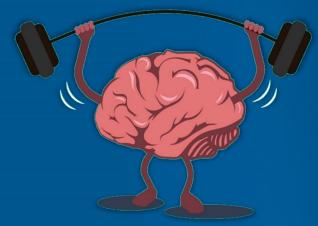
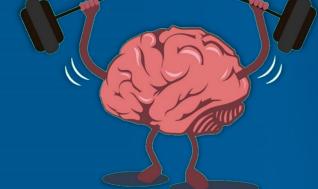


#KPMG JOSTO

Train The Brain Program Changes

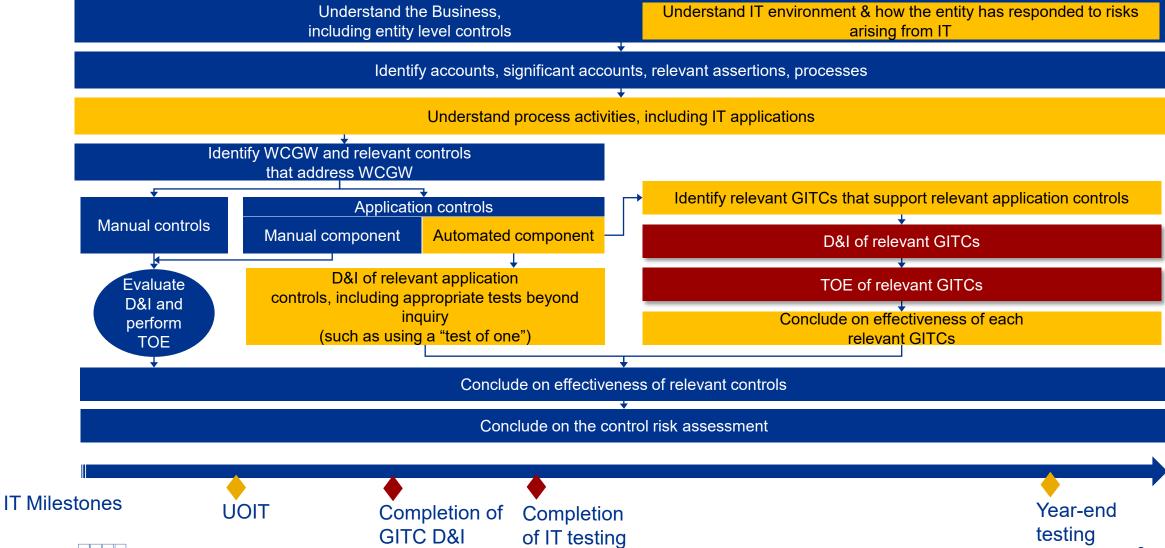




October 2021

Where are we in the audit cycle?

KPMG



Risks Arising from IT



Access to Programs and Data

■ Access to programs and data is unauthorized or inappropriate

Program change controls are controls established by management to determine that changes to existing systems/IT applications are authorized, tested, approved, properly, implemented, and documented..



Program Changes

Changes to existing systems / IT applications are unauthorized, untested, unapproved or improperly implemented or documented



Change management policy

- Authorization, Development, Testing and Approval
- Configuration Changes
- Emergency Changes
- Migration to the Production environment



Program Acquisition and development

New IT systems that are developed or acquired are unauthorized, untested, unapproved or improperly implemented or documented



Computer Operations

■ IT systems processing is unauthorized or inappropriately scheduled, and deviations from scheduled processing are unidentified and unresolved



PC - What to look for?

Change management process

- Is there change management policy?
- Type of changes
- Who manages changes to the system?
- Are processes followed common across systems?
- Is any portion of change management outsourced?

Emergency and Configuration changes

- Process for emergency and configuration changes
- How is the process different from that for normal changes?
- Who manages the changes to the system?
- Are there post facto approvals in place for emergency changes?
- Who can make the configuration changes in the applications?

Segregation of Environments and Duties?

- Are development, UAT and production servers logically segregated?
- Who can deploy the changes into the production environment?
- Whether development is handled by the vendor and is the development server within client premises or vendor premises.
- Are the change deployment activities logged through PIM / PAM tools?



Key points to remember

Perform effective one sample walkthrough to understand process and related control implementation

Document TOD with detailed process explanation and evidence markups

Samples for TOE to be based on frequency or number of occurrences of a control

Sampling to be performed as per KAM/ KAEG guidance

Population to be tested as an IPE (Perform test of report logic + retain report download evidences)

Identify IPEs used in performance of a control and test accordingly

Identify and test additional controls for ERP systems where relevant

TOD – Test of Design

TOE – Test of Operating Effectiveness

IPE – Information provided by Entity

KAM – KPMG Audit Methodology

KAEG – KPMG Audit and Execution Guide

ERP – Enterprise Resource Planning



PC-Change Management Policy

There exists a user access management policy for in-scope applications

Data Required – (PBC)

1) Change Management policy applicable for in-scope applications in the organization

Control attributes

- · Approval and review of Change management policies on periodic basis.
- Inclusion of relevant processes defined as per the controls



Common Observation -

1. Review of Change management policy does not happen on regular basis



Mitigation –

1. Effectiveness of processes implemented



PC 01, 02 - Authorization, Development, Testing and Approval

The changes to Application and supporting infrastructure is approved, developed, tested and approved by authorized personnel prior moving into production environment

Request initiation - Form / Tool



Business and IT Approval prior to Development



UAT sign off



Approved by CAB/authorized personnel

Data Required – (PBC)

- 1) System generated Report for changes [IPE]
- 2) Authorization matrix

Risk

Unauthorized changes to IT systems, applications and data may lead to inaccurate financial reporting

If changes to programs, systems, and configuration are not properly performed, it could impact the operating effectiveness of application controls, calculations, reports, and data that support accounting and financial reporting activities

Control attributes

- Existence of change approval matrix
- Authorization for changes prior to development
- User Acceptance Testing (UAT) performed by Business/IT
- Post UAT testing changes authorized in Change Advisory Board (CAB) / authorized individual



Common Observations -

- 1. Insufficient documentation to demonstrate that UAT confirmation received from Business and IT
- 2. Absence of authorization evidence
- 3. Absence of system generated population for changes
- 4. Changes are not maintained neither by client nor by vendor



Mitigation procedures -

1. Evaluate each identified exception to determine if the change was approved prior to moving into production environment



PC 01, 02 - Authorization, Development, Testing and Approval

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Mitigation procedures -

1. Evaluate each identified exception to detern

What if system generated listing of changes is not available from the system for GITC is being tested?

- Evaluate what is the organization's mechanism for maintaining a current list of change requests that are moved to production -: Ticketing tool utilized to record changes and related approvals; manual list of changes with periodic management review controls to ensure completeness and accuracy
- Evaluate whether appropriate segregation of duties is maintained between change developers and migrators to ascertain unauthorized changes will be prevented

Document rationale for relying on the alternate listing provided by management and the tests conducted for engagement team to be comfortable with the alternate listing



Illustration: PC 01 - list of changes

Report Generated from backend sql query for a given time period [MOD] KPMG STANDARD REPORT COLUMNS.sql - 10.80.108.51.smdb (smreport (112))* - Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio File Edit View Query Project Tools Window Help - 🕡 🔑 🏛 🖸 - _ 🕴 🥞 smdb MOD] KPMG STANDA...(smreport (112))* → × SQLQuery27.sql - 1...db (smreport (65))* SQLQuery26.sql - 1...db (smreport (98))* Connect ▼ ¥ ¥ ■ ▼ û ii -FISELECT. 3 10.80.108.51 (SQL Server 13.0.58) NUMBER olution Explo 🔎 4 .CATEGORY Databases olution 'Solution1' STATUS ■ Security Miscellaneous Fil 6 ,APPROVAL_STATUS Server Objects ■ [MOD] KPMG ! 7 ,dev.DISPLAY_NAME as AFFECTED_ITEM Replication ,REQUESTED_BY ■ [NCBC] TICKE PolyBase ,ASSIGN_DEPT SQLQuery15.sc Always On High Availability 10 .PLANNED START SQLQuery16.sq Management , PLANNED_END SQLQuery23.sc Integration Services Catalogs , DURATION SQLQuery26.sc XEvent Profiler , cm. CURRENT_PHASE SQLQuery27.sc 14 ,DATE_ENTERED 15 ,ORIG DATE ENTERED 16 ,ORIG_OPERATOR Time period defined 17 ,CLOSE_TIME .BRIEF DESCRIPTION SUBCATEGORY substring(replace(replace(replace(replace(replace(cm.DESCRIPTION, ') ',' '), '0 ',' '), '"',' '), '• ',' '), '-',' '), 1,255) DESCRIE 24 FROM CM3RM1 cm 26 on cm.AFFECTED_ITEM = dev.LOGICAL_NAME WHERE 1=1 AND YEAR(DATE ENTERED) >= 2020 Report- program /************************ Incident Management Columns by KPMG *****************/ 32 SELECT 33 IM.NUMBER changes 34 . IM. CATEGORY , IM. OPEN_TIME 36 , IM. OPENED BY TM DDTODTTV CODE Results Messages NUMBER CATEGORY PLANNED START DURATION CURRENT PHASE DATE ENTERED ORIG DATE ENTERED STATUS APPROVAL STATUS AFFECTED ITEM REQUESTED BY ASSIGN DEPT PLANNED END C60795 Standard Change closed NULL 152698 PROD-Back Office-Emcrey 2020-01-16 17:00:00.000 2020-01-16 17:30:00.000 4000-01-01 00:30:00.000 Closure 2020-02-02 10:56:17.000 2020-01-16 14:13:56.0 C60788 260830 SEC-ISM 2020-01-23 09:24:16.000 2020-01-16 10:43:47.0 Standard Change 2020-01-16 10:41:57.000 2020-01-31 00:00:00.000 4000-01-15 13:18:03.000 Execution System details with 260830 2020-01-05 14:16:11.000 2020-01-31 00:00:00.000 4000-01-26 09:43:49.000 Execution 2020-01-23 09:23:48.000 2020-01-05 14:18:29.0 2020-01-23 09:23:44.000 2020-01-05 11:39:49.0 260830 SEC-ISM 2020-01-05 11:50:04:000 2020-01-31 00:00:00.000 4000-01-26 12:09:56:000 Execution 2020-01-23 09:23:46.000 2020-01-05 11:53:11.0 Date and SEC-ISM 2020-01-23 09:23:47.000 2020-01-05 11:57:35.0 260830 2020-01-05 11:55:06.000 2020-01-31 00:00:00.000 4000-01-26 12:04:54.000 Execution 2020-01-20 14:29:29 000 2020-01-14 12:15:07 0 160272 PROD-INFRASTRUCTURE-NETWORK 2020-01-14 11:00:00 000 2020-01-21 23:00:00 000 4000-01-08 12:00:00 000 Abandoned 261192 PROD-DATA-2020-01-14 23:30:00.000 4000-01-01 23:30:00.000 Closure 2020-01-22 10:57:12.000 2020-01-14 14:41:42.0 **Timestamp**



Query executed successfully

0.80.108.51 (13.0 SP2) | smreport (112) | smdb | 00:00:02 | 5,985 rows

PC 03 - Segregation of environments

Management has a production environment that is segregated from non-production environments.

Change Management Policy



Segregation of environments

Data Required – (PBC)

- 1) Obtain list of servers with IP Addresses / URLs for Production, UAT and Development instances
- 2) Inspect whether the Development, UAT and Production environments are logically segregated

Risk

No segregation among development, UAT and production servers may lead to changes being developed / deployed directly into the production environments; which may in turn affect the operating effectiveness of the application controls.

Control Attributes–

• Development, UAT and Production environments are logically segregated



Common Observations -

1. There is no clear segregation between development and production servers.



Mitigation procedures-

1. Inspect the development and deployment logs for the changes to ascertain that the changes are developed and tested in non-production environments



PC 04 - Access to migration to the Production environment

Access to migrate changes into the production environment for systems and applications is restricted to authorized personnel

Change Management Policy



List of Developers & list of migrators

Data Required – (PBC)

- 1) Obtain system generated list of developers on development environment and users with the access to migrate the changes to production environment [IPE]
- 2) Evidence of changes in such access through the audit period and related authorization

Risk

Developers having access to both environments may misused to perform unauthorized changes.

Control Attributes–

Appropriate segregation of duties is maintained between developers and migrators



Common Observations -

1. Appropriate segregation of duties



Mitigation procedures-

1. Inspect the changes are approved prior moving into production environment



PC 04 - Access to migration to the Production environment

Access to migrate changes into the production environment for systems and applications is restricted to authorized personnel

Change Management Policy



List of Developers & list of migrators

Data Required – (PBC)

- 1) Obtain system generated list of developers on development environment and users with the access to migrate the changes to production environment [IPE]
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Risk

Developers having access to both environments may misused to perform unauthorized changes.

Control Attributes–

Appropriate segregation of duties is maintained betwo



Common Observations -

1. Appropriate segregation of duties



Mitigation procedures-

1. Inspect the changes are approved prior movir

What if devops environment is used and developers have been provided access to migration of code as well?

Many organizations utilize devops environment for development and implementation of changes. In such cases, developers may be provided access to production.

- Evaluate if the organization has implemented additional controls such as monitoring developer access to production, enabling time-based access for migration post approvals and/or enabling access through a privileged access management solution





Q G A





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