

INTRODUCTION TO WEB SERVICES

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Web Service

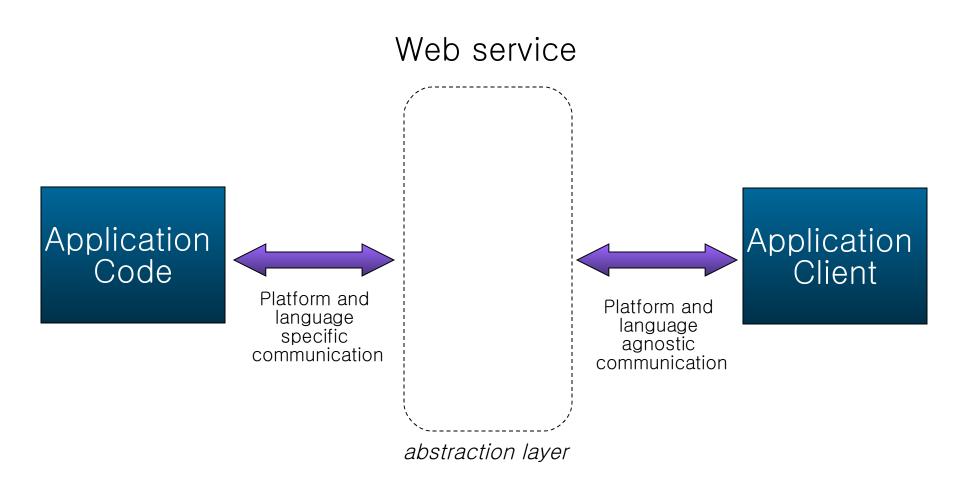
• A Web Service is a network accessible interface to application functionality, built using standard Internet protocols

- A Web Service exposes functionality to a consumer
 - Over the Internet or intranet
 - ■A programmable URL
 - ■Functions you can call over the Internet





Web service simplified







Web Service

Based on Web standards

- + HTTP/(S), XML, SOAP, WSDL, UDDI
- Can be implemented in any language on any platform

- Component-like, reusable
- Not tied to any platform / languages





Components of a Web Service

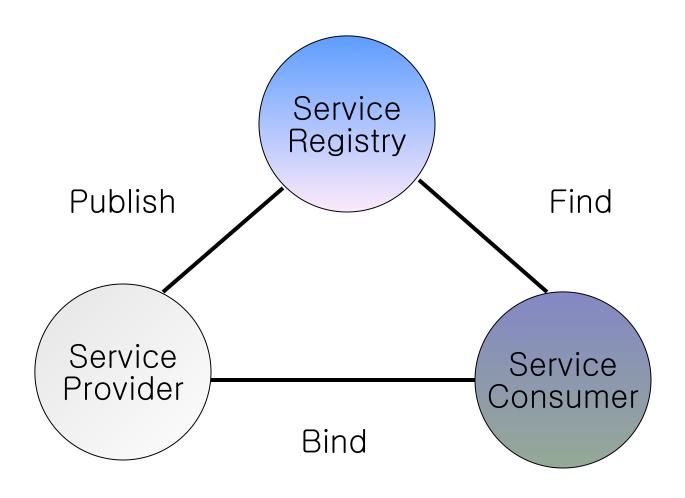
- A standard way for communication (SOAP)
- A uniform data representation and exchange mechanism (XML)

- A standard meta language to describe the services offered (WSDL)
- A mechanism to register and locate WS based applications (UDDI)





The Web Service architecture







Underlying Technology Web Service Stack

Directory: Publish & Find Services: UDDI

Inspection: Find Services on server: DISCO

Description: Formal Service Descriptions: WSDL

Wire Format: Service Interactions: SOAP

Universal Data Format: XML

Ubiquitous Communications: Internet

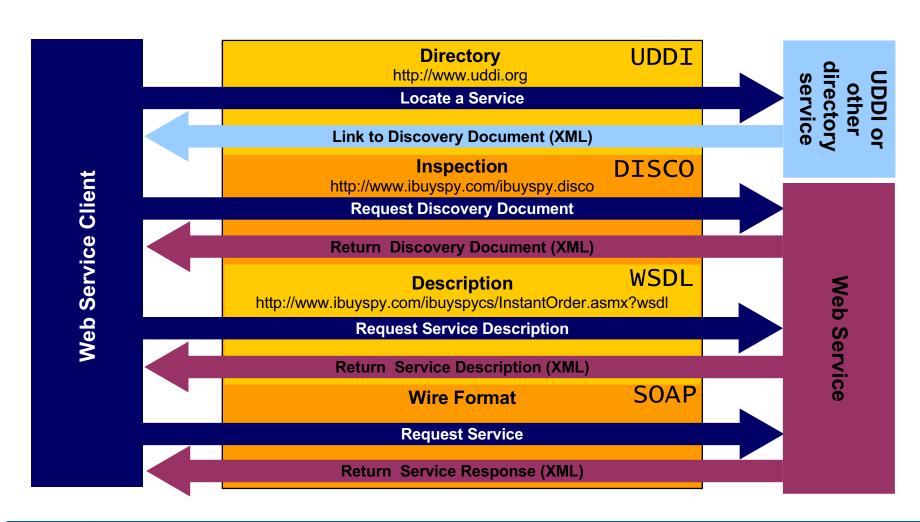
Simple, Open, Broad Industry Support





Underlying Technology Web Service Stack









Universal Description, Discovery and Integration (UDDI) Protocol

- ► Enables enterprises to quickly and dynamically discover and invoke Web Services both internally and externally
- ► Yellow pages of Web services

Examples

- www.uddi.org
- www.biomoby.org
- www.xmethods.com





Simple Object Access Protocol (SOAP)

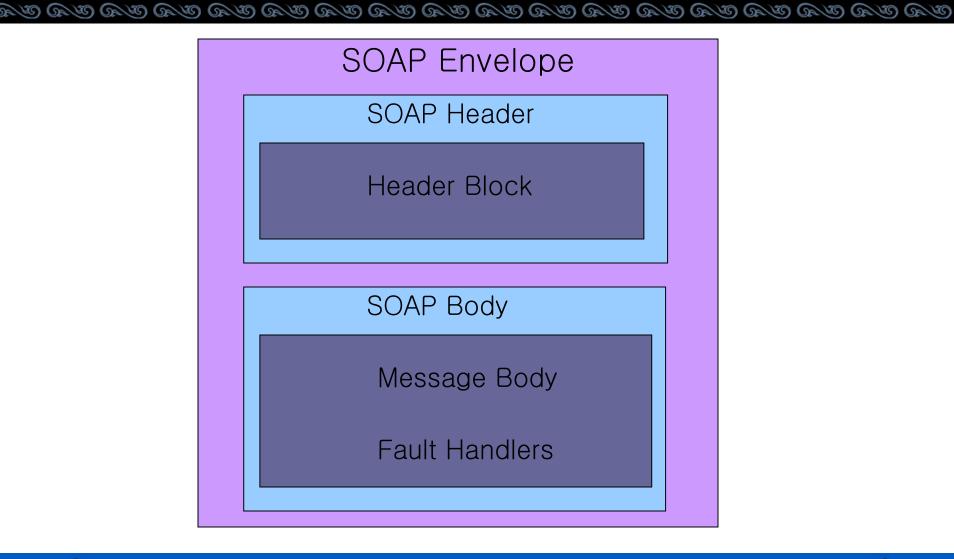
• SOAP is a lightweight (XML-based) protocol for exchange of information in a decentralized, distributed environment. It consists of mainly of:

- tan envelope that defines a framework for describing what is in a message and how to process it
- #relies heavily on XML standards (schemas & name spaces)





The SOAP message structure







Web Service Definition Language (WSDL)

- ▶ WSDL is an XML format for describing network services operating on messages containing either document-oriented or procedure-oriented information.
- It defines Web Service as collection of network endpoints or ports.





• The following is a list of Web service markup languages.

- BEEP Blocks Extensible Exchange Protocol
- BPEL Business Process Execution Language
- E-Business XML
- REST Representational State Transfer
- SOAP outgrowth of XML-RPC, originally an acronym for Simple Object Access Protocol

- UDDI Universal Description, Discovery, and Integration
- WSDL Web Services Description Language
- WSFL Web Services Flow Language (superseded by BPEL)
- WSCL
- XML-RPC XML Remote Procedure Call





XML

- Stands for "Extensible Markup Language"
- Language specification for describing data
 - Syntax rules
 - Syntax & Grammar for creating Document Type Definitions

- Widely used and open standard
 - Defined by the World Wide Web Consortium (W3C)
 - http://www.w3.org/TR/2000/REC-xml-20001006





Advantages of WebServices

• Allow programs written in different languages on different platforms to distribute an application in a standards-base manner.

- Adapt the loosely coupled Web programming model for use in applications that are not browser based.
- The goal is to provide a platform for building distributed applications using software
 - running on different operating systems and devices,
 - written using different programming languages and tools from multiple vendors,
 - all potentially developed and deployed independently.





Footer

- Web Service security
 - Web Service Security Model Principles
 - WS-Security
 - WS-Policy
 - WS-Trust
 - WS-Privacy
 - WS-SecureConversation
 - WS-Federation
 - WS-Authorization

Microsoft Passport Service - Single click sign-on!





Future....

- Semantic Web Services
 - Extension of the current web information is given well-defined meaning

• Contains machine readable instructions and metadata expressed in RDF.

Leads to intelligent web.





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Questions?



