Ex. No : 1(c)	Hill Ciphon
Date :	Hill Cipher

#### AIM:

To implement a program to encrypt and decrypt using the Hill cipher substitution technique

## **ALGORITHM:**

- 1. In the Hill cipher Each letter is represented by a number modulo 26.
- 2. To encrypt a message, each block of n letters is multiplied by an invertible *n x n* matrix, again *modulus 26*.
- 3. To decrypt the message, each block is multiplied by the inverse of the matrix used for encryption.
- 4. The matrix used for encryption is the cipher key, and it should be chosen randomly from the set of invertible  $n \times n$  matrices (modulo 26).
- 5. The cipher can, be adapted to an alphabet with any number of letters.
- 6. All arithmetic just needs to be done modulo the number of letters instead of modulo 26.

# **PROGRAM:**

```
HillCipher.java
class hillCipher {
  /* 3x3 key matrix for 3 characters at once */
  public static int[][] keymat = new int[][] { \{1, 2, 1\}, \{2, 3, 2\}, \}
        { 2, 2, 1 } }; /* key inverse matrix */
  public static int[][] invkeymat = new int[][] { \{-1, 0, 1\}, \{2, -1, 0\}, \{-2, 2, -1\}
} ;
  public static String key = "ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ";
  private static String encode(char a, char b, char c) {
     String ret = "";
     int x, y, z;
     int posa = (int) a - 65;
     int posb = (int) b - 65;
     int posc = (int) c - 65;
     x = posa * keymat[0][0] + posb * keymat[1][0] + posc * keymat[2][0];
     y = posa * keymat[0][1] + posb * keymat[1][1] + posc * keymat[2][1];
     z = posa * keymat[0][2] + posb * keymat[1][2] + posc * keymat[2][2];
     a = \text{key.charAt}(x \% 26);
     b = \text{key.charAt}(y \% 26);
```

```
c = \text{key.charAt}(z \% 26);
     ret = "" + a + b + c;
     return ret:
  private static String decode(char a, char b, char c) {
     String ret = "";
     int x, y, z;
     int posa = (int) a - 65;
     int posb = (int) b - 65;
     int posc = (int) c - 65;
     x = posa * invkeymat[0][0] + posb * invkeymat[1][0] + posc *
invkeymat[2][0];
     y = posa * invkeymat[0][1] + posb * invkeymat[1][1] + posc *
invkeymat[2][1];
     z = posa * invkeymat[0][2] + posb * invkeymat[1][2] + posc *
invkeymat[2][2];
     a = \text{key.charAt}((x \% 26 < 0) ? (26 + x \% 26) : (x \% 26));
     b = \text{key.charAt}((y \% 26 < 0) ? (26 + y \% 26) : (y \% 26));
     c = \text{key.charAt}((z \% 26 < 0) ? (26 + z \% 26) : (z \% 26));
     ret = "" + a + b + c;
     return ret;
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) throws java.lang.Exception {
     String msg;
     String enc = "";
     String dec = "";
     int n;
     msg = ("SecurityLaboratory");
     System.out.println("simulation of Hill Cipher\n -----");
     System.out.println("Input message: " + msg);
     msg = msg.toUpperCase();
     msg = msg.replaceAll("\s", "");
     /* remove spaces */ n = msg.length() \% 3;
     /* append padding text X */ if (n != 0) {
       for (int i = 1; i \le (3 - n); i++) {
          msg += 'X';
```

```
System.out.println("padded message : " + msg);
char[] pdchars = msg.toCharArray();
for (int i = 0; i < msg.length(); i += 3) {
    enc += encode(pdchars[i], pdchars[i + 1], pdchars[i + 2]);
}
System.out.println("encoded message : " + enc);
char[] dechars = enc.toCharArray();
for (int i = 0; i < enc.length(); i += 3) {
    dec += decode(dechars[i], dechars[i + 1], dechars[i + 2]);
}
System.out.println("decoded message : " + dec);
}
</pre>
System.out.println("decoded message : " + dec);
}
```

## **OUTPUT:**

Simulating Hill Cipher

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Input Message : SecurityLaboratory

Padded Message : SECURITYLABORATORY Encrypted Message : EACSDKLCAEFQDUKSXU Decrypted Message : SECURITYLABORATORY

## **RESULT:**

Thus the program for hill cipher encryption and decryption algorithm has been implemented and the output verified successfully.