
[Cheng P.5-8] A d-c voltage of 6 (V) applied to the ends of 1 (km) of a conducting wire of 0.5 (mm) radius results in a current of 1/6 (A). Find

- (a) the conductivity of the sphere,
- (b) the electric field intensity in the wire,
- (c) the power dissipated in the wire,
- (d) the electron drift velocity, assuming electron mobility in the wire to be $1.4 \times 10^{-3} \text{ (m}^2/\text{V} \cdot \text{s)}$.

Solution:

(a)

$$R = \frac{l}{\sigma S} = \frac{V}{I} \rightarrow \sigma = \frac{lI}{SV} = 3.54 \times 10^7 \text{ [S/m]}.$$

(b)

$$E = \frac{V}{l} = 6 \times 10^{-3} \text{ [V/m]}.$$

(c)

$$P = VI = 1 \text{ [W]}.$$

(d) The given electron mobility is that of a good conductor.

$$\begin{aligned} \rho_e &= -\frac{\sigma}{\mu_e} \\ u &= \left| \frac{J}{\rho_e} \right| = \left| \frac{\mu_e J}{\sigma} \right| = \mu_e E = 8.4 \times 10^{-6} \text{ [m/s]}. \end{aligned}$$

Answer:

1. $R = 3.54 \times 10^7 \text{ [S/m]}$
2. $E = 6 \times 10^{-3} \text{ [V/m]}$
3. $P = 1 \text{ [W]}$
4. $u = 8.4 \times 10^{-6} \text{ [m/s]}$