

Date: .....

code:

sum1 = 0

for (i=1 ; i <= n ; i++)

for (j=1 ; j <= n ; j++)

sum1++

Values of i

num of times  
inner loop runs

1	n
2	n
3	n
⋮	
n	n
<hr/>	
	$n \times n$
	$= n^2$

Time complexity  $O(n^2)$

Date: .....

Code!

sum2 = 0

for (i=1; i&lt;=n; i++)

for (j=1; j&lt;=i; j++)

sum2++;

Values of inumber of  
times the  
inner loop  
will run

1

1

2

2

3

3

⋮

n

+ n

 $1+2+3+\dots+n$ 

$$= \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$

$$= \frac{n^2}{2} + \frac{n}{2}$$

Time complexity :  $O(n^2)$

Date:.....

Code :

$$\text{sum1} = 0$$

for ( $k=1$ ;  $k \leq n$ ;  $k \neq 2$ )

```
for (j=1; j<=n; j++)
```

```
sum++;
```

### Values of k

number of times inner loop runs

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{1} = 2^0 \\ \text{2} = 2^1 \\ \text{4} = 2^2 \\ \text{8} = 2^3 \\ \text{16} = 2^4 \\ \vdots \\ \text{n} = 2^i \end{array}$$

$$n = 2^i$$

$$\Rightarrow \log_2 n = \log_2 2^i$$

$$\therefore i = \log_2 n$$

$$= n \log_2 n$$

$$O(n \log_2 n)$$

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Code :

sum2 = 0

for (k=1; k<=n; k\*=2)

for (j=1; j<=k; j++)

sum2++;

Values of k

Num of times inner loop runs

1

$$1 = 2^0$$

2

$$2 = 2^1$$

4

$$4 = 2^2$$

8

$$8 = 2^3$$

⋮

⋮

⋮

n

$$n = 2^{\log_2 n}$$

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$$2^0 + 2^1 + 2^2 + \dots + 2^{\log_2 n}$$

$$= \frac{a(r^{n+1} - 1)}{r - 1}$$

$$= \frac{2^{\log_2 n + 1} - 1}{2 - 1}$$

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$$= 2 \cdot 2^{\log_2 n} - 1$$

$$= 2n - 1$$

Time complexity:  $O(n)$

### Geometric series sum

$$\star S_n = \frac{a(r^{n+1} - 1)}{r - 1}$$

$a$  = 1st term  
 $r$  = common ratio  
 $n$  = number of terms

$$\star 1 + 2 + 3 + \dots + n = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$

$$\star 1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + \dots + n^2 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$$

$$\star 1^3 + 2^3 + 3^3 + \dots + n^3 = \left( \frac{n(n+1)}{2} \right)^2$$