# **Customer Segmentation for Targeted Marketing Campaigns**

### 1. Introduction

This project aims to segment customers based on their purchasing behavior using **RFM analysis** and **machine learning techniques**. The insights derived from this analysis will help the business develop targeted marketing strategies to improve customer engagement, retention, and revenue.

## 2. Data Exploration and Cleaning

### **Key Steps**

- **Handled Missing Values:** Removed rows with missing CustomerID to ensure accurate customer-level analysis.
- Removed Canceled Orders: Filtered out transactions with negative Quantity or UnitPrice (indicating canceled orders or returns).
- Created New Features: Calculated TotalSpend as Quantity \* UnitPrice for each transaction.

## **Insights**

- The cleaned dataset contains **397,884 transactions** after removing invalid entries.
- The majority of transactions are from the **United Kingdom**, indicating it is the primary market.

## 3. Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)

#### **Key Visualizations**

- 1. Distribution of Customers by Country:
  - o The **United Kingdom** dominates, with over 350,000 transactions.
  - o Other notable markets include **Germany**, **France**, and **Ireland**.
- 2. Top 10 Most Popular Products:
  - The most popular products are WHITE HANGING HEART T-LIGHT HOLDER, REGENCY CAKESTAND 3 TIER, and JUMBO BAG RED RETROSPOT.
  - These products are primarily related to home decor and baking, indicating strong customer interest in these categories.
- 3. Distribution of Total Spend:

- o Most transactions fall in the 0-0-200 range, with a peak around 0-0-50.
- High-value transactions (e.g., >\$1,000) are rare but contribute significantly to revenue.

## **Insights**

- The UK is the primary market, and marketing efforts should focus on retaining and engaging UK customers.
- Popular products like **WHITE HANGING HEART T-LIGHT HOLDER** can be highlighted in marketing campaigns to drive sales.

## 4. Customer Segmentation

### **RFM Analysis**

Customers were segmented based on:

- **Recency** (**R**): How recently a customer made a purchase.
- **Frequency** (**F**): How often they purchase.
- Monetary (M): How much they spend.

## **Machine Learning for Segmentation**

- Applied **K-Means clustering** to group customers into segments.
- Identified key clusters with the following characteristics:

### Cluster Recency (Days) Frequency Monetary (\$)

0	43.81	3.69	1,358.77
1	248.47	1.55	480.42
2	1.50	135.83	58,381.12
3	15.72	22.30	13,533.99
4	7.67	42.83	190,863.46

#### **Insights**

- Cluster 2 and 4: These clusters represent high-value customers with very high monetary values and frequent purchases. They are likely bulk buyers or wholesale customers.
- **Cluster 0:** Represents **moderately active customers** with moderate recency, frequency, and monetary values. These customers have the potential to become loyal with targeted engagement.
- **Cluster 1:** Represents **inactive customers** with low frequency and monetary values. These customers are at risk of churn and require re-engagement strategies.

• **Cluster 3:** Represents **frequent buyers** with high monetary values. These customers are highly engaged and should be retained with loyalty programs.

## 5. Predictive Modeling

#### **Churn Prediction**

- Built a **Random Forest model** to predict customer churn based on RFM metrics.
- Achieved the following performance:

### **Metric Precision Recall F1-Score Support**

Class 0	1.00	1.00	1.00	865
Class 1	1.00	1.00	1.00	437
Accuracy	1.00	_	-	1,302

### **Insights**

- The model achieved **perfect accuracy** (1.00) on the test set, indicating excellent performance.
- **Recency** and **Frequency** are the most important factors in predicting churn.
- The model can be used to **identify at-risk customers** with high confidence and target them with retention campaigns.

## 6. Customer Lifetime Value (CLV)

#### Calculation

Calculated CLV for each customer using the formula:
CLV = (Average Purchase Value × Purchase Frequency × Customer Lifespan)

### **Segment-Level CLV**

Segment	<b>CLV</b> (\$)
151	15,957.67
152	2,075.93
153	996.87
251	13,228.04
351	34,670.01
451	95,147.06

Segment	<b>CLV</b> (\$)
551	1,765,910.00
At Risk	333.79
Champions	10,870.32
Loyal Customers	13,520.72
Potential Loyalists	31,147.37

## **Insights**

- The **551 Segment** has an exceptionally high CLV (**\$1,765,910**), making it the most valuable customer group. These customers are likely **wholesale buyers** or **bulk purchasers**.
- The **451 Segment** also has a high CLV (**\$95,147.06**), indicating significant revenue potential.
- The **At Risk Segment** has the lowest CLV (\$333.79), highlighting the need for reengagement strategies.
- **Potential Loyalists** and **Loyal Customers** have moderate CLV values, suggesting opportunities to increase their lifetime value through targeted campaigns.

### 7. Actionable Recommendations

## **Marketing Strategies by Segment**

- 1. High-Value Clusters (Cluster 2 and 4):
  - Strategy: Focus on retaining these customers with exclusive perks and personalized service.
  - o Actions:
    - Offer bulk purchase discounts or loyalty rewards.
    - Assign a dedicated account manager for personalized support.
- 2. At-Risk Cluster (Cluster 1):
  - o **Strategy:** Re-engage these customers with win-back campaigns.
  - o Actions:
    - Send personalized emails with special discounts or free shipping offers.
    - Highlight new products or features that might interest them.
- 3. High-CLV Segments (551 and 451):
  - **Strategy:** Maximize revenue from these segments by encouraging repeat purchases.
  - o Actions:
    - Offer loyalty rewards or VIP perks.
    - Upsell or cross-sell complementary products.
- 4. Potential Loyalists and Loyal Customers:
  - o **Strategy:** Build loyalty and increase CLV through targeted campaigns.
  - o Actions:

- Offer personalized discounts or rewards.
- Encourage them to join a loyalty program.

## **Business Impact**

• By targeting high-value segments and re-engaging at-risk customers, the company can increase revenue and reduce churn.

### 8. Conclusion

### **Summary**

This project successfully segmented customers using **RFM analysis** and **machine learning techniques**. The insights were used to develop targeted marketing strategies that can improve customer engagement, retention, and revenue.

### **Next Steps**

- 1. Implement the proposed marketing campaigns.
- 2. Monitor performance and refine strategies based on results.
- 3. Expand the analysis to include additional data (e.g., demographics, website behavior).

## 9. Appendix

### **Tools and Technologies**

- **Programming Languages:** Python
- Libraries: Pandas, NumPy, Scikit-learn, Matplotlib, Seaborn, Plotly

### **Dataset Source**

• Online Retail Dataset

## **Code Repository**

GitHub Link