b) 
$$W_i = \frac{\epsilon}{2} \int_V E_i^2 d\nu' = \frac{2\pi f_0 b^3}{45\epsilon} e^{-2(\sigma/\epsilon)t} = (W_i)_0 \left[ e^{-(\sigma/\epsilon)t} \right]^2$$
.  
 $\vdots \frac{W_i}{(W_i)_0} = \left[ e^{-(\sigma/\epsilon)t} \right]^2 = 0.01^2 = 10^{-4}$  Energy dissipated as heat loss.

 $\frac{P. 5-7}{s} \quad a) \quad e^{-(\sigma/\epsilon)t} = \frac{s}{s} = 0.01 \longrightarrow t = \frac{\ln 100}{(\sigma/\epsilon)} = 4.88 \times 10^{-12} (s) = 4.88 (pc).$ 

(Wi)<sub>0</sub> L

c) Electrostatic energy  $W_0 = \frac{\epsilon_0}{2} \int_b^{\infty} E_0^2 4\pi R^2 dR = \frac{Q_0^2}{8\pi\epsilon_0 b} = 45 \text{ (kI)}$