Theory of Computation

Lab Session 8

March 17, 2016



Agenda

Turing Machine:

- formal definition;
- example;
- exercises.

Formal definition

Turing Machine

A Turing Machine (TM) with k-tapes is a tuple

$$T = \langle Q, I, \Gamma, \delta, q_0, Z_0, F \rangle$$

where

Q is a finite set of states; I is the input language; Γ is the memory alphabet; δ : is the transition function; $q_0 \in Q$ is the initial state; $Z_0 \in \Gamma$ is the initial memory symbol; $F \subset Q$ is the set of final states.

Transition function

The transition function is defined as

$$\delta: (Q-F)\times (I\cup\{-\})\times (\Gamma\cup\{-\})^k \to Q\times (\Gamma\cup\{-\})^k\times \{R,L,S\}^{k+1}$$

where elements of $\{R, L, S\}$ indicate "directions" of the head of the TM:

R: move the head one position to the right;

L: move the head one position to the left;

S: stand still.

Remarks:

- the transition function can be partial;
- no transition outgoing from the final states;
- ▶ the symbol $_{-} \notin \Gamma \cup I$ is a special blank symbol on the tapes.

Moves

Moves are based on

- one symbol read from the input tape,
- k symbols, one for each memory tape,
- state of the control device.

Actions

- Change state.
- Write a symbol replacing the one read on each memory tape.
- ▶ Move the k+1 heads.

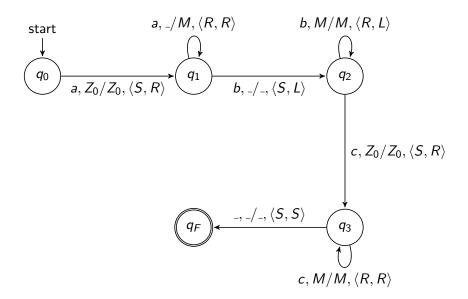
Moves: graphically

$$\underbrace{ q } \xrightarrow{i, \langle A_1, A_2, \dots, A_k \rangle / \langle A_1', A_2', \dots, A_k' \rangle, \langle M_0, M_1, \dots, M_k \rangle}_{} \underbrace{ q' }$$

- ▶ $q \in Q F$ and $q' \in Q$
- i is the input symbol,
- ▶ A_i is the symbol read from the j^{th} memory tape,
- A'_i is the symbol replacing A_j ,
- $ightharpoonup M_0$ is the direction of the head of the input tape,
- ▶ M_j is the direction of the head of the j^{th} memory tape.

where $1 \le j \le k$

Example



Configuration

A configuration (a snapshot) c of a TM with k memory tapes is the following (k+2)-tuple:

$$c = \langle q, x \uparrow y, \alpha_1 \uparrow \beta_1, \dots, \alpha_k \uparrow \beta_k \rangle$$

where

- $ightharpoonup q \in Q$
- ▶ $x \in (I \cup \{ _ \})^*$, $y = y' \cdot _$ with $y' \in I^*$
- ▶ $\alpha_r \in (\Gamma \cup \{ _ \})^*$ and $\beta'_r = \beta'_r \cdot _$ with $\beta'_r \in \Gamma^*$ and $1 \le r \le k$
- ↑∉ I ∪ Γ

Acceptance condition

If $T = \langle Q, I, \Gamma, \delta, q_0, Z_0, F \rangle$ is a TM and $s \in I^*$, s is accepted by T if

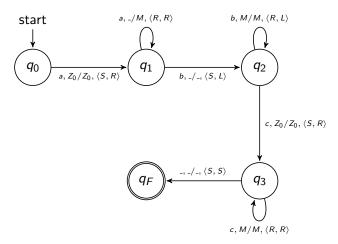
$$c_0 \vdash^* c_F$$

where

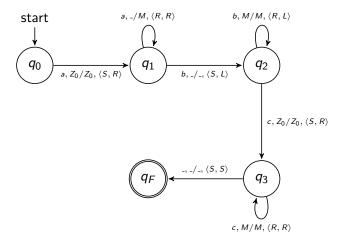
- 1. c_0 is an initial configuration defined as $c_0 = \langle q_0, \uparrow s, \uparrow Z_0, \dots, \uparrow Z_0 \rangle$ where
 - $x = \epsilon$
 - $y = s_{-}$
 - $\quad \bullet \quad \alpha_r = \epsilon, \ \beta_r = Z_0, \ \text{for any } 1 \leq r \leq k.$
- 2. c_F is a final configuration defined as $c_F = \langle q, s' \uparrow y, \alpha_1 \uparrow \beta_1, \dots, \alpha_k \uparrow \beta_k \rangle$ where
 - q ∈ F
 - $\rightarrow x = s'$

$$L(T) = \{ s \in I^* \mid x \text{ is accepted by } T \}$$

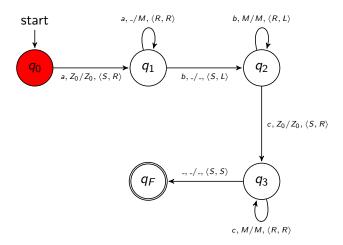
A TM T that recognises the language $AnBnCn = \{a^nb^nc^n \mid n > 0\}$



A TM T that recognises the language $AnBnCn = \{a^nb^nc^n \mid n > 0\}$

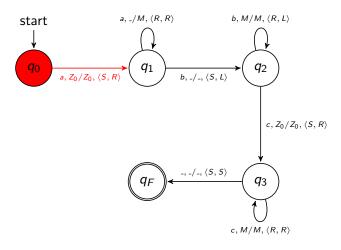


Is the string *aabbcc* recognised by *T*?

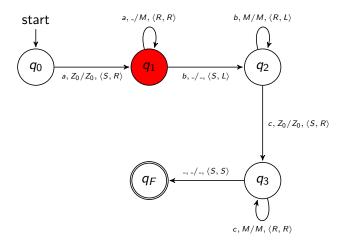


Initial Configuration:

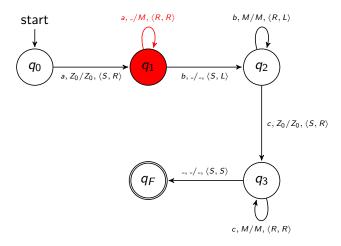
$$\langle q_0, \uparrow aabbcc, \uparrow Z_0 \rangle$$



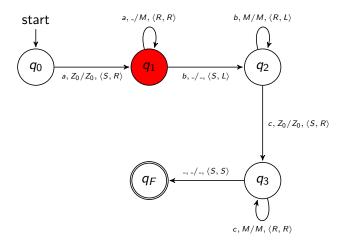
$$\langle q_0, \uparrow aabbcc, \uparrow Z_0 \rangle \vdash$$



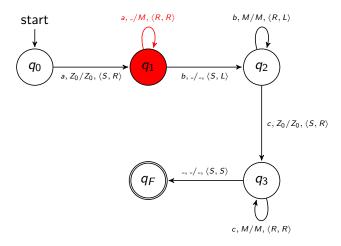
$$\langle q_0, \uparrow aabbcc, \uparrow Z_0 \rangle \vdash \langle q_1, \uparrow aabbcc, Z_0 \uparrow \rangle$$



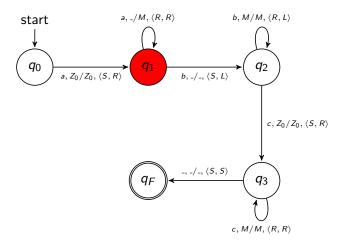
$$\ldots \vdash \langle q_1, \uparrow aabbcc, Z_0 \uparrow \rangle \vdash$$



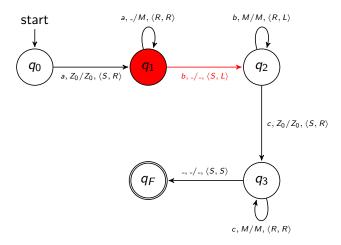
$$\ldots \vdash \langle q_1, \uparrow aabbcc, Z_0 \uparrow \rangle \vdash \langle q_1, a \uparrow abbcc, Z_0 M \uparrow \rangle$$



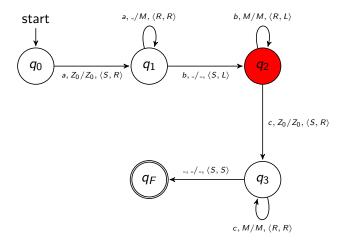
$$\ldots \vdash \langle q_1, a \uparrow abbcc, Z_0 M \uparrow \rangle$$



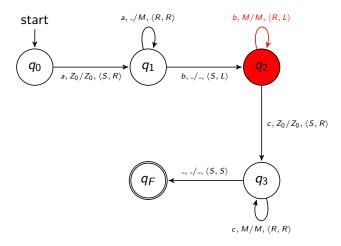
$$\ldots \vdash \langle q_1, a \uparrow abbcc, Z_0 M \uparrow \rangle \vdash \langle q_1, aa \uparrow bbcc, Z_0 M M \uparrow \rangle$$



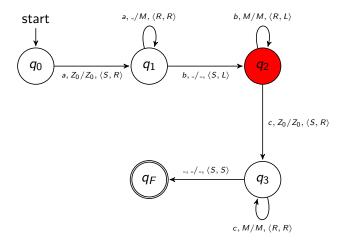
$$\ldots \vdash \langle q_1, aa \uparrow bbcc, Z_0 MM \uparrow \rangle$$



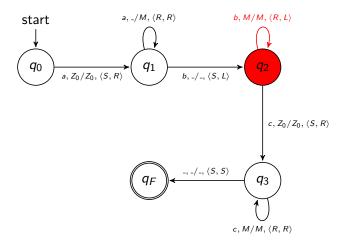
$$\ldots \vdash \langle q_1, aa \uparrow bbcc, Z_0 M M \uparrow \rangle \vdash \langle q_2, aa \uparrow bbcc, Z_0 M \uparrow M \rangle$$



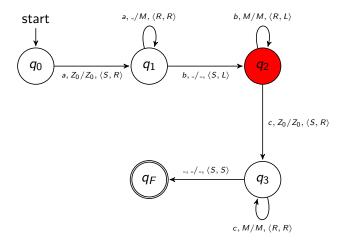
$$\ldots \vdash \langle q_2, aa \uparrow bbcc, Z_0 M \uparrow M \rangle$$



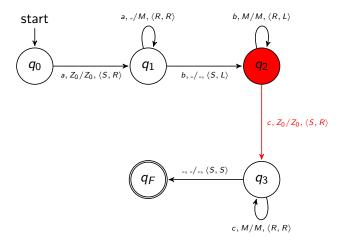
$$\ldots \vdash \langle q_2, aa \uparrow bbcc, Z_0 M \uparrow M \rangle \vdash \langle q_2, aab \uparrow bcc, Z_0 \uparrow M M \rangle$$



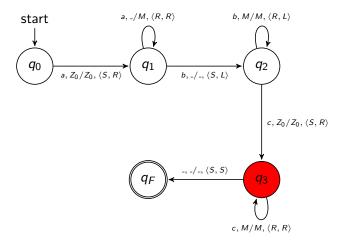
$$\ldots \vdash \langle q_2, aab \uparrow bcc, Z_0 \uparrow MM \rangle$$



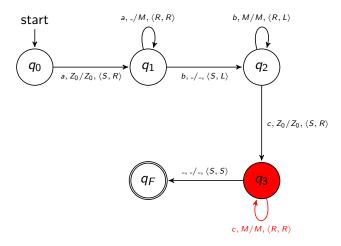
$$\ldots \vdash \langle q_2, aab \uparrow bcc, Z_0 \uparrow MM \rangle \vdash \langle q_2, aabb \uparrow cc, \uparrow Z_0 MM \rangle$$



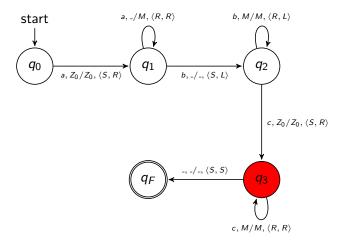
$$\ldots \vdash \langle q_2, aabb\uparrow cc, \uparrow Z_0MM \rangle$$



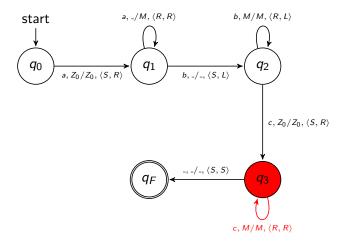
$$\ldots \vdash \langle q_2, aabb \uparrow cc, \uparrow Z_0 MM \rangle \vdash \langle q_3, aabb \uparrow cc, Z_0 \uparrow MM \rangle$$



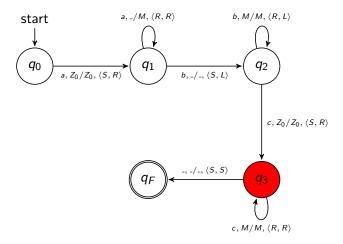
$$\ldots \vdash \langle q_3, aabb\uparrow cc, Z_0\uparrow MM \rangle$$



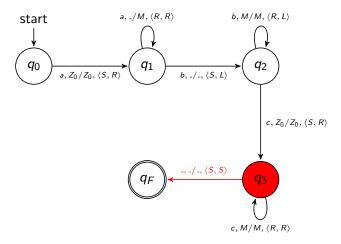
 $\ldots \vdash \langle q_3, aabb\uparrow cc, Z_0\uparrow MM \rangle \vdash \langle q_3, aabbc\uparrow c, Z_0M\uparrow M \rangle$



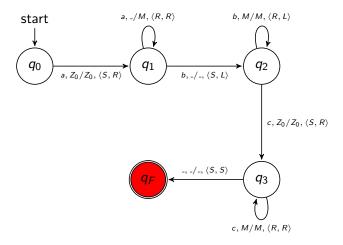
$$\ldots \vdash \langle q_3, aabbc\uparrow c, Z_0 M \uparrow M \rangle$$



$$\ldots \vdash \langle q_3, aabbc\uparrow c, Z_0M\uparrow M \rangle \vdash \langle q_3, aabbcc\uparrow, Z_0MM\uparrow \rangle$$



$$\ldots \vdash \langle q_3, aabbcc\uparrow, Z_0MM\uparrow \rangle$$



$$\ldots \vdash \langle q_3, aabbcc\uparrow, Z_0MM\uparrow \rangle \vdash \langle q_F, aabbcc\uparrow, Z_0MM\uparrow \rangle$$

Is the string aabbcc recognised by T? Yes, we found:

$$\langle q_0, \uparrow aabbcc, \uparrow Z_0 \rangle \vdash^* \langle q_F, aabbcc \uparrow, Z_0 MM \uparrow \rangle$$

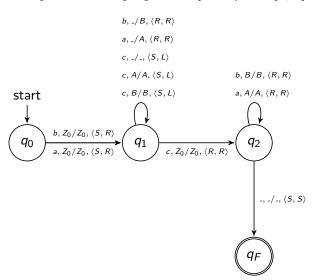
Exercises

Build TMs that recognise the following languages:

- ▶ $L_1 = \{wcw \mid w \in \{a, b\}^*\}$
- ▶ $L_2 = \{wcw^R \mid w \in \{a, b\}^*\}$, where w^R is the reversed string w.
- ▶ $L_3 = \{a^n b^n | n \ge 0\} \cup \{a^n b^{2n} | n \ge 0\}$ (the homework)

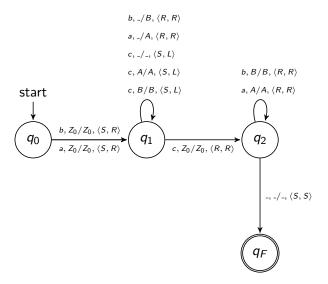
Solution (1)

TM that recognises the language $L_1 = \{wcw \mid w \in \{a, b\}^*\}$



Solution (1)

TM that recognises the language $L_1 = \{wcw \mid w \in \{a, b\}^*\}$



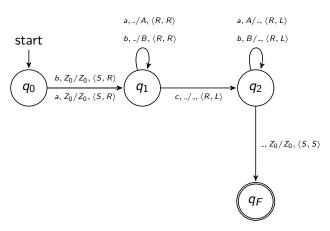
Is the string abbcabb recognised by the TM above?

Is the string abbcabb recognised by the TM?

```
\langle q_0, \uparrow abbcabb, \uparrow Z_0 \rangle \vdash
\langle q_1, \uparrow abbcabb, Z_0 \uparrow \rangle \vdash
\langle q_1, a \uparrow bbcabb, Z_0 A \uparrow \rangle \vdash
\langle q_1, ab\uparrow bcabb, Z_0AB\uparrow \rangle \vdash
\langle a_1, abb \uparrow cabb, Z_0 ABB \uparrow \rangle \vdash
\langle a_1, abb \uparrow cabb, Z_0 AB \uparrow B \rangle \vdash
\langle a_1, abb \uparrow cabb, Z_0 A \uparrow BB \rangle \vdash
\langle q_1, abb \uparrow cabb, Z_0 \uparrow ABB \rangle \vdash
\langle a_1, abb \uparrow cabb, \uparrow Z_0 ABB \rangle \vdash
\langle q_2, abbc \uparrow abb, Z_0 \uparrow ABB \rangle \vdash
\langle g_2, abbca \uparrow bb, Z_0 A \uparrow BB \rangle \vdash
\langle g_2, abbcab \uparrow b, Z_0 AB \uparrow B \rangle \vdash
\langle q_2, abbcabb\uparrow, Z_0ABB\uparrow\rangle \vdash
\langle q_F, abbcabb\uparrow, Z_0ABB\uparrow\rangle
```

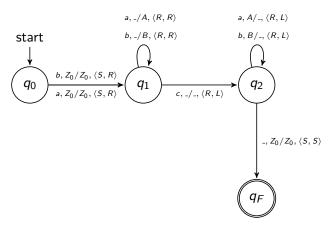
Solution (2)

TM that recognises the language $L_2 = \{wcw^R \mid w \in \{a, b\}^*\}$, where w^R is the reversed string w.



Solution (2)

TM that recognises the language $L_2 = \{wcw^R \mid w \in \{a, b\}^*\}$, where w^R is the reversed string w.



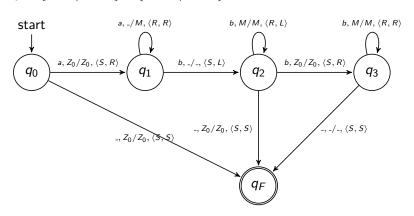
Is the string abbcbba recognised by the TM above?

Is the string abbcbba recognised by the TM?

```
\langle q_0,\uparrow abbcbba,\uparrow Z_0 \rangle \vdash \langle q_1,\uparrow abbcbba,Z_0\uparrow \rangle \vdash \langle q_1,a\uparrow bbcbba,Z_0A\uparrow \rangle \vdash \langle q_1,ab\uparrow bcbba,Z_0AB\uparrow \rangle \vdash \langle q_1,abb\uparrow cbba,Z_0AB\uparrow B\rangle \vdash \langle q_2,abbc\uparrow bba,Z_0A\uparrow BB\rangle \vdash \langle q_2,abbcb\uparrow a,Z_0\uparrow ABB\rangle \vdash \langle q_2,abbcbba\uparrow,\uparrow Z_0ABB\rangle \vdash \langle q_2,abbcbba\uparrow,\uparrow Z_0ABB\rangle \vdash \langle q_F,abbcbba\uparrow,\uparrow Z_0ABB\rangle
```

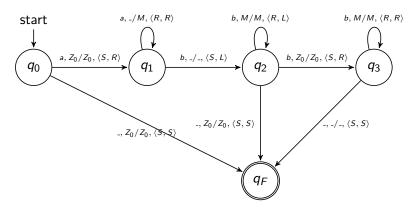
Solution (3)

TM TT that recognises the language $L_3 = \{a^n b^n | n \ge 0\} \cup \{a^n b^{2n} | n \ge 0\}$



Solution (3)

TM TT that recognises the language $L_3 = \{a^n b^n | n \ge 0\} \cup \{a^n b^{2n} | n \ge 0\}$



Is the string aabb recognised by TT? Is the string abb recognised by TT

Is the string aabb recognised by TT?

```
\begin{array}{l} \langle q_0,\uparrow aabb,\uparrow Z_0\rangle \vdash \\ \langle q_1,\uparrow aabb,Z_0\uparrow\rangle \vdash \\ \langle q_1,a\uparrow abb,Z_0M\uparrow\rangle \vdash \\ \langle q_1,aa\uparrow bb,Z_0MM\uparrow\rangle \vdash \\ \langle q_2,aa\uparrow bb,Z_0M\uparrow M\rangle \vdash \\ \langle q_2,aab\uparrow b,Z_0\uparrow MM\rangle \vdash \\ \langle q_2,aabb\uparrow,\uparrow Z_0MM\rangle \vdash \\ \langle q_F,aabb\uparrow,\uparrow Z_0MM\rangle \end{array}
```

Is the string *abb* recognised by *TT*?

$$\langle q_0,\uparrow abb,\uparrow Z_0\rangle \vdash \\ \langle q_1,\uparrow abb,Z_0\uparrow\rangle \vdash \\ \langle q_1,a\uparrow bb,Z_0M\uparrow\rangle \vdash \\ \langle q_2,a\uparrow bb,Z_0\uparrow M\rangle \vdash \\ \langle q_2,ab\uparrow b,\uparrow Z_0M\rangle \vdash \\ \langle q_3,ab\uparrow b,Z_0\uparrow M\rangle \vdash \\ \langle q_3,abb\uparrow,Z_0M\uparrow\rangle \vdash \\ \langle q_F,abb\uparrow,Z_0M\uparrow\rangle$$