Information Gathering - Infra - Lab Scanning and OS Fingerprinting | Sonael de A. Angelos Neto

Introdução

O objetivo deste documento é apresentar uma metodologia para a coleta de informações sobre a infraestrutura de TI do Lab Scanning and OS Fingerprinting da plataforma INE, com o intuito de identificar vulnerabilidades e pontos de ataque.

Metodologia

Para identificar o sistema operacional da máquina que estamos utilizando e sua versão utilizamos o comando cat /etc/os-release cuja saída foi:

```
root@INE:~# cat /etc/os-release
PRETTY_NAME="Kali GNU/Linux Rolling"
NAME="Kali GNU/Linux"
ID=kali
VERSION="2021.4"
VERSION_ID="2021.4"
VERSION_CODENAME="kali-rolling"
ID_LIKE=debian
ANSI_COLOR="1;31"
HOME_URL="https://www.kali.org/"
SUPPORT_URL="https://forums.kali.org/"
BUG_REPORT_URL="https://bugs.kali.org/"
```

Para checar quais interfaces de rede estão ativas no Lab Scanning and OS Fingerprinting, foi utilizado o comando ifconfig no terminal do Kali Linux. O resultado foi o seguinte:

```
root@INE:~# ifconfig
eth0: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
    inet 10.1.0.9 netmask 255.255.0.0 broadcast 10.1.255.255
    ether 02:42:0a:01:00:09 txqueuelen 0 (Ethernet)
    RX packets 1445 bytes 150726 (147.1 KiB)
    RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
    TX packets 1281 bytes 2794702 (2.6 MiB)
    TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0

eth1: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
    inet 192.221.161.2 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.221.161.255
    ether 02:42:c0:dd:a1:02 txqueuelen 0 (Ethernet)
    RX packets 17 bytes 1486 (1.4 KiB)
    RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
    TX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
    TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
```

```
lo: flags=73<UP,L00PBACK,RUNNING> mtu 65536
    inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0
    loop txqueuelen 1000 (Local Loopback)
    RX packets 4152 bytes 11920270 (11.3 MiB)
    RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
    TX packets 4152 bytes 11920270 (11.3 MiB)
    TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
```

através desse output, podemos identificar que existem duas interfaces de rede ativas, a eth0 e a eth1. as duas interfaces apresentam endereços IP.

Para esse laboratório, focaremos na interface eth1.

How many machines are there?

Para identificar quantas máquinas estão ativas no Lab Scanning and OS Fingerprinting, utilizamos o comando nmap -sn 192.221.161.2 (-sn (No port scan)) que nos retorna o seguinte resultado:

```
root@INE:~# nmap -sn 192.221.161.2
Starting Nmap 7.92 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2022-11-21 05:50 IST
Nmap scan report for INE (192.221.161.2)
Host is up.
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 0.00 seconds
root@INE:~# nmap -sn 192.221.161.2/24
Starting Nmap 7.92 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2022-11-21 05:50 IST
Nmap scan report for DNS-192-221-161-1.SanJose1.Level3.net (192.221.161.1)
Host is up (0.000097s latency).
MAC Address: 02:42:9B:57:AE:55 (Unknown)
Nmap scan report for pcl.ine.local (192.221.161.3)
Host is up (0.00013s latency).
MAC Address: 02:42:C0:DD:A1:03 (Unknown)
Nmap scan report for pc2.ine.local (192.221.161.4)
Host is up (0.000034s latency).
MAC Address: 02:42:C0:DD:A1:04 (Unknown)
Nmap scan report for pc3.ine.local (192.221.161.5)
Host is up (0.000029s latency).
MAC Address: 02:42:C0:DD:A1:05 (Unknown)
Nmap scan report for pc4.ine.local (192.221.161.6)
Host is up (0.000038s latency).
MAC Address: 02:42:C0:DD:A1:06 (Unknown)
Nmap scan report for INE (192.221.161.2)
Host is up.
Nmap done: 256 IP addresses (6 hosts up) scanned in 2.05 seconds
```

Através do resultado, podemos identificar que existem 6 máquinas ativas nesse lab.

What ports are open on pc1.ine.local machine?

Para identificar quais portas estão abertas na máquina pc1.ine.local, utilizamos o comando nmap -p-pc1.ine.local, onde "-p-" faz uma varredura nas 65.536 possíveis portas abertas retornando o seguinte resultado:

```
root@INE:~# nmap -p- pc1.ine.local
Starting Nmap 7.92 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2022-11-21 06:00 IST
Nmap scan report for pc1.ine.local (192.221.161.3)
Host is up (0.000012s latency).
Not shown: 65532 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT STATE SERVICE
80/tcp open http
443/tcp open https
3306/tcp open mysql
MAC Address: 02:42:C0:DD:A1:03 (Unknown)

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 1.66 seconds
```

a máquina pc1.ine.local possui 3 portas abertas.

Portas	Serviços	Status
80/tcp	http	open
443/tcp	https	open
3306/tcp	mysql	open

What OS is running on machine pc1.ine.local machine?

Para identificar qual sistema operacional está sendo executado na máquina pc1.ine.local, utilizamos o comando nmap -0 pc1.ine.local, onde "-0" faz uma varredura no sistema operacional da máquina retornando o seguinte resultado:

```
root@INE:~# nmap -0 pc1.ine.local
Starting Nmap 7.92 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2022-11-21 06:07 IST
Nmap scan report for pc1.ine.local (192.221.161.3)
Host is up (0.000044s latency).
Not shown: 997 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT STATE SERVICE
80/tcp open http
443/tcp open https
3306/tcp open mysql
MAC Address: 02:42:C0:DD:A1:03 (Unknown)
Device type: general purpose
Running: Linux 4.X|5.X
```

```
OS CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:4 cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:5
OS details: Linux 4.15 - 5.6
Network Distance: 1 hop

OS detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 1.82 seconds
```

Através do resultado, podemos identificar que o sistema operacional da máquina pc1.ine.local é o Linux 4.15 - 5.6.

What services are running on pc2.ine.local machine?

Primeiramente identificamos quais portas estão abertas na máquina pc2.ine.local através do comando nmap -p- pc2.ine.local, fazendo uma varredura de todas a portas possíveis abertas, retornando o seguinte resultado:

Através do resultado, podemos identificar que a máquina pc2.ine.local possui apenas uma porta aberta, a porta 27017/tcp que é o serviço mongod.

What is the version of the FTP server running on one of the machines?

Para identificar a versão do serviço FTP que está sendo executado em uma das máquinas, utilizamos o comando nmap -sV -p21 192.221.161.2/24 --open, onde "-sV" faz uma varredura na versão do serviço, "-p 21" especifica a porta 21 para que ocorra a varredura, \24 para que o scan ocorra em todos os 256 host da rede e o --open filtra as portas abertas, retornando o seguinte resultado:

```
root@INE:~# nmap -sV -p21 192.221.161.1/24 --open
Starting Nmap 7.92 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2022-11-21 06:24 IST
Nmap scan report for pc4.ine.local (192.221.161.6)
Host is up (0.000020s latency).
```

```
PORT STATE SERVICE VERSION
21/tcp open ftp vsftpd 3.0.3
MAC Address: 02:42:C0:DD:A1:06 (Unknown)
Service Info: OS: Unix

Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .

Nmap done: 256 IP addresses (6 hosts up) scanned in 2.61 seconds
```

Através do resultado, podemos identificar que a versão do serviço FTP que está sendo executado na máquina pc4.ine.local é a vsftpd 3.0.3.

• A caching server is also running on one of the machines. What is the domain name of that machine?

Para identificar qual máquina está rodando um servidor de cache, utilizamos o comando nmap -p-192.221.161.1,2,3,4,5,6, fazendo assim uma varredura em todas as portas dos hosts ativos da rede, retornando o seguinte resultado:

```
root@INE:~# nmap -p- 192.221.161.1,2,3,4,5,6
Starting Nmap 7.92 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2022-11-21 06:32 IST
Nmap scan report for DNS-192-221-161-1.SanJose1.Level3.net (192.221.161.1)
Host is up (0.0000090s latency).
Not shown: 65530 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT
        STATE
                 SERVICE
22/tcp
         open
80/tcp
         filtered http
443/tcp filtered https
25555/tcp open
                 unknown
29999/tcp open
                  bingbang
MAC Address: 02:42:9B:57:AE:55 (Unknown)
Nmap scan report for pcl.ine.local (192.221.161.3)
Host is up (0.000014s latency).
Not shown: 65532 closed tcp ports (reset)
        STATE SERVICE
PORT
80/tcp
        open http
443/tcp open https
3306/tcp open mysql
MAC Address: 02:42:C0:DD:A1:03 (Unknown)
Nmap scan report for pc2.ine.local (192.221.161.4)
Host is up (0.000013s latency).
Not shown: 65534 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT
         STATE SERVICE
27017/tcp open mongod
MAC Address: 02:42:C0:DD:A1:04 (Unknown)
```

```
Nmap scan report for pc3.ine.local (192.221.161.5)
Host is up (0.000013s latency).
Not shown: 65534 closed tcp ports (reset)
         STATE SERVICE
PORT
11211/tcp open memcache
MAC Address: 02:42:C0:DD:A1:05 (Unknown)
Nmap scan report for pc4.ine.local (192.221.161.6)
Host is up (0.000014s latency).
Not shown: 65534 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT
      STATE SERVICE
21/tcp open ftp
MAC Address: 02:42:C0:DD:A1:06 (Unknown)
Nmap scan report for INE (192.221.161.2)
Host is up (0.0000070s latency).
Not shown: 65532 closed tcp ports (reset)
         STATE SERVICE
PORT
3389/tcp open ms-wbt-server
5910/tcp open cm
45654/tcp open unknown
Nmap done: 6 IP addresses (6 hosts up) scanned in 8.32 seconds
```

Através do resultado, podemos identificar que a máquina pc3.ine.local está rodando um servidor de cache mencache, pois a porta 11211/tcp está aberta.

• A NoSQL database and SQL database services are running on different machines. Can we use Nmap scripts to extract some information from those?

Pelo scan feito anteriormente podemos identificar que a maquina pc1.ine.local (192.221.161.3) está rodando o MYSQL na porta 3306/tcp e a maquina pc2.ine.local (192.221.161.4) está rodando o MongoDB na porta 27017/tcp.

```
root@INE:~# nmap -p- 192.221.161.3,4
Starting Nmap 7.92 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2022-11-21 06:43 IST
Nmap scan report for pc1.ine.local (192.221.161.3)
Host is up (0.000012s latency).
Not shown: 65532 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT STATE SERVICE
80/tcp open http
443/tcp open https
3306/tcp open mysql
MAC Address: 02:42:C0:DD:A1:03 (Unknown)

Nmap scan report for pc2.ine.local (192.221.161.4)
Host is up (0.000012s latency).
Not shown: 65534 closed tcp ports (reset)
```

```
PORT STATE SERVICE
27017/tcp open mongod
MAC Address: 02:42:C0:DD:A1:04 (Unknown)

Nmap done: 2 IP addresses (2 hosts up) scanned in 2.60 seconds
```

Para extrair informações do MYSQL podemos utilizar o script mysql-* e para extrair informações do MongoDB podemos utilizar o script mongodb-info.

```
root@INE:~# nmap -p27017 --script=mongodb-info pc2.ine.local | more
Starting Nmap 7.92 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2022-11-21 06:48 IST
Nmap scan report for pc2.ine.local (192.221.161.4)
Host is up (0.000083s latency).
PORT
          STATE SERVICE
27017/tcp open mongodb
| mongodb-info:
   MongoDB Build info
      versionArray
        2 = 3
        1 = 6
        0 = 3
        3 = 0
      debug = false
      javascriptEngine = mozjs
      sysInfo = deprecated
      maxBsonObjectSize = 16777216
      storageEngines
        2 = mmapv1
        1 = ephemeralForTest
        0 = devnull
        3 = wiredTiger
      bits = 64
      openss1
        compiled = OpenSSL 1.1.0g 2 Nov 2017
        running = OpenSSL 1.1.0g 2 Nov 2017
      buildEnvironment
        target_os = linux
```

```
|_mysql-vuln-cve2012-2122: ERROR: Script execution failed (use -d to debug)
| mysql-enum:
| Accounts: No valid accounts found
| Statistics: Performed 5 guesses in 1 seconds, average tps: 5.0
|_ ERROR: Host 'INE' is blocked because of many connection errors; unblock with 'mysqladmin flush-hosts'
|_mysql-empty-password: Host 'INE' is blocked because of many connection errors; unblock with 'mysqladmin flush-hosts'
| mysql-brute:
| Accounts: No valid accounts found
|_ Statistics: Performed 50009 guesses in 12 seconds, average tps: 4167.4
MAC Address: 02:42:C0:DD:A1:03 (Unknown)
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 12.54 seconds
```

Conclusão

Neste laboratório, aprendemos a utilizar o Nmap para realizar um scan de portas em uma rede, identificar serviços rodando em uma máquina e extrair informações de serviços específicos.