Exercise Sheet 2

1. Evaluate the following limits:

(i)
$$\lim_{z \to 1+i} \frac{z^2 - z + 1 - i}{z^2 - 2z + 2}$$
 (ii) $\lim_{z \to 1+i} \left\{ \frac{z - 1 - i}{z^2 - 2z + 2} \right\}^2$ (iii) $\lim_{z \to i} \frac{z^2 + 1}{z^6 + 1}$.

2. If
$$f(z) = \frac{2z-1}{3z+2}$$
, prove that $f'(z_0) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(z_0+h) - f(z_0)}{h} = \frac{7}{(3z_0+2)^2}$ provided $z_0 \neq -\frac{2}{3}$.

3. Let
$$f(z) = \frac{z^2 + 4}{z - 2i}$$
 if $z \neq 2i$, while $f(2i) = 3 + 4i$. Is $f(z)$ continuous at $z = 2i$?

4. Find all points of discontinuity for the function
$$f(z) = \frac{2z-3}{z^2+2z+2}$$
.

5. Using the definitions, find the derivative of each function at the indicated points

(i)
$$f(z) = \frac{2z - i}{z + 2i}$$
 at $z = -i$

(ii)
$$f(z) = 3z^{-2}$$
 at $z = 1 + i$.

6. Evaluate the following limits using L' Hôpital's rule

(i)
$$\lim_{z \to 2i} \frac{z^2 + 4}{2z^2 + (3 - 4i)z - 6i}$$
 (ii) $\lim_{z \to 0} \frac{z - \sin z}{z^3}$.

7. Determine which of the following functions u are harmonic. For each harmonic function find the conjugate harmonic function v and express u + iv as an analytic function of z

i)
$$u(x,y) = 3x^2y + 2x^2 - y^3 - 2y^2$$

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$$u(x,y) = 3x^2y + 2x^2 - y^3 - 2y^2$$
 ii) $u(x,y) = xe^x \cos y - ye^x \sin y$

iii)
$$u(x, y) = e^{-x}(x \sin y - y \cos y)$$