
Electric field due to a uniformly charged spherical surface. Consider a sphere of radius a that is uniformly charged over its surface with a total charge Q , and is situated in free space. The electric field intensity vector at a point whose radial distance from the sphere center is r is the same as \mathbf{E} due to a point charge placed at the sphere center for the following range of values of r only:

- (A) $a < r < \infty$.
- (B) $r \gg a$.
- (C) $0 < r < \infty$.
- (D) $0 < r < a$.
- (E) never (for none of the possible values of r).

Solution: (A)

Answer: (A)