

The angle α is 30° in the example ($\pi/6$ in radian). The sine of α which is the height of the red line is

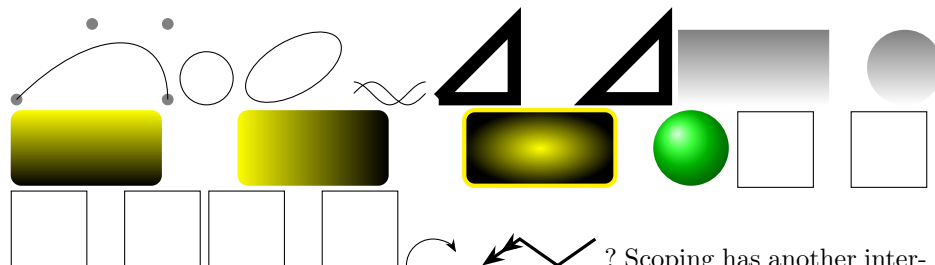
$$\sin \alpha = 1/2.$$

By the theorem of Pythagoras,...

Tutorial #2: Petri nets

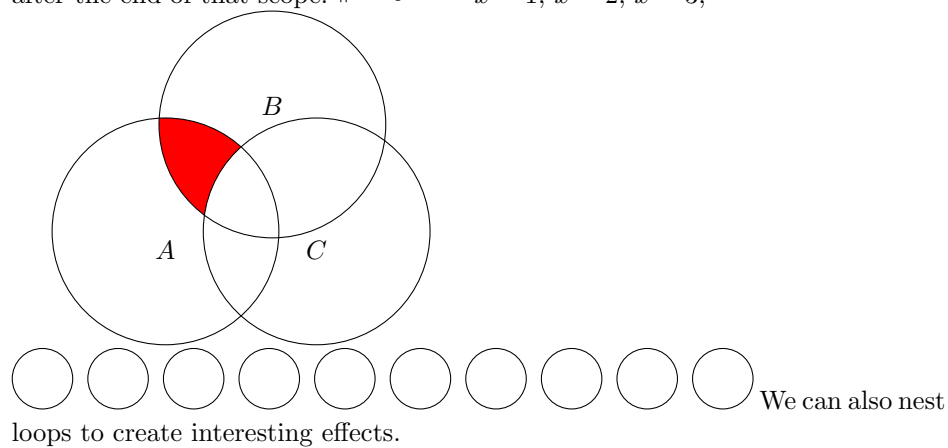


Curved Path Construction.



? Scoping has another interesting effect: Any changes to the clipping area are local to the scope. Thus, if you say `\clip` somewhere inside a scope, the effect of the `\clip` command ends

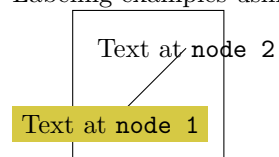
after the end of that scope.  $x = 1, x = 2, x = 3,$



loops to create interesting effects.

1,5	2,5	3,5	4,5	5,5	7,5	8,5	9,5	10,5	11,5	12,5
1,4	2,4	3,4	4,4	5,4	7,4	8,4	9,4	10,4	11,4	12,4
1,3	2,3	3,3	4,3	5,3	7,3	8,3	9,3	10,3	11,3	12,3
1,2	2,2	3,2	4,2	5,2	7,2	8,2	9,2	10,2	11,2	12,2
1,1	2,1	3,1	4,1	5,1	7,1	8,1	9,1	10,1	11,1	12,1

Labeling examples using TikZ.



You can also position labels on curves and, by adding the `sloped` option, have them rotated such that they match the line's slope.



Using `pics` to reuse a piece of code in a picture.

