## BRAC University Department of Mathematics and Natural Sciences MAT 120 Lab

## **Practice Problem Set**

- 1. You can attempt to solve these problems with the help of the materials given in your google classroom.
- 2. You don't need to submit your solutions. However you can share with your classmates if you want.
- 1. Take f(x) and an interval I as input. Plot both f(x) and f'(x) in the same graph.
- 2. Plot the following functions and find the maxima, minima in the given interval

(a) 
$$f(x) = 2x^3 - 6x^2 + 2x + 1$$
,  $x \in [-5, 5]$ 

(b) 
$$f(x) = x^4$$
,  $x \in [-1, 1]$ 

(c) 
$$f(x) = \sin(2x) + \cos(3x), x \in [0, \frac{3\pi}{4}]$$

3. A projectile's equation of motion is given by

$$x' = 3$$
,  $y' = 4 - 10t$ ,  $x(0) = y(0) = 0$ 

Integrate using sympy and find x, y. Plot x vs y for  $t \in [0, 0.8]$ 

4. Find the following indefinite integrals using sympy:

(a) 
$$Re^{-x}x^2cos(x)dx$$

(b) 
$$R \sqrt{x^2-16}$$

$$_{x}dx$$

(c) 
$$\frac{R_{x^2+x-2}}{x^2+x-2}$$

5. Differential equation of damped oscillation is given by:

$$d^{2} dt + 2y dt + 1 x(t) = 0$$

Plot x vs t for for y = 0, 0.5, 1, 2 (use Matplotlib subplot).

6. Find the following definite integrals using sympy:

$$-\infty$$
 sin(x)/x

(b) 
$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{3}{3}$$

(c) 
$$R_{\infty} x^2 + a^2 dx$$

- 7. Numerically evaluate the following definite integrals upto three decimal points (You cannot use sympy or scipy):
  - (a)  $R_{0}^{1} x^{x} dx$
  - (b)  $R_{0}^{\pi} x.sin(x)dx$
  - (c) R ∞  $_0$ sin( $x^2$ )dx
- 8. Consider the equation of a freely falling object:

$$dt = 10 - v^2$$
,  $v(0) = 5$ 

- (a) Solve the differential equation using sympy.
- (b) Plot *v* vs *t*.
- 9. Suppose the populations of rabbits and wolves are described by Lotka-Volterra equa tions given below:

$$dR/dt = R(0.08 - 0.001W)$$

$$dW/dt = W(-0.02 + 0.00002R)$$

Start with 1000 rabbits and 40 wolves, i.e., R(0) = 1000, W(0) = 40 and solve these equations using Euler's method.

- (a) Plot W vs t.
- (b) Plot R vs t.
- (c) Plot W vs R.
- 10. Solve the following ordinary differential equations using Euler's method. Plot y vs x for  $x \in [0, \pi]$

(a) 
$$y' + xy = \sin(x), y(\pi_2) = 0$$

(b) 
$$\underline{d}_{3}_{V}$$

$$\frac{d_{3}y}{dx^{3}} + \frac{d_{2}y}{dx^{2}}$$

$$dx$$

$$dx$$

$$dx - y = 0$$
,  $y''(0) = -1$ ,  $y'(0) = -3$ ,  $y(0) = 7$ 

