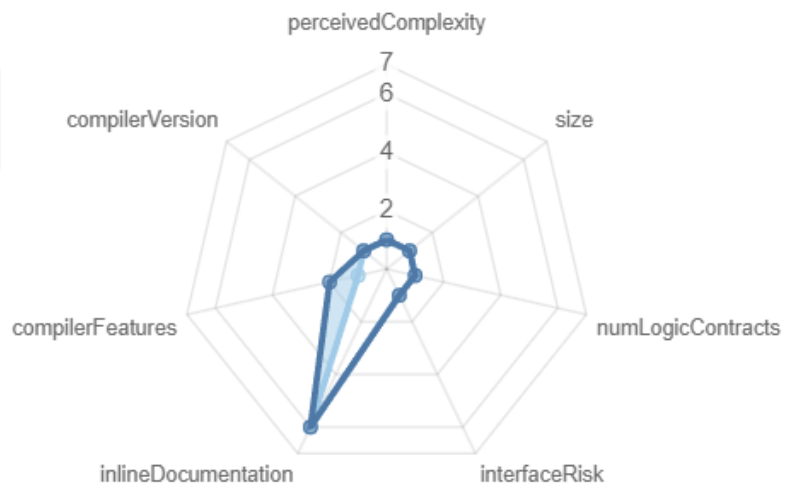
File Name	SHA-1 Hash
contracts/BFT.sol	c255f78f7993e97926ba3d415679706193e557f3

# Metrics

## Source Lines v1.0







## Risk Level v1.0




# Capabilities

## Components

 Contracts	 Libraries	 Interfaces	 Abstract
1	0	0	0


### Exposed Functions

This section lists functions that are explicitly declared public or payable. Please note that getter methods for public stateVars are not included.





 Public	 Payable
0	0







External	Internal	Private	Pure	View
0	1	0	0	0

### StateVariables

Total	 Public
0	0

### Capabilities

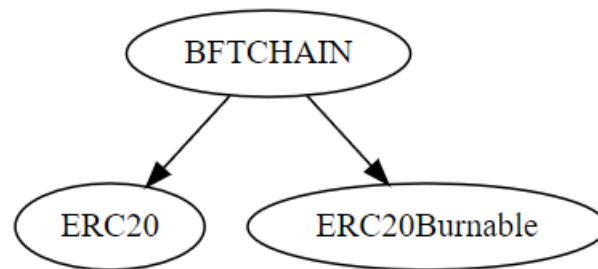
Solidity Versions observed	 Experimental Features	 Can Receive Funds	 Uses Assembly	 Has Destroyable Contracts
^0.8.9				

 Transfers ETH	 Low-Level Calls	 DelegateCall	 Uses Hash Functions	 ECRecover	 New/Create/Create2

 TryCatch	 Unchecked

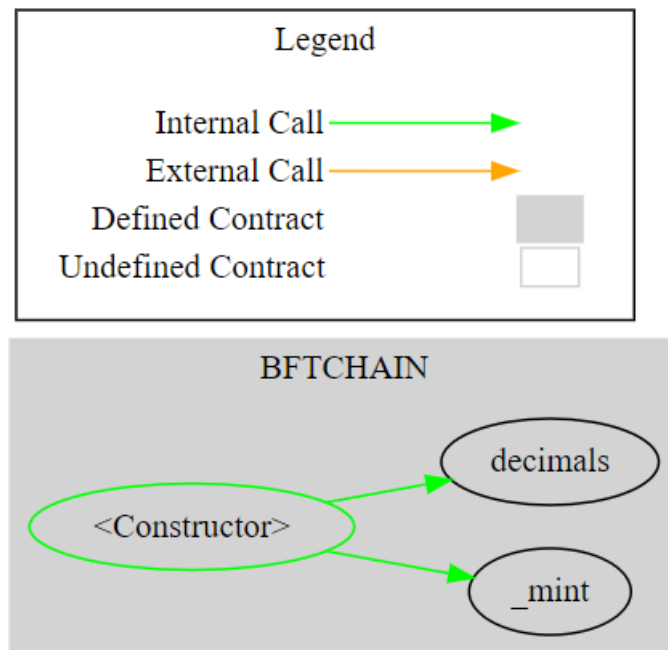
# Inheritance Graph

v1.0



# Call Graph

v1.0

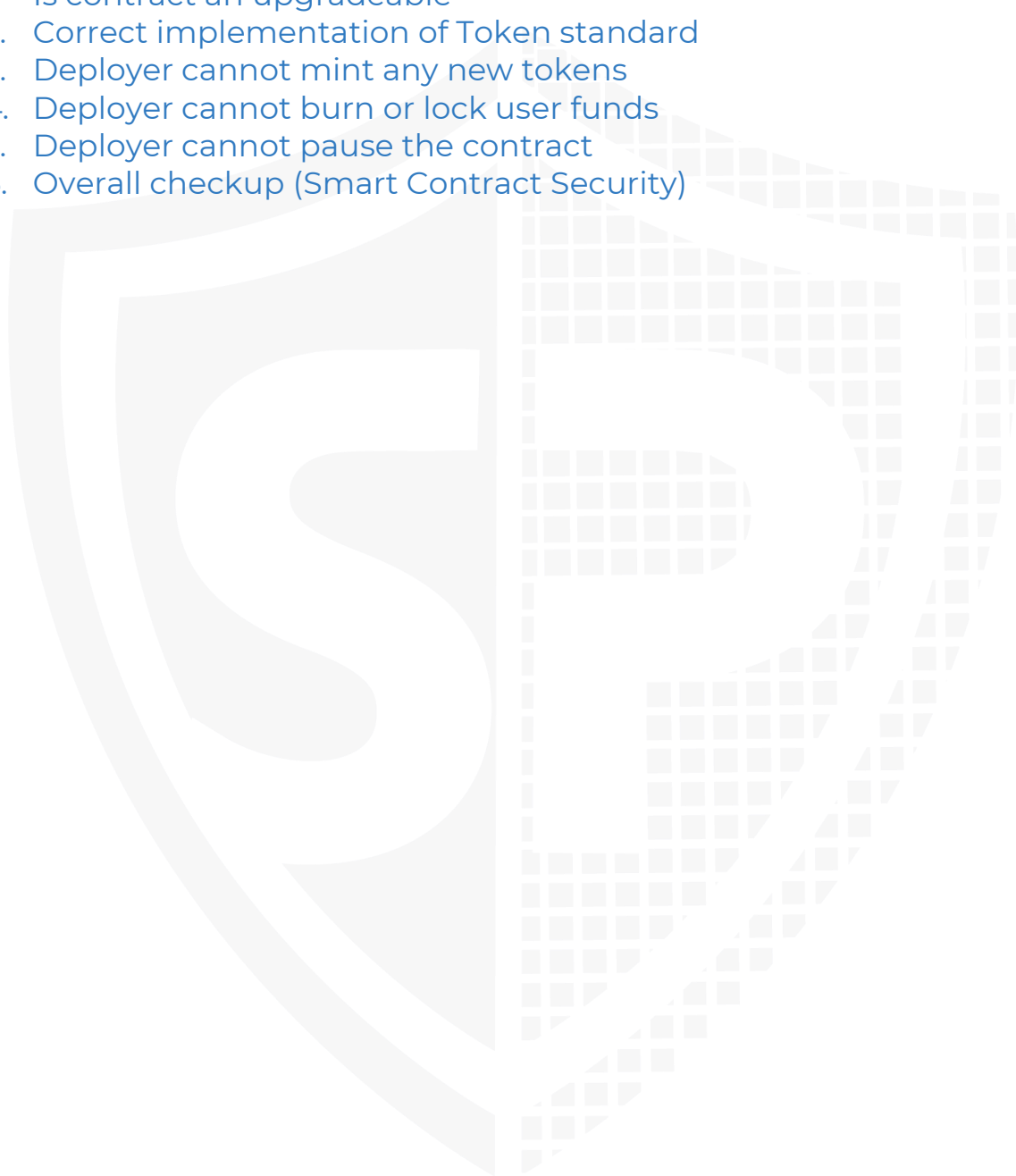


## Scope of Work/Verify Claims

The above token Team provided us with the files that needs to be tested (Github, Bscscan, Etherscan, files, etc.). The scope of the audit is the main contract (usual the same name as team appended with .sol).

We will verify the following claims:

1. Is contract an upgradeable
2. Correct implementation of Token standard
3. Deployer cannot mint any new tokens
4. Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds
5. Deployer cannot pause the contract
6. Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)



## Is contract an upgradeable

Name	
Is contract an upgradeable?	No



## Correct implementation of Token standard

ERC20				
Function	Description	Exist	Tested	Verified
totalSupply	Provides information about the total token supply	Yes	Yes	Yes
balanceOf	Provides account balance of the owner's account	Yes	Yes	Yes
transfer	Executes transfers of a specified number of tokens to a specified address	Yes	Yes	Yes
transferFrom	Executes transfers of a specified number of tokens from a specified address	Yes	Yes	Yes
approve	Allow a spender to withdraw a set number of tokens from a specified account	Yes	Yes	Yes
allowance	Returns a set number of tokens from a spender to the owner	Yes	Yes	Yes

## Deployer cannot mint any new tokens

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer cannot mint	N/A	N/A	N/A
Max / Total Supply	1000000000000000000 0000000000		



## Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer cannot lock	N/A	N/A	N/A
Deployer cannot burn	N/A	N/A	N/A



## Deployer cannot pause the contract

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer cannot pause	N/A	N/A	N/A



# Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)

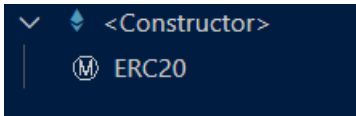
Tested	Verified

## Legend

Attribute	Symbol
Verified / Checked	
Partly Verified	
Unverified / Not checked	
Not available	

# Modifiers and public functions

v1.0





## Ownership Privileges:

- N/A



# Source Units in Scope

v1.0

Type	File	Logic Contracts	Interfaces	Lines	nLines	nSLOC	Comment Lines	Complex. Score	Capabilities
	contracts/BFT.sol	1	————	11	11	8	1	8	————
	Totals	1	————	11	11	8	1	8	————

## Legend

Attribute	Description
Lines	total lines of the source unit
nLines	normalized lines of the source unit (e.g. normalizes functions spanning multiple lines)
nSLOC	normalized source lines of code (only source-code lines; no comments, no blank lines)
Comment Lines	lines containing single or block comments
Complexity Score	a custom complexity score derived from code statements that are known to introduce code complexity (branches, loops, calls, external interfaces, ...)

# Audit Results

## AUDIT PASSED

### Critical issues

No critical issues

### High issues

No high issues

### Medium issues

No medium issues

### Low issues

Issue	File	Type	Line	Description
#1	BFT.sol	Floating Pragma solidity version	L2	It is recommended to add the constant version of solidity as this prevents the unintentional deployment of a contract with an outdated compiler that contains unresolved bugs.

### Informational issues

Issue	File	Type	Line	Description
#1	BFT.sol	Natspec documentation missing	-	If you started to comment on your code, also comment on all other functions, variables, etc.

## Audit Comments

We recommend you to use the special form of comments (NatSpec Format, Follow link for more information <https://docs.soliditylang.org/en/v0.5.10/natspec-format.html>) for your contracts to provide rich documentation for functions, return variables and more. This helps investors to make clear what that variables, functions etc. do.

## 24. June, 2023:

- Read the report and modifier section to get more details.

## SWC Attacks

ID	Title	Relationships	Status
<a href="#">SWC-136</a>	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	<a href="#">CWE-767: Access to Critical Private Variable via Public Method</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SWC-135</a>	Code With No Effects	<a href="#">CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SWC-134</a>	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	<a href="#">CWE-655: Improper Initialization</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SWC-133</a>	Hash Collisions With Multiple Variable Length Arguments	<a href="#">CWE-294: Authentication Bypass by Capture-replay</a>	PASSED

<a href="#">SWC-132</a>	Unexpected Ether balance	<a href="#">CWE-667: Improper Locking</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SWC-131</a>	Presence of unused variables	<a href="#">CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SWC-130</a>	Right-To-Left-Override control character (U+202E)	<a href="#">CWE-451: User Interface (UI) Misrepresentation of Critical Information</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SWC-129</a>	Typographical Error	<a href="#">CWE-480: Use of Incorrect Operator</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SWC-128</a>	DoS With Block Gas Limit	<a href="#">CWE-400: Uncontrolled Resource Consumption</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SWC-127</a>	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	<a href="#">CWE-695: Use of Low-Level Functionality</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SWC-125</a>	Incorrect Inheritance Order	<a href="#">CWE-696: Incorrect Behavior Order</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SWC-124</a>	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	<a href="#">CWE-123: Write-what-where Condition</a>	PASSED



<a href="#">SWC-123</a>	Requirement Violation	<a href="#">CWE-573: Improper Following of Specification by Caller</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SWC-122</a>	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	<a href="#">CWE-345: Insufficient Verification of Data Authenticity</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SWC-121</a>	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	<a href="#">CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SWC-120</a>	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	<a href="#">CWE-330: Use of Insufficiently Random Values</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SWC-119</a>	Shadowing State Variables	<a href="#">CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SWC-118</a>	Incorrect Constructor Name	<a href="#">CWE-665: Improper Initialization</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SWC-117</a>	Signature Malleability	<a href="#">CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SWC-116</a>	Timestamp	<a href="#">CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere</a>	PASSED

	Dependence		
<a href="#">SWC-115</a>	Authorization through tx.origin	<a href="#">CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SWC-114</a>	Transaction Order Dependence	<a href="#">CWE-362: Concurrent Execution using Shared Resource with Improper Synchronization ('Race Condition')</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SWC-113</a>	DoS with Failed Call	<a href="#">CWE-703: Improper Check or Handling of Exceptional Conditions</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SWC-112</a>	Delegate call to Untrusted Callee	<a href="#">CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SWC-111</a>	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	<a href="#">CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SWC-110</a>	Assert Violation	<a href="#">CWE-670: Always-Incorrect Control Flow Implementation</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SWC-109</a>	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	<a href="#">CWE-824: Access of Uninitialized Pointer</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SWC-108</a>	State Variable	<a href="#">CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards</a>	PASSED

	Default Visibility		
<a href="#">SWC-107</a>	Reentrancy	<a href="#">CWE-841: Improper Enforcement of Behavioral Workflow</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SWC-106</a>	Unprotected SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	<a href="#">CWE-284: Improper Access Control</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SWC-105</a>	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	<a href="#">CWE-284: Improper Access Control</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SWC-104</a>	Unchecked Call Return Value	<a href="#">CWE-252: Unchecked Return Value</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SWC-103</a>	Floating Pragma	<a href="#">CWE-664: Improper Control of a Resource Through its Lifetime</a>	Failed
<a href="#">SWC-102</a>	Outdated Compiler Version	<a href="#">CWE-937: Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities</a>	PASSED
<a href="#">SWC-101</a>	Integer Overflow and Underflow	<a href="#">CWE-682: Incorrect Calculation</a>	PASSED

<a href="#">SWC-100</a>	Function Default Visibility	<a href="#">CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards</a>	<b>PASSED</b>
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Solid  
Proofed

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