## Comp3230 – Tutorial 3 Exercise 2

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1. Sometime the second thread also passed the get\_instance function, even if the first thread has already entered. Therefore, the output will some time print out both A and B. A race condition occurs.

## Expected code

```
0555554820 <main>
05555554824 <main+4>
0555555482b <main+11>
05555554832 <main+18>
05555554837 <main+23>
                                                                                                                                             # 0x5555555554c36
# 0x5555555554a50 <do work>
               555554839 <main+25>
555554842 <main+34>
555554847 <main+39>
                                                                                       %eax, %eax
0x555555555491e <main+254>
                                                                                       %esi,%esi
0x5555555547f0 <pthread_join@plt>
%eax,%eax
0x5555555548ff <main+223>
               555554879 <main+89>
                55555487b <main+91>
555554880 <main+96>
                                                                                         0x10(%rsp),%rdi
                                                                                        %esi,%esi
0x5555555547f0 <pthread_join@plt>
%eax,%eax
      0555555554049 1. A id=1
Thread 0x7ffff77c4700 (LWP 21430)]
ad 0x7ffff77c4700 (LWP 21430) exited]
0555555554846 in main ()
05555555554850 in main ()
05555555554850 in main ()
0000555555555485e in main ()
00005555555554865 in main ()
                                                                                                                      # 0x5555555554c36
# 0x5555555554a50 <do work>
                                                                            esi, %/si
x5555555554790 <pthread_create@plt>
                                                                           wxgasososa/90 cpriread_cr
%eax, %eax
0x555555555491e <main+254>
0x8(%rsp), %rdi
%esi, %esi
                                                                                x, %eax
5555555548ff <main+223>
.0(%rsp), %rdi
```

When there is the second threading in coming the %esi will not long be xor %esi %esi. It has changed the value, which meant the ctx is no longer a null pointer.

```
# 0x555555756040 <barrier>
                                                                             $0x28, %rsp
%esi, %esi
$0x2, %edx
        x555555554857 <main+7>
       x55555555485b <main+11>
      )x5555555554860 <main+17>
)x5555555554860 <main+18>
)x55555555554860 <main+27>
)x55555555554870 <main+32>
                                                                            %fs:0x28,%rax
%fs:0x28,%rax
%rax,0x18(%rsp)
%eax,%eax
0x5555555547d0 <pthread_barrier_init@plt>
       )x555555554872 <main+34>
       )x5555555554877 <main+34>
)x5555555554877 <main+39>
)x5555555554870 <main+44>
)x5555555554883 <main+51>
)x555555555488a <main+58>
                                                                             0x8(%rsp),%rdi
0x384(%rip),%rcx
0x206(%rip),%rdx
                                                                                                                          # 0x555555554a90 <do work>
                                                                             %esi,%esi
0x555555554790 <pthread create@plt>
       x55555555488c <main+60>
       )x55555555554891 <main+65>
)x5555555554893 <main+67>
)x55555555554895 <main+69>
)x5555555555489a <main+74>
)x555555555548a1 <main+81>
                                                                             %eax,%eax
0x55555555548ff <main+175>
                                                                             0x10(%rsp), %rdi
0x370(%rip), %rcx
0x1e8(%rip),%rdx
                                                                                                                          # 0x55555554c11
                                                                                                                           # 0x555555554a90 <do work>
                                                                             0x555555554961 <main+273>
          5555555548a8 <main+88
       x55555555548aa <main+90>
x55555555548af <main+95>
       x55555555548b1 <main+97>
x55555555548b7 <main+103>
                                                                 nov 0x8(%rsp),%rdi
xor %esi,%esi
callq 0x5555555547f0 <pthread_join@plt>
       x55555555548bc <main+108>
x55555555548be <main+110>
x55555555548c3 <main+115>
                                                                 test
                                                                             %eax,%eax
0x5555555554942 <main+242>
        x55555555548c5 <main+117>
                 x0000555555554872 in main ()
x00005555555554877 in main ()
x00005555555554876 in main ()
x00005555555554883 in main ()
x000055555555488a in main ()
| X0000555555555488a in main ()
| New Thread 0x7ffff77c4700 (LWP 46510)]
| X0000555555554891 in main ()
| X00005555555554893 in main ()
x00005555555554895 in main ()
x0000555555555489a in main ()
x000055555555548a1 in main ()
x00005555555548a8 in main ()
```

It is still xor %esi, %esi and don't have any changes. Which meant the ctx is still the null pointer in the second thread, the written data in first thread has not followed by the second thread. Therefore, the second thread will still enter the get instance function.

Both of the ctx are null pointer

## Original code:

Add pthread\_mutex\_lock and pthread\_mutex\_unlock to inscribe the do\_work function. When the first thread enters the do\_work function it will block the second thread to enter the do\_work function until it has finished the job. Therefore, the thread will become asynchronous.

```
pthread_mutex_t lock = PTHREAD_MUTEX_INITIALIZER;

void *do_work(void *arg) {
   pthread_mutex_lock(&lock);
   context_t *ctx = get_instance();
   if (!ctx->initialized) {
      ctx->name = (char *)arg;
      ctx->id = ++id;
      ctx->initialized = true;
   }
   pthread_mutex_unlock(&lock);
   printf("name=%s\tid=%ld\n", ctx->name, ctx->id);
   return NULL;
}
```

```
name=A id=1
alee@workbench:~/C_Programming/tutorial3$ ./hw3
name=A id=1
       id=1
name=A
alee@workbench:~/C Programming/tutorial3$ ./hw3
name=A id=1
name=A id=1
```

## Improvement code

Use the pthread\_once replaces context\_t \*ctx = get\_instance(). Under the pthread\_once command the second thread will not enter the get\_instance function again, as the first thread has already entered. It will save the time to avoid enter the get\_instance function twice.

```
context_t *ctx = NULL;
pthread_mutex_t lock = PTHREAD_MUTEX_INITIALIZER;pthread_once_t once = PTHREAD_ONCE_INIT;

// singleton
void get_instance() {
   ctx = (context_t *)malloc(sizeof(context_t));
   assert(ctx != NULL);
   ctx->initialized = false;
}

int id = 0;

void *do_work(void *arg) {
   int rc = pthread_once(&once,get_instance);
   assert(rc == 0);
   if (!ctx->initialized) {
      ctx->name = (char *)arg;
      ctx->id = ++id;
      ctx->initialized = true;
   }
   printf("name=%s\tid=%ld\n", ctx->name, ctx->id);
   return NULL;
}
```