

Theory of Machines and Languages

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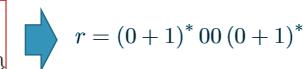
1403-1404

Regular Expressions

Example

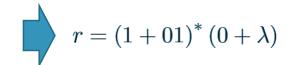
For $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$, give a regular expression r such that

 $L(r) = \{w \in \Sigma^* : w \text{ has at least one pair of consecutive zeros}\}$



Find a regular expression for the language

 $L = \{w \in \{0,1\}^* : w \text{ has no pair of consecutive zeros}\}$

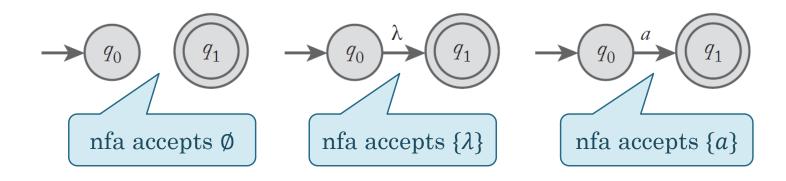


Give a regular expression for $L = \{a^n b^m : n \ge 2, m \ge 1, nm \ge 3\}$

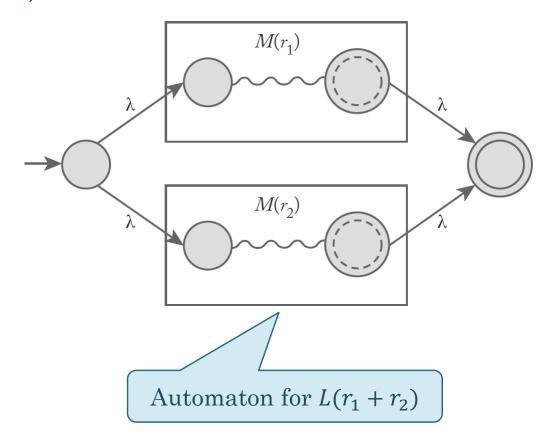
Give regular expressions for the following languages on $\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$:

- (a) All strings containing exactly two a's.
- (b) All strings containing no more than three a's.
- (c) All strings that contain at least one occurrence of each symbol in Σ .

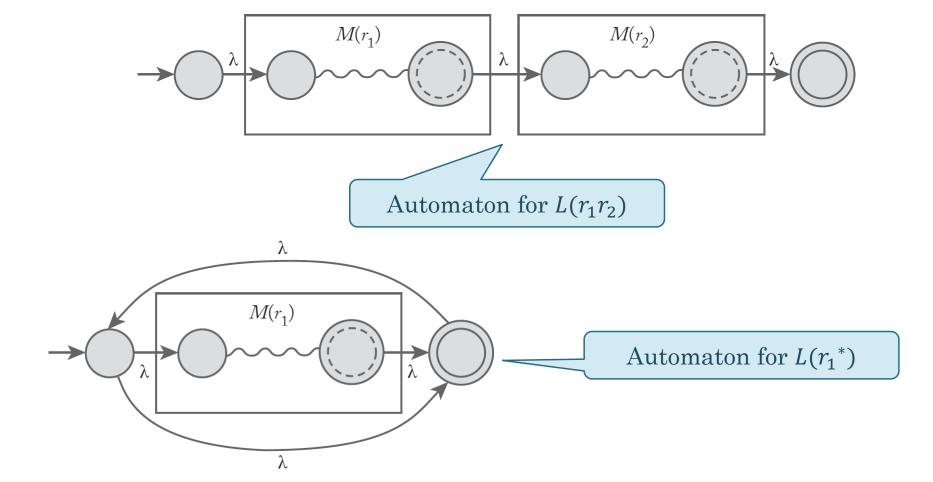
- \square If r is a regular expression, then L(r) is a regular language
- □ A language is regular if it is accepted by some dfa or nfa
- Proof



Proof (Cont.)



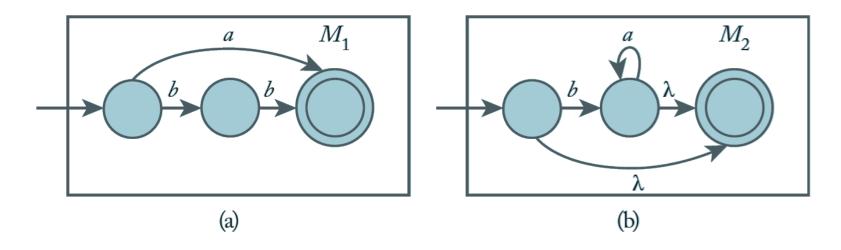
Proof (Cont.)



Example

Find an nfa that accepts L(r), where

$$r = (a + bb)^* (ba^* + \lambda)$$



(a) M_1 accepts L(a+bb). (b) M_2 accepts $L(ba^* + \lambda)$.

Example

Find an nfa that accepts L(r), where

