NON-LINEAR MODELS FOR SUPERVISED LEARNING PROGRAMMING ASSIGNMENT 2

CSE 574

Group - 43

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Part 1: SENTIMENT ANALYSIS

Approach 1 – Word count vectorization

So we are given here to classify the movie reviews as positive or negative and we do so by comparing the frequency of each word to place it in positive or negative. Here, we are treating each word as a feature and give it a score so that we can refer to the impact of this word on the positivity of an unseen review based on this score.

Then we start by the sequence of reviews given to us and keep separating them whether it comes in positive or negative section. If more positive words, classified as positive else negative.

To check if a word is positive or negative while classifying unseen reviews, if it is greater than 0.02 then it is positive, if it is less than 0.02 then classified as negative and neutral otherwise. Thus, we observe a test accuracy of 79.4%.

Part 2: IMAGE CLASSIFICATION ON THE AI QUICK DRAW DATASET

Task 1 – Evaluation of 1 hidden layer neural network

We have seen many scenarios where we changed input layers, shidden unit layers and hidden layer dimension and using different activation functions. Some of the following combinations are shown here.

Epoch 1/500
100000/100000 [=============] - 11s 110us/step - loss: 3.1969 - accuracy: 0.6244
Epoch 2/500
100000/100000 [==============] - 14s 139us/step - loss: 1.4096 - accuracy: 0.6936
Epoch 3/500
100000/100000 [=============] - 13s 135us/step - loss: 1.3770 - accuracy: 0.7066
Epoch 4/500
100000/100000 [=============] - 13s 127us/step - loss: 1.3646 - accuracy: 0.7197
Epoch 5/500
100000/100000 [=============] - 12s 121us/step - loss: 1.3498 - accuracy: 0.7193
Epoch 6/500
100000/100000 [==============] - 11s 107us/step - loss: 1.3691 - accuracy: 0.7257
Epoch 7/500

100000/100000 [=============] - 14s
137us/step - loss: 1.3685 - accuracy: 0.7286
••••
Some of the best accuracies we got from the model-
Epoch 466/500
100000/100000 [==========] - 4s 38us/step - loss: 0.7812 - accuracy: 0.7903
Epoch 467/500
100000/100000 [==========] - 4s 39us/step - loss: 0.7870 - accuracy: 0.7904
Epoch 468/500
100000/100000 [==========] - 4s 38us/step - loss: 0.7982 - accuracy: 0.7900
Epoch 469/500
100000/100000 [==========] - 4s 38us/step - loss: 0.7770 - accuracy: 0.7904
Epoch 470/500
100000/100000 [===========] - 4s 38us/step - loss: 0.7840 - accuracy: 0.7901
Epoch 471/500
100000/100000 [===========] - 4s 40us/step - loss: 0.7815 - accuracy: 0.7900

Task 2: Evaluation of 3 or 5 hidden layers neural network

For comparing, increasing the hidden layer to 3 gives the following output:

Epoch 1/500
100000/100000 [=============] - 11s 110us/step - loss: 3.1969 - accuracy: 0.5244
Epoch 2/500
100000/100000 [=============] - 14s 139us/step - loss: 1.4096 - accuracy: 0.5936
Epoch 3/500
100000/100000 [=============] - 13s 135us/step - loss: 1.3770 - accuracy: 0.6066
Epoch 4/500
100000/100000 [==============] - 13s 127us/step - loss: 1.3646 - accuracy: 0.6297
Epoch 497/500
100000/100000 [==========] - 4s 43us/step - loss: 0.7893 - accuracy: 0.7882
Epoch 498/500
100000/100000 [============] - 4s

```
Epoch 499/500
100000/100000 [=========] - 4s
40us/step - loss: 0.7755 - accuracy: 0.7885
```

Epoch 500/500

```
100000/100000 [=======] - 4s
41us/step - loss: 0.8015 - accuracy: 0.7864
```

From above results we can see that changing the input dimension accuracies does not show much of variation and running-time. However, if we compare our accuracies with one hidden layer accuracy remains somewhat near to it but decreases as epochs come near to 500 and running time increases by significant amount.

Now, we increase the number of hidden layers to five, and fit the model using 500 epochs. The results are as follows:

And subsequently increasing to 5 layers it gives:

```
Epoch 1/500

100000/100000 [==========] - 22s
224us/step - loss: 1.1491 - accuracy: 0.7812

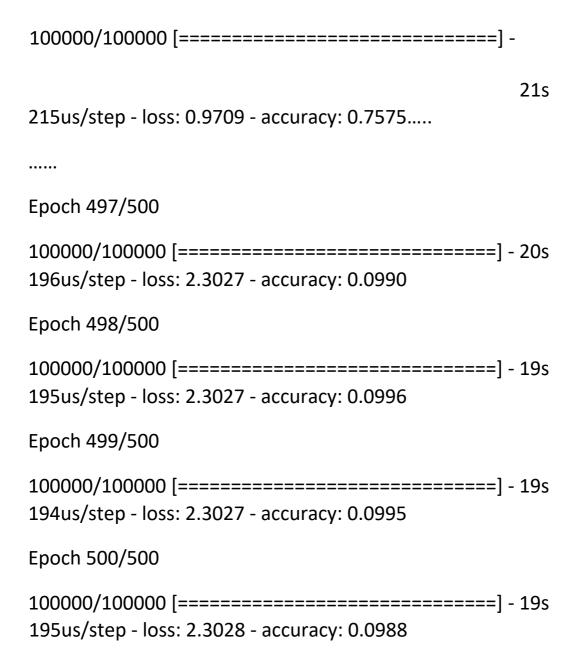
Epoch 2/500

100000/100000 [========] - 20s
197us/step - loss: 0.8512 - accuracy: 0.7767

Epoch 3/500

100000/100000 [==========] - 21s
212us/step - loss: 0.8645 - accuracy: 0.7804
```

Epoch 4/500



Adding two more layers did not make a huge difference but increased the running time by a lot of factor and reduction effect on accuracy as it got very much reduced.

Task 3: Evaluation of 1 hidden layer neural network with lower resolution images

We now compare our results from task 1, with original image resolution: (28×28) with the results obtained using lower resolution images.

```
100000/100000 [===========] - - accuracy: 0.
```

Resolution: (20×20)

Fitting and evaluating the model using 500 epochs, generates the following results.

```
epoch 1/500
52us/step - loss: 2.2900 - accuracy: 0.7711
Epoch 2/500
51us/step - loss: 0.9047 - accuracy: 0.7790
Epoch 3/500
47us/step - loss: 0.8831 - accuracy: 0.7788
Epoch 4/500
48us/step - loss: 0.8418 - accuracy: 0.7887
Epoch 5/500
49us/step - loss: 0.8408 - accuracy: 0.7925
Epoch 6/500
46us/step - loss: 0.8504 - accuracy: 0.7918......
Epoch 497/500
54us/step - loss: 2.3417 - accuracy: 0.7964
Epoch 498/500
61us/step - loss: 2.3782 - accuracy: 0.7933
```

Epoch 499/500 100000/100000 [========] - 6s 58us/step - loss: 2.2955 - accuracy: 0.7973 Epoch 500/500 6s

62us/step loss: 2.3774 7980

On comparing, we can see that the accuracies over time of 500 epochs remain almost near to one another not making a big difference. The running time is somewhat lower with not big difference so the accuracy remains the same .

Resolution: (15 \times 15) Lowering the resolution to (15 \times 15) and fitting and evaluating the model using 500 epochs yields the following results.

```
Epoch 1/500

100000/100000 [============] - 5s

53us/step - loss: 2.1395 - accuracy: 0.7765

Epoch 2/500

100000/100000 [=========] - 5s

52us/step - loss: 0.8925 - accuracy: 0.7798

Epoch 3/500

100000/100000 [=============] - 5s

50us/step - loss: 0.8415 - accuracy: 0.7799

Epoch 4/500

100000/100000 [==============] - 5s

50us/step - loss: 0.8401 - accuracy: 0.7803

Epoch 5/500

100000/100000 [==============] - 5s

52us/step - loss: 0.8585 - accuracy: 0.7802.......
```

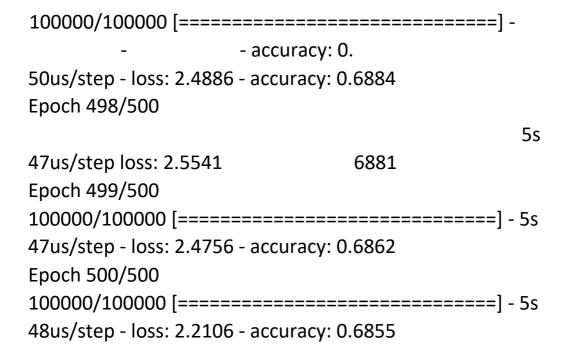
Epoch 497/500

100000/100000 [====	=======] -	-
-	- accuracy: 0.	
100000/100000 [=====	========] -	- 5s
53us/step - loss: 2.2433	- accuracy: 0.7926	
Epoch 498/500		
100000/100000 [=====	=========] -	- 5s
46us/step - loss: 2.4200	- accuracy: 0.7941	
Epoch 499/500		

100000/100000 [====		
-	- accuracy: 0.	
		5s
50us/step loss: 2.3233	7952	
Epoch 500/500		
100000/100000 [=====	:=========] - 5	S
52us/step - loss: 2.2818	3 - accuracy: 0.7983	
Here, there's no signific running time from the 2	cant decrease in the accuracies and 20×20 .	the t

Resolution: (10 \times 10) We further lower the resolution to (10 \times 10). The model is then fitted and evaluated using 500 epochs, which generates the following results.

```
Epoch 1/500
100000/100000 [============ ] - 6s
60us/step - loss: 2.1780 - accuracy: 0.7684
Epoch 2/500
52us/step - loss: 0.8687 - accuracy: 0.7644
Epoch 3/500
49us/step - loss: 0.7910 - accuracy: 0.7612
Epoch 4/500
55us/step - loss: 0.7653 - accuracy: 0.7580
Epoch 5/500
50us/step - loss: 0.7465 - accuracy: 0.7564.....
Epoch 497/500
```



Here, we can imply that we have lowered the resolution a lot more times so the running time starts decreasing and the accuracies start decreasing.

Resolution: (5×5) We finally lower the resolution down to (5×5) . The model when fitted and evaluated using 500 epochs yields the following results.

```
Epoch 1/500
100000/100000 [==========] - 5s
50us/step - loss: 2.2370 - accuracy: 0.7908
Epoch 2/500
100000/100000 [==========] - 5s
46us/step - loss: 0.9070 - accuracy: 0.7785
Epoch 3/500
100000/100000 [============] - 5s
46us/step - loss: 0.8628 - accuracy: 0.7778
Epoch 4/500
100000/100000 [=============] - 5s
49us/step - loss: 0.8665 - accuracy: 0.7774.......
```

.....

Epoch 497/500
100000/100000 [===========] - 5s
45us/step - loss: 2.2641 - accuracy: 0.4485
Epoch 498/500
100000/100000 [================================
46us/step - loss: 2.3682 - accuracy: 0.4457
Epoch 499/500
100000/100000 [================================
48us/step - loss: 2.1550 - accuracy: 0.4436
Epoch 500/500
100000/100000 [============] - 5s
46us/step - loss: 2.2729 - accuracy: 0.4402

The running time decreases and accuracies also decreases on greater note.

Conclusion:

Taking account, the results from above we can analyze that increasing the number of hidden layers much more than the sufficient number of layers will cause accuracy in the test set to decrease. It will cause the network to overfit to the training set, that is, it will learn the data, but it won't be able to generalize to new unseen data. We can definitely lower the resolution of the image in order to reduce the running time a little. As mentioned it should be noted that fitting the model using 500 epochs increases the accuracies for most times and running time also increases. Therefore, model should be used very wisely to accustom the balance between accuracy and running time.

100000/100000 [===========] - - accuracy: 0.