

**Exercise 1: Probabilities in DTMCs**

Let the transition matrix  $P$ :

$$P = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \frac{3}{4} & 0 & \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{1}{3} & 0 & \frac{1}{6} & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

a. Compute  $P^3(s_0, s_3)$

Using the Chapman-Kolmogorov equation:

$$\begin{aligned} p_{s_0, s_3}(3) &= \sum_{s'} p_{s_0, s'}(1) p_{s', s_3}(2) = \sum_{s'} P(s_0, s') \left( \sum_{s''} P(s', s'') P(s'', s_3) \right) \\ &\Leftrightarrow \sum_{s'} P(s_0, s') (P(s', s_1) P(s_1, s_3) + P(s', s_0) P(s_0, s_3) + P(s', s_3) P(s_3, s_3)) \\ &\Leftrightarrow P(s_0, s_3) P(s_3, s_1) P(s_1, s_3) + P(s_0, s_1) P(s_1, s_0) P(s_0, s_3) + P(s_0, s_3) P(s_3, s_3) P(s_3, s_3) \\ &\quad + P(s_0, s_1) P(s_1, s_3) P(s_3, s_3) \\ &\Leftrightarrow \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{4} \\ &\Leftrightarrow \frac{1}{32} + \frac{3}{48} + \frac{1}{64} + \frac{3}{32} = \frac{2}{64} + \frac{4}{64} + \frac{1}{64} + \frac{6}{64} \\ &\Leftrightarrow \frac{13}{64} = 0.203125 \\ &\Leftrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 0.02083333 & 0.296875 & 0.47916667 & 0.203125 \\ 0.125 & 0.05208333 & 0.58333333 & 0.23958333 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0.02083333 & 0.109375 & 0.77083333 & 0.09895833 \end{pmatrix} \Big|_{(s_0, s_3)} \\ &\Leftrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \frac{3}{4} & 0 & \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{1}{3} & 0 & \frac{1}{6} & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{4} \end{pmatrix}^3 \Big|_{(s_0, s_3)} = P^3(s_0, s_3) \end{aligned}$$

b. Compute the probability of being in state  $s_3$  after exactly 3 steps assuming a uniform initial distribution (over all states).

$$\Theta_3^{\mathcal{P}}(s_3) = \sum_{s \in S} l_{\text{init}} P^3(s, s_3) = \sum_{s \in S} \frac{1}{|S|} P^3(s, s_3)$$

With  $x_{ij}$  the element of  $P^3$  in the  $i$ -th row and  $j$ -th column and

$$\begin{aligned} P^3 &= \begin{pmatrix} 0.02083333 & 0.296875 & 0.47916667 & 0.203125 \\ 0.125 & 0.05208333 & 0.58333333 & 0.23958333 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0.02083333 & 0.109375 & 0.77083333 & 0.09895833 \end{pmatrix} \\ &\Leftrightarrow \frac{1}{4} \sum_i x_{i3} = \frac{0.203125 + 0.23958333 + 0 + 0.09895833}{4} = \frac{0.54166666}{4} = 0.13541\bar{6} \end{aligned}$$

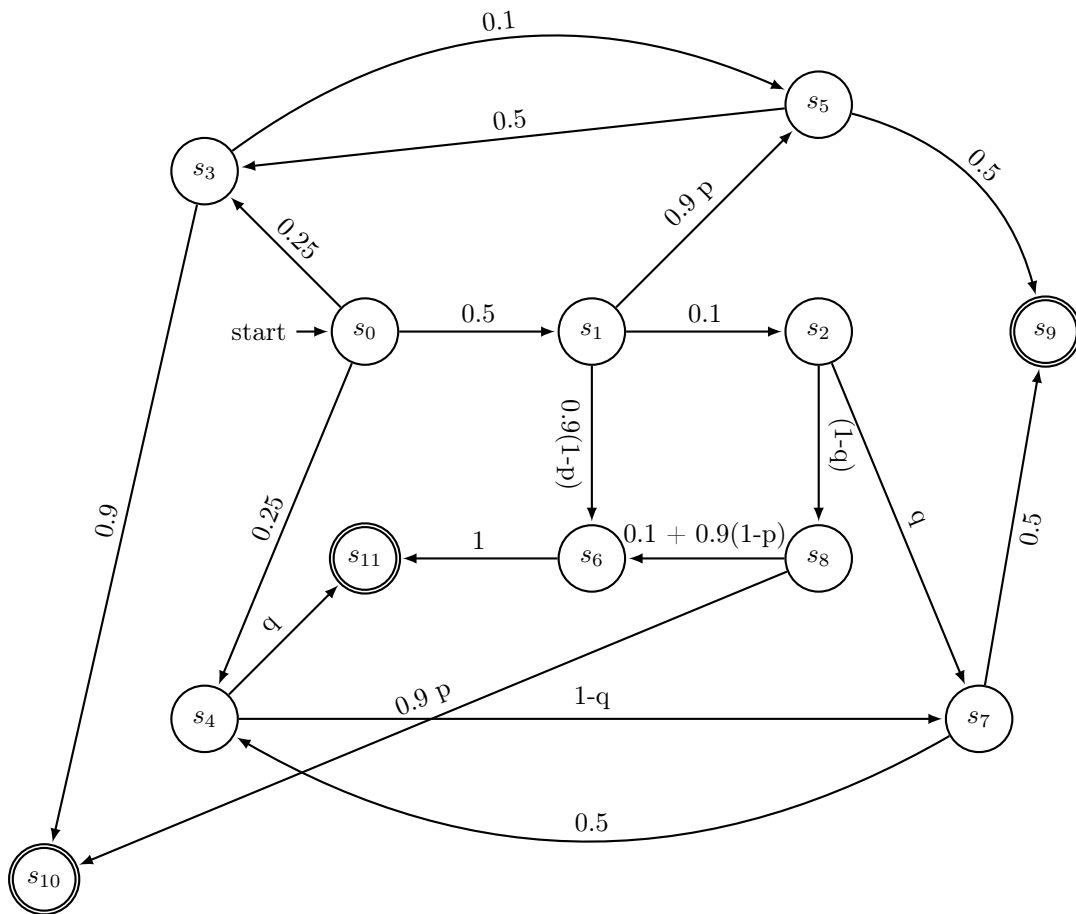
- Compute the limiting probability of being in state  $s_3$ .
- Compute the probability of going from  $s_0$  to  $s_3$  in at most 3 steps.
- Compute the probability of reaching (without a bound on the number of steps)  $s_3$  when starting in  $s_0$ .

## Exercise 2: Duelling Cowboys

a.

b. Depict a DTMC for this process. Please indicate for each state (i) who is alive and (ii) whose turn it is.

state	turn	alive
$s_0$	Good	all
$s_1$	Bad	all
$s_2$	Ugly	all
$s_3$	Bad	Good, Bad
$s_4$	Ugly	Good, Ugly
$s_5$	Good	Good, Bad
$s_6$	Ugly	Bad, Ugly
$s_7$	Good	Good, Ugly
$s_8$	Bad	Bad, Ugly
$s_9$	Good	Good
$s_{10}$	Bad	Bad
$s_{11}$	Ugly	Ugly



## Exercise 3: The Gruffalo Game

a.

b.