
Goal: Assume the Earth to be a large conducting sphere (radius $R_0 = 6.37 \times 10^3$ km) surrounded by air (dielectric strength 3×10^6 V/m). Find the capacitance of the Earth and the maximum charge that can exist on it before the air breaks down.

Steps:

1. Using Gauss' law compute the electric field in air when charge $+Q$ is introduced on the surface of the earth. In this case $-Q$ is introduced at infinity.

Solution:

$$\mathbf{E} = \mathbf{a}_r \frac{Q}{4\pi\epsilon_0 R^2}.$$

2. Compute the potential at the surface of the earth.

Solution:

$$V = \frac{Q}{4\pi\epsilon_0 R_0}.$$

3. Compute the capacitance of the earth.

Solution:

$$\begin{aligned} C &= 4\pi\epsilon_0 R_0 \\ &= 7.08 \times 10^{-4} \text{ F}. \end{aligned}$$

4. What is the maximum charge that can exist on the earth before air breaks down.

Solution:

$$\begin{aligned} E_b &= \frac{Q_{\max}}{4\pi\epsilon_0 R_0^2} \\ Q_{\max} &= 4\pi\epsilon_0 E_b R_0^2 \\ &= 1.35 \times 10^{10} \text{ C}. \end{aligned}$$

Answer: $C = 7.08 \times 10^{-4} \text{ F}$

$Q_{\max} = 1.35 \times 10^{10} \text{ C}$