

Yiming Che

+1(607)-338-8871 — yche1@binghamton.edu — [homepage](#) — [github](#)

PROFESSIONAL SKILLS & KNOWLEDGE

- **Programming Languages:** Python, Matlab, R
- **Skills:** Linux, Slurm, Git, MySQL, Bash script
- **Research Interests:** Generative model, Bayesian deep learning, Gaussian process, Active learning

EDUCATION BACKGROUND

- **Binghamton University, State University of New York, NY, United States**
Department of Systems Science and Industrial Engineering
Doctor of Philosophy in Systems Science May 2023
Advisor: Dr. Changqing Cheng
- **Binghamton University, State University of New York, NY, United States**
Department of Systems Science and Industrial Engineering
Master of Science in Industrial Engineering May 2018
- **Capital University of Economics and Business (CUEB), Beijing, China**
Department of Industrial Engineering
Bachelor of Science in Industrial Engineering July 2017

PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE

- **Postdoctoral Scholar at Arizona State University** (Advised by Dr. Teresa Wu) 2023-Present
 1. **Brain Tumor Segmentation**
 2. **Headache Classification**
 3. **Multi-modality Fusion for Diagnosis**
- **Research Assistant at Binghamton University** (Advised by Dr. Changqing Cheng) 2019-2023
 1. **COVID Outbreak Prediction**
 - Physics-informed neural network (PINN) for the prediction of COVID outbreak
 - Trying to include Bayesian framework in traditional PINN for robust prediction
 - Deep Gaussian process (DGP)
 - Working on DGP with active learning for robust sequential design
 2. **Surrogate Modeling and Active Learning/Sequential Design**
 - Developed a novel surrogate model which combines generalized polynomial chaos and stochastic kriging model for efficient surrogate modeling of stochastic systems
 - Significantly reduced computational budget compared to Monte Carlo simulation
 - Achieved high accuracy with small computational budget compared to Monte Carlo simulation
 - Developed a new expected improvement-based sampling algorithm with Gaussian process for active learning/sequential design
 - Reduced size of training set by around 90% compared to traditional one-shot design
 - Achieved high accuracy when only a small fraction of training set is used compared to traditional one-shot design
 - Developed a K-center-based sampling algorithm with relevant vector machine for active learning/sequential design
 - Significantly reduced required training data to achieve high accuracy
 - Developed a batch-sampling strategy for efficient contour estimation
 - Significantly reduced training time compared to the single-sample selection strategy
 - Outperform the state-of-the-art method (weighted K-means selection)

3. Uncertainty Quantification for Machining Process

- Developed uncertainty quantification framework using generalized polynomial chaos expansion for machining process
 - Reduced computational budget of time-domain simulations for uncertainty quantification
 - Devised maximum entropy method for density estimation

AWARD & HONOR

- | | |
|---|------|
| • Excellence in Systems Science Research Award, Binghamton University | 2023 |
| • Graduate School Travel Grant, Binghamton University | 2022 |
| • INFORMS Bonder Foundation Award | 2021 |
| • Finalist, IISE-DAIS Mobile App Competition at 2021 IISE Annual Conference and Expo | 2021 |
| • Binghamton University Graduate Student Excellence Award in Research (top 1%) | 2021 |
| • Travel Grant of Midwest Dynamical Systems Conference 2019, University of Illinois at Chicago | 2019 |
| • Second Place, Best Student Paper Competition at 2019 IISE Annual Conference and Expo (Healthcare track) | 2019 |
| • Honorable Mention, Binghamton University Research Day Poster Competition, 2018 | 2018 |
| • National Scholarship, Capital University of Economics and Business | 2015 |

JOURNAL PUBLICATIONS

1. **Che, Y.** and Cheng, C. “Physical-statistical learning towards resilience assessment for power generating systems,” *Physica A: Statistical Mechanics and its Applications* (2023): 128584. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.physa.2023.128584>
2. **Che, Y.**, Muller, J and Cheng, C. “Dispersion-enhanced sequential batch sampling for contour estimation,” *Quality and Reliability Engineering International*. <https://doi.org/10.1002/qre.3245>
3. Ma, Q., **Che, Y.**, Cheng, C. and Wang, Z. “Characterizations and optimization for resilient manufacturing systems with considerations of process uncertainties,” *Journal of Computing and Information Science in Engineering* (2023): 011007. <https://doi.org/10.1115/1.4055425>
4. Wan, J., **Che, Y.**, Wang, Z. and Cheng, C. “Uncertainty quantification and optimal robust design for machining operations,” *Journal of Computing and Information Science in Engineering* 23.1 (2022): 0110005. <https://doi.org/10.1115/1.4055039>
5. **Che, Y.** and Cheng, C. “Active learning and relevance vector machine in efficient estimate for basin stability of dynamic networks,” *Chaos: An Interdisciplinary Journal of Nonlinear Science* 31.5 (2021): 053129. <https://doi.org/10.1063/5.0044899>.
6. **Che, Y.**, Guo, Z. and Cheng, C. “Generalized polynomial chaos-informed efficient stochastic Kriging,” *Journal of Computational Physics* (2021): 110598. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jcp.2021.110598>.
7. Wu, X., Zheng, Y., **Che, Y.** and Cheng, C. “Pattern recognition and automatic identification of early-stage atrial fibrillation,” *Expert Systems with Applications* (2020): 113560. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.eswa.2020.113560>.
8. **Che, Y.**, Cheng, C., Liu, Z. and Zhang, Z. “Fast basin stability estimation for dynamic systems under large perturbations with sequential support vector machine,” *Physica D: Nonlinear Phenomena* (2020): 132381. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.physd.2020.132381>.
9. **Che, Y.**, Liu, J. and Cheng, C. “Multi-fidelity modeling in sequential design for identification of stability region in dynamic time-delay systems,” *Chaos: An Interdisciplinary Journal of Nonlinear Science* 29.9 (2019): 093-105. <https://doi.org/10.1063/1.5097934>.
10. **Che, Y.** and Cheng, C. “Uncertainty quantification in stability analysis of chaotic systems with discrete delays,” *Chaos, Solitons & Fractals* 116 (2018): 208-214. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.chaos.2018.08.024>.