Integration

1. Find the exact integration for the following expression for
$$f(x) = 2x$$

$$I(f) = \begin{cases} 2x \\ 2x \end{cases}$$

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$$\frac{2x}{2}$$

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$$I(f) = \int_{0}^{2} 2x$$

$$= \int_{0}^{2x} 7^{2}$$

d the exact integration for the following expression for
$$2x$$

$$f(n) = e^{2x}$$

$$I(f) = \int_0^2 e^{2x}$$

1. Find the exact integration for the following expression for
$$f(x) = \frac{2x}{2}$$

$$I(f) = \begin{cases} 2 & 2x \\ 0 & e^{2x} \end{cases}$$

2. Closed Newton Cotes formulae with degree (n) = 1 (Trapezium Rule)

$$\frac{degree(n) = 1}{nodes} = 2 \quad \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \chi_0, \chi_1 \end{cases}$$

R

2. Closed Newton Cotes formulae with degree (n) =
$$\deg \operatorname{ree}(n) = 1$$

$$\operatorname{Nodes} = 2 \longrightarrow \chi_0, \chi_1$$

Trapezium Rule Formulae:

 $\overline{L}_1(f) = \frac{b-a}{2} \int_{a}^{b} f(a) + f(b)$

 $f(n) = e^{2x} \cdot \text{Interval}: [0,2]$

 $T_{1}(f) = \frac{b-3}{2} \left[f(a) + f(b) \right]$

 $=\frac{2-0}{2}$ $\left[\begin{array}{c} 2(0) \\ + \end{array}\right]$

= 1 55.5987

= 55.598

$$= \left[\frac{e^{2(2)}}{2} - \frac{e^{2(0)}}{2} \right]$$

$$= 26.80 \quad \leftarrow \text{Actual}$$
2. Closed Newton Cotes formulae with degree (n) =

$$I(f) = \int_{0}^{2} e^{2x}$$

$$= \left[\frac{e^{2x}}{2} \right]_{0}^{2}$$

Absolute Error =
$$\begin{vmatrix} Actual \ Value - Approximate \ Value \end{vmatrix}$$

= $\begin{vmatrix} 26.80 - 55.598 \end{vmatrix}$
= $\begin{vmatrix} 28.798 \end{vmatrix}$

$$= \frac{26.80 - 55.598}{26.80}$$

$$= 1.074$$

3. Closed Newton Cotes formulae with degree (n) = 2 (Simpson Rule)

 $nodes = 3 \rightarrow \{\chi_0, \chi_1, \chi_2\}$

degree (n) = 2

Simpson Rule Formulae:
$$\frac{1}{2}(f) = \frac{b-a}{6} \left[f(a) + 4f(a+b) + f(b) \right]$$

 $M = \chi_1 = \frac{3+b}{2}$

$$f(x) = e^{2x} \cdot \text{Interval}: [0,2]$$

$$f(\frac{3+b}{2}) = f(\frac{0+1}{2}) = f(1)$$

$$T_2(f) = \frac{2-0}{6} \left[e^{2(0)} + 4 e^{2(1)} + e^{2(2)} \right]$$

$$=\frac{2}{6}\begin{bmatrix}85.154\end{bmatrix}$$

= 28.384

= 1.584

Absolute Error = Actual Value - Approximate Value

= 26.80 - 28.384

= 26.80 - 28.384

26.80

= 0.059.

Sub-intervals: m nodes: m + 1

Here, m = 4, nodes = 5

Last

node

 $h = \frac{\omega}{D-2}$

first

 $\frac{h}{2}$ [1f(x₀) + 2f(x₁) + 2f(x₂) --

nodes

4.1) Sub-interval = 2 (m = 2)
$$h = \frac{b-a}{m} = \frac{2-0}{2} = 1$$

$$\chi_0 = a = 0$$

$$\chi_1 = \chi_0 + h = 0 + l = 1$$

$$\chi_2 = \chi_1 + h = |+| = 2$$

$$C_{1,2} = \frac{h}{2} \left[f(x_0) + 2f(x_1) + f(y_2) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[e^{2(0)} + 2e^{2(1)} + e^{2(2)} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[e^{2(0)} + 2e^{2(1)} + e^{2(2)} \right]$$

$$= 35.188$$
Absolute Error = Actual Value - Approximate Value
$$= 26.80 - 35.188$$

$$= 26.80 - 35.188$$

$$= 8.388$$
Actual Value - Approximate Value
$$= Actual Value$$

$$= Actual Value$$

4.2) Sub-interval = 3 (m = 3)
$$h = \frac{b-3}{m} = \frac{2-0}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\chi_0 = 3 = 0$$

$$\chi_1 = \chi_1 + h = 0 + \frac{2}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\chi_2 = \chi_1 + h = \frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{3} = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$\chi_3 = \chi_3 + h = \frac{4}{3} + \frac{2}{3} = 2$$

$$\chi_{1} = \chi_{1} + h = 0 + \frac{2}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\chi_{2} = \chi_{1} + h = \frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{3} = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$\chi_{3} = \chi_{2} + h = \frac{4}{3} + \frac{2}{3} = 2$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \left[f(x_{0}) + 2f(\chi_{1}) + 2f(\chi_{2}) + f(\chi_{3}) \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} \left[e^{2(0)} + 2e^{2(\frac{1}{3})} + 2e^{2(\frac{1}{3})} + e^{2(\frac{1}{3})} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{2} (x_0) + \frac{1}{2} (x_1) + \frac{1}{2} (x_2) + \frac{1}{2} (x_3) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{2(0)}{2} + \frac{2(1/3)}{2} + \frac{2(1/3)}{2} + \frac{2(1/3)}{2} + \frac{2(1/3)}{2} \right]$$

$$= \frac{30.656}{2}$$
Absolute Error = Actual Value - Approximate Value
$$= \left[\frac{26.80 - 30.656}{2} \right]$$

Absolute Error =
$$\begin{vmatrix} Actual \ Value - Approximate \ Value \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} 26.80 - 30.656 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= 3.856$$
Actual Value - Approximate Value \quad Actual \quad Value \quad \quad

4.3) Sub-interval = 4 (m = 4)
$$h = \frac{b-3}{m} = \frac{2-0}{4} = \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\chi_{0} = 3 = 0$$

$$\chi_{1} = \chi_{1} + h = 0 + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\chi_{2} = \chi_{1} + h = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\chi_{2} = \chi_{1} + h = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$$

$$\chi_{3} = \chi_{2} + h = 1 + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\chi_{4} = \chi_{3} + h = \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 2$$

$$\chi_{5} = \frac{1}{2} - \left(\int_{1}^{2} (\chi_{5}) + 2 \int_{1}^{2} (\chi_{5}) + 2$$

$$C_{1,4} = \frac{1}{2} \left[f(x_{0}) + 2f(x_{1}) + 2f(x_{2}) + 2f(x_{3}) + f(x_{4}) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[e^{2(0)} + 2e^{2(\frac{1}{2})} + 2e^{2(1)} + 2e^{2(\frac{3}{2})} + e^{2(4)} \right]$$

$$= 28.99$$

Absolute Error =
$$\begin{vmatrix} Actual \ Value - Approximate \ Value \end{vmatrix}$$

= $\begin{vmatrix} 26.80 - 28.99 \end{vmatrix}$
= $\begin{vmatrix} 2.19 \end{vmatrix}$
Actual \ Value - Approximate \ Value \}

$$= \frac{26.80 - 28.99}{26.80}$$

$$= 6.0817$$