

Blockchain Security | Smart Contract Audits | KYC Development | Marketing

MADE IN GERMANY

Jeetdie Academy

Audit

Security Assessment 13. May, 2023

For







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Version	Date	Description
1.0	10. May 2023	Layout projectAutomated-/Manual-Security TestingSummary
1.1	13. May 2023	· Reaudit

Note - This Audit report consists of a security analysis of the **Jeetdie Academy** smart contracts. This analysis did not include functional testing (or unit testing) of the contract's logic.

Network

Ethereum

Website

https://jeetdie.academy/

Telegram

https://t.me/jeetdie_academy

Twitter

https://twittter.com/jeetdie_academy

Description

The main mission of \$JEETDIE is to fight off the corrupted and ruthless Jeets, to make that idea a reality we have developed a custom tax contract function - it will be observing price action of the token and changing tokenomics automatically according to the movement. Our end goal is to introduce a new function that more projects in the future can use and implement into their smart contracts or even build better functions on top of it. To show and educate the community that not everything has yet been explored, and the industry is just starting it's journey!

Project Engagement

During the Date of 09 May 2023, **Jeetdie Academy Team** engaged Solidproof.io to audit smart contracts that they created. The engagement was technical in nature and focused on identifying security flaws in the design and implementation of the contracts. They provided Solidproof.io with access to their code repository and whitepaper.

Logo



Contract Link v1.0

- https://github.com/Jeetdie/Jeetdie-Academy/blob/main/jeetdie.sol
- · Commit: 098fac0

v1.1

- https://github.com/Jeetdie/Jeetdie-Academy/blob/main/Jeetdie.sol
- Commit: <u>d997122</u>

Note for Investors: We only Audited a token contract for **Jeetdie Academy**. However, If the project has other contracts (for example, a Presale contract etc), and they were not provided to us in the audit scope then we cannot comment on its security and we are not responsible for it in any way.

Vulnerability & Risk Level

Risk represents the probability that a certain source-threat will exploit vulnerability, and the impact of that event on the organization or system. Risk Level is computed based on CVSS version 3.0.

Level	Value	Vulnerability	Risk (Required Action)
Critical	9 - 10	A vulnerability that can disrupt the contract functioning in a number of scenarios, or creates a risk that the contract may be broken.	Immediate action to reduce risk level.
High	7 – 8.9	A vulnerability that affects the desired outcome when using a contract, or provides the opportunity to use a contract in an unintended way.	Implementation of corrective actions as soon aspossible.
Medium	4 – 6.9	A vulnerability that could affect the desired outcome of executing the contract in a specific scenario.	Implementation of corrective actions in a certain period.
Low	2 – 3.9	A vulnerability that does not have a significant impact on possible scenarios for the use of the contract and is probably subjective.	Implementation of certain corrective actions or accepting the risk.
Informational	O – 1.9	A vulnerability that have informational character but is not effecting any of the code.	An observation that does not determine a level of risk

Auditing Strategy and Techniques Applied

Throughout the review process, care was taken to evaluate the repository for security-related issues, code quality, and adherence to specification and best practices. To do so, reviewed line-by-line by our team of expert pentesters and smart contract developers, documenting any issues as there were discovered.

Methodology

The auditing process follows a routine series of steps:

- 1. Code review that includes the following:
 - i) Review of the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof to make sure we understand the size, scope, and functionality of the smart contract.
 - ii) Manual review of code, which is the process of reading source code line-byline in an attempt to identify potential vulnerabilities.
 - iii) Comparison to specification, which is the process of checking whether the code does what the specifications, sources, and instructions provided to SolidProof describe.
- 2. Testing and automated analysis that includes the following:
 - i) Test coverage analysis, which is the process of determining whether the test cases are actually covering the code and how much code is exercised when we run those test cases.
 - ii) Symbolic execution, which is analysing a program to determine what inputs causes each part of a program to execute.
- 3. Best practices review, which is a review of the smart contracts to improve efficiency, effectiveness, clarify, maintainability, security, and control based on the established industry and academic practices, recommendations, and research.
- 4. Specific, itemized, actionable recommendations to help you take steps to secure your smart contracts.

Used Code from other Frameworks/Smart Contracts (direct imports)

Imported packages:

> ••• IERC20
> •• IERC20Metadata
> •• Context
> •• ERC20
> •• ERC20Burnable
> •• Ownable
> •• IUniswapV2Factory
> •• IUniswapV2Pair
> •• IUniswapV2Router01
> •• IUniswapV2Router02
> •• IUniswapV2Router02
> •• IUniswapV2ERC20

Tested Contract Files

This audit covered the following files listed below with a SHA-1 Hash.

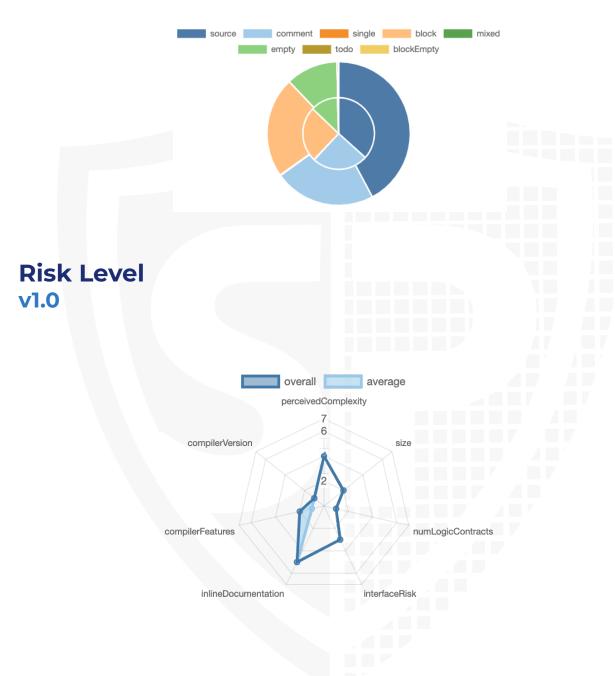
A file with a different Hash has been modified, intentionally or otherwise, after the security review. A different Hash could be (but not necessarily) an indication of a changed condition or potential vulnerability that was not within the scope of this review.

v1.0

File Name	SHA-1 Hash
contracts/jeetdie.sol	d78ac4c01fe10ced619600032aa8fa0070477eca

Metrics

Source Lines v1.0



Capabilities

Components



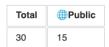
Exposed Functions

This section lists functions that are explicitly declared public or payable. Please note that getter methods for public stateVars are not included.

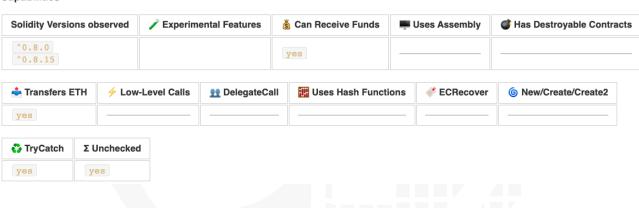


External	Internal	Private	Pure	View
98	93	5	14	46

StateVariables

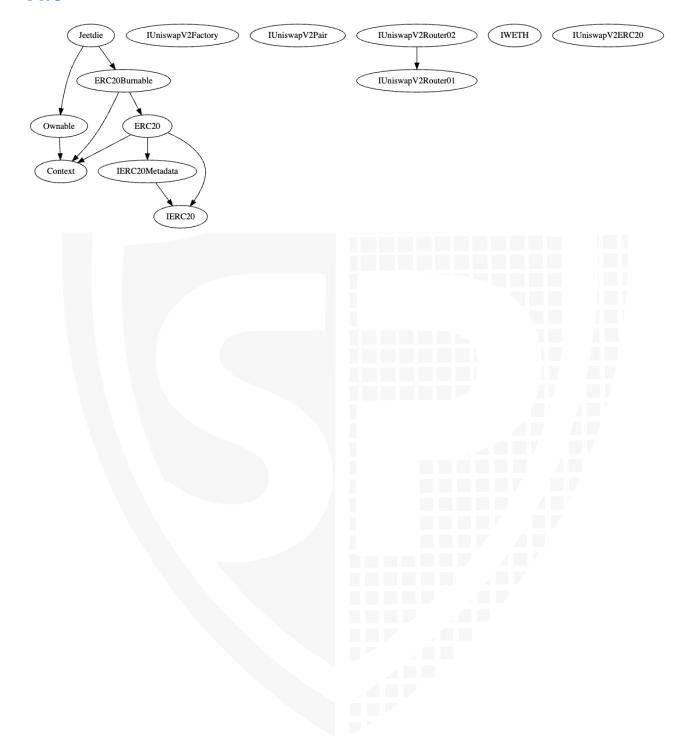


Capabilities

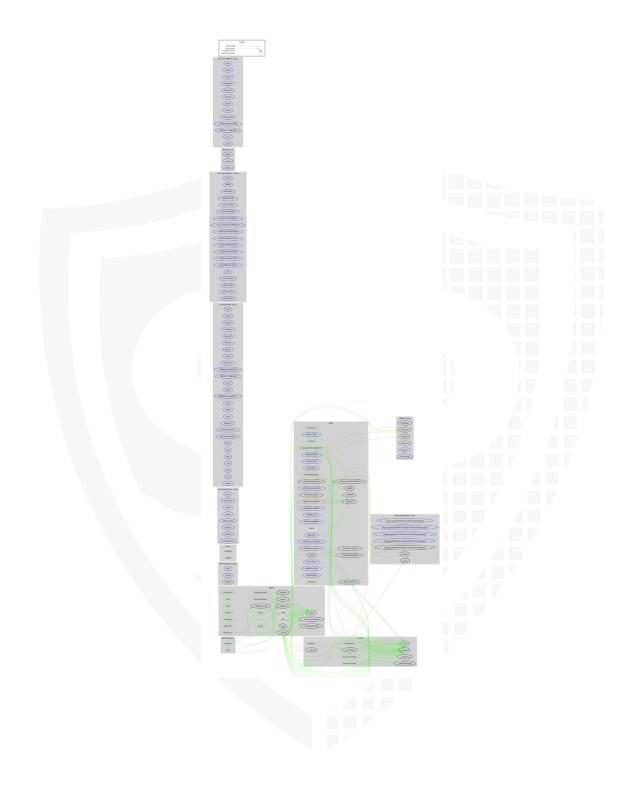


Inheritance Graph

v1.0



CallGraph v1.0



Scope of Work/Verify Claims

The above token Team provided us with the files that needs to be tested (Github, Bscscan, Etherscan, files, etc.). The scope of the audit is the main contract (usual the same name as team appended with .sol).

We will verify the following claims:

- 1. Is contract an upgradeable
- 2. Correct implementation of Token standard
- 3. Deployer cannot mint any new tokens
- 4. Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds
- 5. Deployer cannot pause the contract
- 6. Deployer cannot set fees
- 7. Deployer cannot blacklist/antisnipe addresses
- 8. Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)

Is contract an upgradeable

Name	
Is contract an upgradeable?	No



Correct implementation of Token standard

	ERC20				
Function	Description	Exist	Tested	Verified	
TotalSupply	Provides information about the total token supply	√	√	✓	
BalanceOf	Provides account balance of the owner's account	\checkmark	√	✓	
Transfer	Executes transfers of a specified number of tokens to a specified address	√	√	✓	
TransferFrom	Executes transfers of a specified number of tokens from a specified address	√	√	√	
Approve	Allow a spender to withdraw a set number of tokens from a specified account	√	√	√	
Allowance	Returns a set number of tokens from a spender to the owner	√	1	√	

Write functions of contract v1.0

- openTrade
- claimStuckTokens
- setAutomatedMarketMakerPair
- excludeFromFees
- includeInFees
- updateFees
- enableTaxRegulationMod
- changeMarketingWallet
- addToBlacklist
- removeFromBlacklist
- setSwapTokensAtAmount
- setMaxPercentToSwap
- removeLimits
- setMaxTxAmount
- setMaxHolding
- setExempt

Deployer cannot mint any new tokens

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer cannot mint	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Max / Total Supply	1_000_000_000		

Comments:

v1.0

· Owner cannot mint new tokens

Deployer cannot burn or lock user funds

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer can lock	\checkmark	√	X
Deployer cannot burn	-	_	_

Comments:

v1.0

- · Owner can lock user funds by
 - blacklisting addresses
 - Setting max tx amount to 0
 - Setting max wallet amount to 0

Deployer cannot pause the contract

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer cannot pause	\checkmark	√	X

Comments:

v1.0

 Owner can pause contract by setting the max transaction amount to zero



Deployer cannot set fees

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer cannot set fees over 10%	\checkmark	√	\checkmark
Deployer cannot set fees to nearly 100% or to 100%	√	√	\checkmark

Comments:

v1.0

Maximum tax can be 10%

Deployer can blacklist/antisnipe addresses

Name	Exist	Tested	Status
Deployer cannot blacklist/antisnipe addresses	\checkmark	√	X

Comments:

v1.0

· Owner is able to blacklist addresses



Overall checkup (Smart Contract Security)



Legend

Attribute	Symbol
Verified / Checked	\checkmark
Partly Verified	P
Unverified / Not checked	X
Not available	-

Modifiers and public functions v1.0

openTrade claimStuckTokens setAutomatedMarketMakerPair excludeFromFees includeInFees updateFees enableTaxRegulationMod changeMarketingWallet addToBlacklist removeFromBlacklist setSwapTokensAtAmount setMaxPercentToSwap removeLimits setMaxTxAmount setMaxHolding setExempt

Ownership Privileges

- Include/Exclude accounts from tax
- Owner needs to enable trading in order for unexempted addresses to trade.
- Set/Update marketing wallet address, and AMM pair address
- Set liquidity threshold
- Set max percent to swap but only between 2 and 10%
- Set max holding, and max transaction to any arbitrary value including zero.

- Remove limits from the contract but cannot add them again.
- Recover/Withdraw any type of token from the contract

Note - All the ownership privileges will not be valid after the renouncement of the ownership

Please check if an OnlyOwner or similar restrictive modifier has been forgotten.

Source Units in Scope v1.0

File	Logic Contracts	Interfaces	Lines	nLines	nSLOC	Comment Lines	Complex. Score
contracts/jeetdie.sol	5	8	1242	906	450	371	529
Totals	5	8	1242	906	450	371	529

Legend

Attribute	Description
Lines	total lines of the source unit
nLines	normalised lines of the source unit (e.g. normalises functions spanning multiple lines)
nSLOC	normalised source lines of code (only source-code lines; no comments, no blank lines)
Comment Lines	lines containing single or block comments
Complexity Score	a custom complexity score derived from code statements that are known to introduce code complexity (branches, loops, calls, external interfaces,)

Audit Results

Critical issues

No critical issues

High issues

No high issues

Medium issues

	Medium Issues FIXED					
Issu e	File	Туре	Line	Description	Status	
#1	Main	Trading needs to be enabled	965, 1095	The owner is able to sell their own tokens without enabling the trading for other users by simply adding them to exemption. Thus, the owner can simply sell tokens and start trading by adding users to exempted list	FIXED	

Low issues

Issue	File	Туре	Line	Description
#1	Main	Contract doesn't import npm packages from source (like OpenZeppelin etc.)		We recommend to import all packages from npm directly without flatten the contract. Functions could be modified or can be susceptible to vulnerabilities
#2	Main	A floating pragma is set		The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.8.0
#3	Main	Missing Zero Address Validation (missing- zero-check)	1000, 1007, 1064, 1070, 1074	Check that the address is not zero
#4	Main	Missing Events Arithmetic	965, 992, 1070, 1074, 1181, 1186, 1227-1239	Emit an event for critical parameter changes

Informational issues

Issue	File	Type	Line	Description
#1	Main	State variables that could be declared constant (constable-states)	892, 893	Add the `constant` attributes to state variables that never change
#2	Main	NatSpec documentation missing		If you started to comment your code, also comment all other functions, variables etc.

Audit Comments

We recommend you to use the special form of comments (NatSpec Format, Follow link for more information https://docs.soliditylang.org/en/latest/natspec-format.html) for your contracts to provide rich documentation for functions, return variables and more. This helps investors to make clear what that variables, functions etc. do.

13. May 2023:

- Unit tests with 100% code coverage was not provided to SolidProof so we cannot ensure complete functional correctness of the code's logic.
- We recommend **Jeetdie Academy** team to conduct unit and fuzz tests thoroughly to rule out possibilities of an unwanted logical and calculation errors.
- There is still an owner (Owner still has not renounced ownership)
- Owner can blacklist the AMM Pair address and in that case the users won't be able to buy/sell their tokens to that address
- Owner can deploy a new version of the contract which can change any limit and give owner new privileges
- · Read whole report and modifiers section for more information

SWC Attacks

ID	Title	Relationships	Status
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>36</u>	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	CWE-767: Access to Critical Private Variable via Public Method	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>35</u>	Code With No Effects	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>34</u>	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	CWE-655: Improper Initialization	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>33</u>	Hash Collisions With Multiple Variable Length Arguments	CWE-294: Authentication Bypass by Capture-replay	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>32</u>	Unexpected Ether balance	CWE-667: Improper Locking	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>31</u>	Presence of unused variables	CWE-1164: Irrelevant Code	NOT PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>30</u>	Right-To-Left- Override control character (U+202E)	CWE-451: User Interface (UI) Misrepresentation of Critical Information	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>29</u>	Typographical Error	CWE-480: Use of Incorrect Operator	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>28</u>	DoS With Block Gas Limit	CWE-400: Uncontrolled Resource Consumption	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>27</u>	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	CWE-695: Use of Low-Level Functionality	PASSED
SW C-1 25	Incorrect Inheritance Order	CWE-696: Incorrect Behavior Order	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>24</u>	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	CWE-123: Write-what-where Condition	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>23</u>	Requirement Violation	CWE-573: Improper Following of Specification by Caller	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>22</u>	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	CWE-345: Insufficient Verification of Data Authenticity	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>21</u>	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature	PASSED
SW C-1 20	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	CWE-330: Use of Insufficiently Random Values	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>9</u>	Shadowing State Variables	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>8</u>	Incorrect Constructor Name	CWE-665: Improper Initialization	PASSED
<u>SW</u> C-11 7	Signature Malleability	CWE-347: Improper Verification of Cryptographic Signature	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>6</u>	Timestamp Dependence	CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>5</u>	Authorization through tx.origin	CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>4</u>	Transaction Order Dependence	CWE-362: Concurrent Execution using Shared Resource with Improper Synchronization ('Race Condition')	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>3</u>	DoS with Failed Call	CWE-703: Improper Check or Handling of Exceptional Conditions	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>2</u>	Delegatecall to Untrusted Callee	CWE-829: Inclusion of Functionality from Untrusted Control Sphere	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>1</u>	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	CWE-477: Use of Obsolete Function	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-11</u> <u>O</u>	Assert Violation	CWE-670: Always-Incorrect Control Flow Implementation	PASSED
SW C-1 09	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	CWE-824: Access of Uninitialized Pointer	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>08</u>	State Variable Default Visibility	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED
SW C-1 07	Reentrancy	CWE-841: Improper Enforcement of Behavioral Workflow	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>06</u>	Unprotected SELFDESTRUC T Instruction	CWE-284: Improper Access Control	PASSED

<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>05</u>	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	CWE-284: Improper Access Control	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>04</u>	Unchecked Call Return Value	CWE-252: Unchecked Return Value	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>03</u>	Floating Pragma	CWE-664: Improper Control of a Resource Through its <u>Lifetime</u>	NOT PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>02</u>	Outdated Compiler Version	CWE-937: Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>01</u>	Integer Overflow and Underflow	CWE-682: Incorrect Calculation	PASSED
<u>SW</u> <u>C-1</u> <u>00</u>	Function Default Visibility	CWE-710: Improper Adherence to Coding Standards	PASSED









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