

An isometric illustration on a dark blue background with glowing purple and orange lines. It features three main components: a GitHub repository icon (a shield with a GitHub logo) on the left, a stack of server units with a 'CPT' icon on top in the center, and a blue square button with a white checkmark on the right. These components are interconnected by a network of glowing lines, representing the automated deployment process.

Automating Deployment from GitHub to cPanel

This presentation guides you through setting up automatic deployment from a GitHub repository to a cPanel server using GitHub Actions. By following these steps, you'll create a seamless workflow that deploys your project whenever changes are pushed to your repository.

We'll cover everything from generating SSH keys to configuring GitHub Actions workflows, ensuring your deployment process is secure, efficient, and fully automated.

 **by Solomon Danso**

Generating SSH Keys

Generate the Key Pair

Open your terminal and run: `ssh-keygen -t rsa -b 4096 -C "ceo@hydottech.com"`

When prompted for file location, press Enter to use the default (`~/.ssh/id_rsa`). Optionally, set a passphrase for added security.

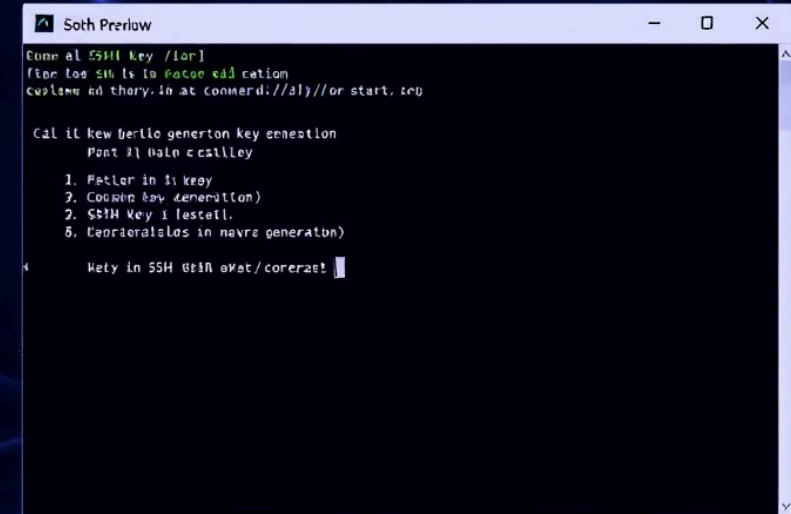
Locate Your SSH Key Files

Your private key is stored at `~/.ssh/id_rsa`

Your public key is stored at `~/.ssh/id_rsa.pub`

Keep Keys Secure

Remember that your private key should be kept secure and never shared, while your public key will be used for authentication on remote servers.



```
Soth Preview
Enter at SSH Key /lor]
file too size is too large add cation
cution too thory.ia at connerd:///31//or start. top

Call il New Gerlio generation key generation
Post #1 Main cation

1. Enter in 1: key
2. Confirm key generation
3. SSH Key i testall.
5. Generate the key generation

Key in SSH Key at Mat/corneret
```



Setting Up SSH Key on cPanel Server

1

Log in to cPanel

Access your cPanel account using your credentials.

2

Navigate to SSH Access

In the Security section of cPanel, click on SSH Access to manage your SSH keys.

3

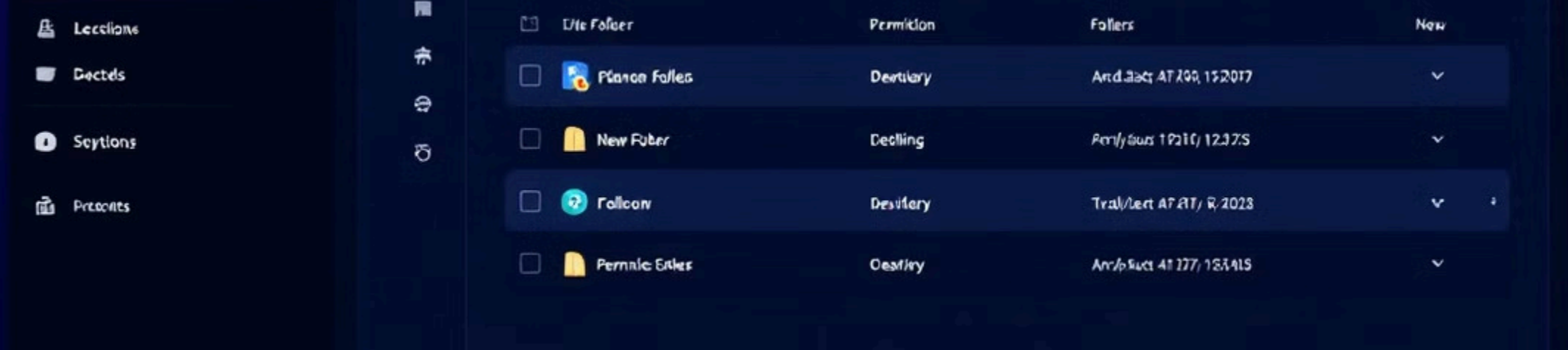
Import Your Public Key

In the Manage SSH Keys section, click Import Key. Run "cat ~/.ssh/id_rsa.pub" in your terminal, copy the output, and paste it into the Public Key field in cPanel.

4

Authorize the Key

After importing, click on Manage and then Authorize to activate the key for use with your account.



Setting Up the cPanel Domain and Directory

Access File Manager

In cPanel, navigate to the File Manager tool to manage your server directories and files.

Create Project Directory

Navigate to your home directory (/home/hydottec/) and create a new directory structure for your project, such as FrontendHub/Products/Builder.

Set Proper Permissions

Ensure the directory has the correct permissions so that the web server can properly serve files from this location.

Create Subdomain

Set up a subdomain (builder.hydottech.com) that points to your project directory to make it accessible via the web.

Adding SSH Key to GitHub Repository Secrets

1

Access Repository Settings

Go to your GitHub repository and click on Settings > Secrets and variables > Actions to manage repository secrets.

2

Add Private Key Secret

Click New repository secret. Name it SSH_PRIVATE_KEY and paste the content of your private key (run "cat ~/.ssh/id_rsa" to get it).

3

Add Server Details

Create additional secrets: SSH_HOST (your cPanel server domain, e.g., hydotech.com), SSH_USER (your cPanel username, e.g., hydotec), and DEPLOY_DIR (the deployment path, e.g., /home/hydotec/public_html/FrontendHub/Products/Builder).

Configuring the GitHub Actions Workflow

Create Workflow Directory

In your repository, create a directory structure `.github/workflows` to store your workflow configuration files.

Set Branch Trigger

Configure the workflow to trigger on pushes to the Solomon branch, ensuring automatic deployment when changes are made.



Create Workflow File

Inside the workflows directory, create a file named `main.yml` that will contain your deployment workflow configuration.

Configure Deployment Steps

Add the workflow configuration that handles checking out code, setting up SSH access using your private key, and deploying files via `rsync` to your cPanel server.

Testing and Verifying the Deployment

git

Push Changes

Make changes to your project and push them to the Solomon branch of your GitHub repository to trigger the deployment workflow.



Check Workflow Logs

Go to your GitHub repository's Actions tab to monitor the deployment process and check for any errors in the workflow execution logs.



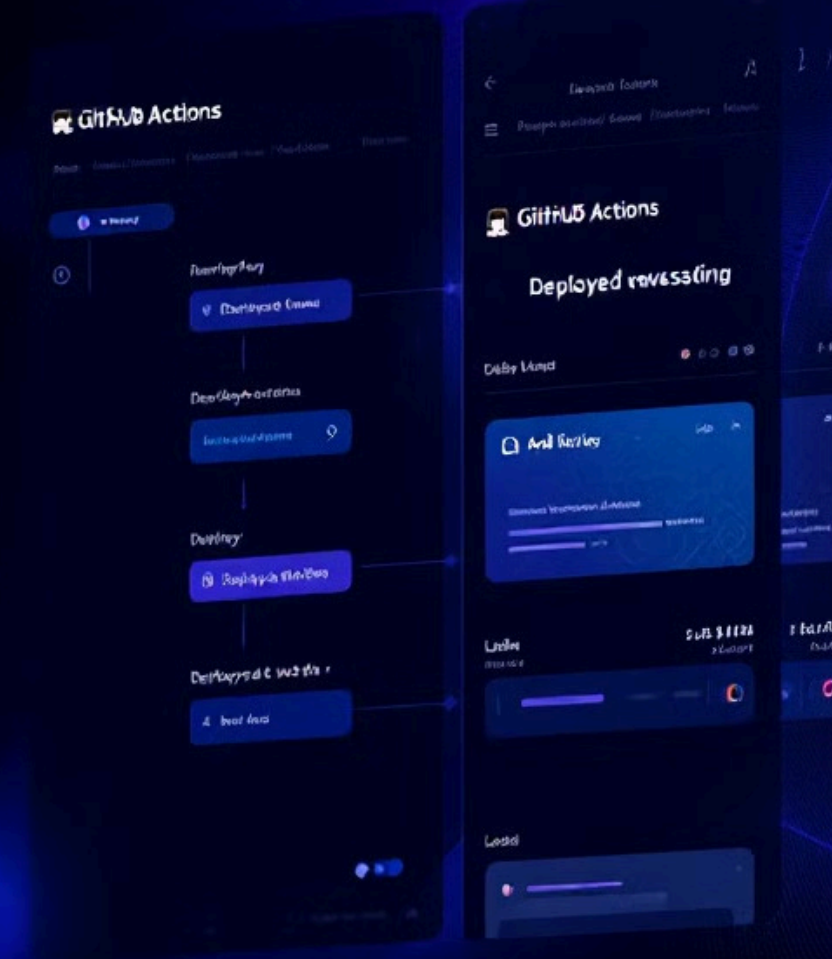
Verify Server Files

After the workflow completes, check your cPanel server's deployment directory to confirm that the files have been properly transferred and updated.



Test Website

Visit your website or application URL to verify that the deployed changes are live and functioning as expected.





Configuration Summary

Component	Details
GitHub Secrets	SSH_PRIVATE_KEY: Private SSH key for secure access SSH_HOST: cPanel server domain (hydotech.com) SSH_USER: cPanel username (hydotec) DEPLOY_DIR: Deployment path on server
GitHub Branch	Solomon (deployment trigger branch)
cPanel SSH Port	1219 (non-standard port for enhanced security)
Deployment Method	rsync over SSH (secure file synchronization)

With this automated deployment setup, your project will be automatically deployed to your cPanel server whenever changes are pushed to the Solomon branch, streamlining your development workflow and ensuring your production environment stays up to date.