[Cheng P.3-37] A capacitor consists of two concentric spherical shells of radii  $R_i$  and  $R_o$ . The space between them is filled with a dielectric of relative permittivity  $\varepsilon_r$  from  $R_i$  to b ( $R_i < b < R_o$ ) and another dielectric or relative permittivity  $2\varepsilon_r$  from b to  $R_o$ .

- (a) Determine  $\mathbf{E}$  and  $\mathbf{D}$  everywhere in terms of an applied voltage V.
- (b) Determine the capacitance.

Solution: Assume charge Q on inner shell and -Q on outer shell. For  $R_i < R < R_o$ :

$$\mathbf{D} = \mathbf{u}_r \frac{Q}{4\pi R^2} \,,$$

for  $R_i < R < b$ :

$$\mathbf{E}_1 = \frac{\mathbf{D}}{\varepsilon_0 \varepsilon_r} \,,$$

for  $b < R < R_0$ :

$$\mathbf{E}_2 = \frac{\mathbf{D}}{2\varepsilon_0 \varepsilon_r} \,.$$

Potential:

$$V = -\int_{R_0}^{R_1} \mathbf{E} \cdot d\mathbf{R} = -\int_b^{R_i} E_1 dR - \int_{R_0}^b E_2 dR = \frac{Q}{4\pi\varepsilon_0\varepsilon_r} \left(\frac{1}{R_i} - \frac{1}{2b} - \frac{1}{2R_0}\right).$$

$$\varepsilon_0\varepsilon_r V$$

a) 
$$\mathbf{D} = \mathbf{a}_R \frac{\varepsilon_0 \varepsilon_r V}{R^2 \left(\frac{1}{R_i} - \frac{1}{2b} - \frac{1}{2R_0}\right)} \quad , R_i < R_0.$$

$$\mathbf{D} = 0 \quad \mathbf{E} = 0 \quad \text{for } R < R_i \text{ and } R > R_0$$

$$\mathbf{E}_{1} = \mathbf{u}_{R} \frac{V}{R^{2} \left( \frac{1}{R_{i}} - \frac{1}{2b} - \frac{1}{2R_{0}} \right)}$$

$$\mathbf{E}_2 = \mathbf{u}_R \frac{V}{R^2 \left(\frac{2}{R_i} - \frac{1}{b} - \frac{1}{R_0}\right)}$$

b) 
$$C = \frac{4\pi\varepsilon_0\varepsilon_r}{\frac{1}{R_i} - \frac{1}{2b} - \frac{1}{2R_0}}$$

Answer:

(a) 
$$\mathbf{D} = \mathbf{a}_R \frac{\varepsilon_0 \varepsilon_r V}{R^2 \left(\frac{1}{R_i} - \frac{1}{2b} - \frac{1}{2R_0}\right)} \quad , R_i < R_0.$$
 
$$\mathbf{D} = 0 \quad \mathbf{E} = 0 \quad \text{for } R < R_i \text{ and } R > R_0$$
 
$$\mathbf{E}_1 = \mathbf{u}_R \frac{V}{R^2 \left(\frac{1}{R_i} - \frac{1}{2b} - \frac{1}{2R_0}\right)}$$
 
$$\mathbf{E}_2 = \mathbf{u}_R \frac{V}{R^2 \left(\frac{2}{R_i} - \frac{1}{b} - \frac{1}{R_0}\right)}$$

b) 
$$C = \frac{4\pi\varepsilon_0\varepsilon_r}{\frac{1}{R_i} - \frac{1}{2b} - \frac{1}{2R_0}}$$